



GUARDIANSM

**YOUR GROUP INSURANCE
PLAN BENEFITS**

SIGHT & SOUND THEATRES

CLASS 0001

AD&D, OPTIONAL LIFE, DENTAL, LTD, LIFE, STD, VISION, VOLUNTARY AD&D

The enclosed certificate is intended to explain the benefits provided by the Plan. It does not constitute the Policy Contract. Your rights and benefits are determined in accordance with the provisions of the Policy, and your insurance is effective only if you are eligible for insurance and remain insured in accordance with its terms.

CERTIFICATE OF COVERAGE

The Guardian

7 Hanover Square
New York, New York 10004

We, The Guardian, certify that the employee named below is entitled to the insurance benefits provided by The Guardian described in this certificate, provided the eligibility and effective date requirements of the plan are satisfied.

Group Policy No.	Certificate No.	Effective Date
Issued To		

This CERTIFICATE OF COVERAGE replaces any CERTIFICATE OF COVERAGE previously issued under the above Plan or under any other Plan providing similar or identical benefits issued to the Planholder by The Guardian.

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Stuart J Shaw
Vice President, Risk Mgt. & Chief Actuary

CGP-3-R-STK-90-3

B110.0023

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GENERAL PROVISIONS

As used in this booklet:

"Accident and health" means any dental, dismemberment, hospital, long term disability, major medical, out-of-network point-of-service, prescription drug, surgical, vision care or weekly loss-of-time insurance provided by this *plan*.

"Covered person" means an *employee* or a dependent insured by this *plan*.

"Employer" means the *employer* who purchased this *plan*.

"Our," "The Guardian," "us" and "we" mean The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America.

"Plan" means the Guardian *plan* of group insurance purchased by your *employer*.

"You" and "your" mean an *employee* insured by this *plan*.

CGP-3-R-GENPRO-90

B160.0002

Limitation of Authority

No person, except by a writing signed by the President, a Vice President or a Secretary of The Guardian, has the authority to act for us to: (a) determine whether any contract, plan or certificate of insurance is to be issued; (b) waive or alter any provisions of any insurance contract or plan, or any requirements of The Guardian; (c) bind us by any statement or promise relating to any insurance contract issued or to be issued; or (d) accept any information or representation which is not in a signed application.

CGP-3-R-LOA-90

B160.0004

Incontestability

This *plan* is incontestable after two years from its date of issue, except for non-payment of premiums.

No statement in any application, except a fraudulent statement, made by a person insured under this *plan* shall be used in contesting the validity of his insurance or in denying a claim for a loss incurred, or for a disability which starts, after such insurance has been in force for two years during his lifetime.

If this *plan* replaces a plan your *employer* had with another insurer, we may rescind the *employer's plan* based on misrepresentations made by the *employer* or an *employee* in a signed application for up to two years from the effective date of this *plan*.

CGP-3-R-INCY-90

B160.0003

Examination and Autopsy

We have the right to have a *doctor* of our choice examine the person for whom a claim is being made under this *plan* as often as we feel necessary. And we have the right to have an autopsy performed in the case of death, where allowed by law. We'll pay for all such examinations and autopsies.

CGP-3-R-EA-90

B160.0006

Accident and Health Claims Provisions

Your right to make a claim for any *accident and health* benefits provided by this *plan*, is governed as follows:

Notice You must send us written notice of an *injury* or *sickness* for which a claim is being made within 20 days of the date the *injury* occurs or the *sickness* starts. This notice should include your name and *plan* number. If the claim is being made for one of your *covered dependents*, his or her name should also be noted.

Proof of Loss We'll furnish you with forms for filing proof of loss within 15 days of receipt of notice. But if we don't furnish the forms on time, we'll accept a written description and adequate documentation of the *injury* or *sickness* that is the basis of the claim as proof of loss. You must detail the nature and extent of the loss for which the claim is being made. You must send us written proof within 90 days of the loss.

If this plan provides weekly loss-of-time insurance, you must send us written proof of loss within 90 days of the end of each period for which we're liable. If this plan provides long term disability income insurance, you must send us written proof of loss within 90 days of the date we request it. For any other loss, you must send us written proof within 90 days of the loss.

Late Notice of Proof We won't void or reduce your claim if you can't send us notice and proof of loss within the required time. But you must send us notice and proof as soon as reasonably possible.

Payment of Benefits We'll pay benefits for loss of income once every 30 days for as long as we're liable, provided you submit periodic written proof of loss as stated above. We'll pay all other *accident and health* benefits to which you're entitled as soon as we receive written proof of loss.

We pay all *accident and health* benefits to you, if you're living. If you're not living, we have the right to pay all *accident and health* benefits, except dismemberment benefits, to one of the following: (a) your estate; (b) your spouse; (c) your parents; (d) your children; (e) your brothers and sisters; and (f) any unpaid provider of health care services. See "Your Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefits" for how dismemberment benefits are paid.

When you file proof of loss, you may direct us, in writing, to pay health care benefits to the recognized provider of health care who provided the covered service for which benefits became payable. We may honor such direction at our option. But we can't tell you that a particular provider must provide such care. And you may not assign your right to take legal action under this *plan* to such provider.

Accident and Health Claims Provisions (Cont.)

Limitations of Actions You can't bring a legal action against this *plan* until 60 days from the date you file proof of loss. And you can't bring legal action against this *plan* after three years from the date you file proof of loss.

Workers' Compensation The *accident and health* benefits provided by this *plan* are not in place of, and do not affect requirements for coverage by Workers' Compensation.

CGP-3-R-AHC-90

B160.0005

An Important Notice About Continuation Rights

The following "Federal Continuation Rights" section may not apply to the employer's plan. The employee must contact his employer to find out if: (a) the employer is subject to the "Federal Continuation Rights" section, and therefore; (b) the section applies to the employee.

CGP-3-R-NCC-87

B240.0064

YOUR CONTINUATION RIGHTS

Federal Continuation Rights

Important Notice This section applies only to any dental, out-of-network point-of-service medical, major medical, prescription drug or vision coverages which are part of this plan. In this section, these coverages are referred to as "group health benefits."

This section does not apply to any coverages which apply to loss of life, or to loss of income due to disability. These coverages can not be continued under this section.

Under this section, "qualified continuee" means any person who, on the day before any event which would qualify him or her for continuation under this section, is covered for group health benefits under this plan as: (a) a covered active employee or qualified retiree; (b) the spouse of a covered active employee or qualified retiree; or (c) the dependent child of a covered active employee or qualified retiree. A child born to, or adopted by, the covered active employee or qualified retiree during a continuation period is also a qualified continuee. Any other person who becomes covered under this plan during a continuation provided by this section is not a qualified continuee.

Conversion Continuing the group health benefits does not stop a qualified continuee from converting some of these benefits when continuation ends. But, conversion will be based on any applicable conversion privilege provisions of this plan in force at the time the continuation ends.

If Your Group Health Benefits End If your group health benefits end due to your termination of employment or reduction of work hours, you may elect to continue such benefits for up to 18 months, if you were not terminated due to gross misconduct.

The continuation: (a) may cover you or any other qualified continuee; and (b) is subject to "When Continuation Ends".

Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees If a qualified continuee is determined to be disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the Social Security Act on or during the first 60 days after the date his or her group health benefits would otherwise end due to your termination of employment or reduction of work hours, and such disability lasts at least until the end of the 18 month period of continuation coverage, he or she or any member of that person's family who is a qualified continuee may elect to extend his or her 18 month continuation period explained above for up to an extra 11 months.

To elect the extra 11 months of continuation, a qualified continuee must give your employer written proof of Social Security's determination of the disabled qualified continuee's disability as described in "The Qualified Continuee's Responsibilities". If, during this extra 11 month continuation period, the qualified continuee is determined to be no longer disabled under the Social Security Act, he or she must notify your employer within 30 days of such determination, and continuation will end, as explained in "When Continuation Ends."

This extra 11 month continuation is subject to "When Continuation Ends".

Federal Continuation Rights (Cont.)

An additional 50% of the total premium charge also may be required from all qualified continuees who are members of the disabled qualified continuee's family by your employer during this extra 11 month continuation period, provided the disabled qualified continuee has extended coverage.

Special Continuance for Retired Employees and their Dependents

If your group health benefits end due to a bankruptcy proceeding under Title 11 of the United States Code involving the employer, you may elect to continue such benefits, provided that:

- (a) you are or become a retired employee on or before the date group health benefits end; and
- (b) you and your dependents were covered for group health benefits under this plan on the day before the bankruptcy proceeding under Title 11 of the United States Code.

The continuation can last for your lifetime. After your death, the continuation period for a dependent can last for up to 36 months.

For purposes of this special continuance, a substantial elimination of coverage for you and your dependents within one year before or after the start of such proceeding will be considered loss of coverage.

If you die before the bankruptcy proceeding under Title 11 of the United States Code, your surviving spouse and dependent children may elect to continue group health benefits on their own behalf, provided they were covered on the day before such proceedings. The continuation can last for your surviving spouse's lifetime.

This special continuance starts on the later of: (a) the date of the proceeding under Title 11; or (b) the day after the date group health benefits would have ended. It ends as described in "When Continuation Ends", except that a person's entitlement to Medicare will not end such continuance.

CGP-3-R-COBRA-96-1

B235.0162

If You Die While Insured

If you die while insured, any qualified continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to "When Continuation Ends".

CGP-3-R-COBRA-96-2

B235.0075

If Your Marriage Ends

If your marriage ends due to legal divorce or legal separation, any qualified continuee whose group health benefits would otherwise end may elect to continue such benefits. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to "When Continuation Ends".

If a Dependent Child Loses Eligibility

If a dependent child's group health benefits end due to his or her loss of dependent eligibility as defined in this plan, other than your coverage ending, he or she may elect to continue such benefits. However, such dependent child must be a qualified continuee. The continuation can last for up to 36 months, subject to "When Continuation Ends".

Federal Continuation Rights (Cont.)

Concurrent Continuations	If a dependent elects to continue his or her group health benefits due to your termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the dependent may elect to extend his or her 18 month or 29 month continuation period to up to 36 months, if during the 18 month or 29 month continuation period, the dependent becomes eligible for 36 months of continuation due to any of the reasons stated above. The 36 month continuation period starts on the date the 18 month continuation period started, and the two continuation periods will be deemed to have run concurrently.
Special Medicare Rule	If you become entitled to Medicare before a termination of employment or reduction of work hours, a special rule applies for a dependent. The continuation period for a dependent, after your later termination of employment or reduction of work hours, will be the longer of: (a) 18 months (29 months if there is a disability extension) from your termination of employment or reduction of work hours; or (b) 36 months from the date of your earlier entitlement to Medicare. If Medicare entitlement occurs more than 18 months before termination of employment or reduction of work hours, this special Medicare rule does not apply.
The Qualified Continuee's Responsibilities	A person eligible for continuation under this section must notify your employer, in writing, of: (a) your legal divorce or legal separation from your spouse; (b) the loss of dependent eligibility, as defined in this plan, of an insured dependent child; (c) a second event that would qualify a person for continuation coverage after a qualified continuee has become entitled to continuation with a maximum of 18 or 29 months; (d) a determination by the Social Security Administration that a qualified continuee entitled to receive continuation with a maximum of 18 months has become disabled during the first 60 days of such continuation; and (e) a determination by the Social Security Administration that a qualified continuee is no longer disabled. Notice of an event that would qualify a person for continuation under this section must be given to your employer by a qualified continuee within 60 days of the latest of: (a) the date on which an event that would qualify a person for continuation under this section occurs; (b) the date on which the qualified continuee loses (or would lose) coverage under this plan as a result of the event; or (c) the date the qualified continuee is informed of the responsibility to provide notice to your employer and this plan's procedures for providing such notice. Notice of a disability determination must be given to your employer by a qualified continuee within 60 days of the latest of: (a) the date of the Social Security Administration determination; (b) the date of the event that would qualify a person for continuation; (c) the date the qualified continuee loses or would lose coverage; or (d) the date the qualified continuee is informed of the responsibility to provide notice to your employer and this plan's procedures for providing such notice. But such notice must be given before the end of the first 18 months of continuation coverage.

Federal Continuation Rights (Cont.)

Your Employer's Responsibilities

A qualified continuee must be notified, in writing, of: (a) his or her right to continue this plan's group health benefits; (b) the premium he or she must pay to continue such benefits; and (c) the times and manner in which such payments must be made.

Your employer must give notice of the following qualifying events to the plan administrator within 30 days of the event: (a) your death; (b) termination of employment (other than for gross misconduct) or reduction in hours of employment; (c) Medicare entitlement; or (d) if you are a retired employee, a bankruptcy proceeding under Title 11 of the United States Code with respect to the employer. Upon receipt of notice of a qualifying event from your employer or from a qualified continuee, the plan administrator must notify a qualified continuee of the right to continue this plan's group health benefits no later than 14 days after receipt of notice.

If your employer is also the plan administrator, in the case of a qualifying event for which an employer must give notice to a plan administrator, your employer must provide notice to a qualified continuee of the right to continue this plan's group health benefits within 44 days of the qualifying event.

If your employer determines that an individual is not eligible for continued group health benefits under this plan, they must notify the individual with an explanation of why such coverage is not available. This notice must be provided within the time frame described above.

If a qualified continuee's continued group health benefits under this plan are cancelled prior to the maximum continuation period, your employer must notify the qualified continuee as soon as practical following determination that the continued group health benefits shall terminate.

Your Employer's Liability

Your employer will be liable for the qualified continuee's continued group health benefits to the same extent as, and in place of, us, if: (a) he or she fails to remit a qualified continuee's timely premium payment to us on time, thereby causing the qualified continuee's continued group health benefits to end; or (b) he or she fails to notify the qualified continuee of his or her continuation rights, as described above.

Election of Continuation

To continue his or her group health benefits, the qualified continuee must give your employer written notice that he or she elects to continue. This must be done by the later of: (a) 60 days from the date a qualified continuee receives notice of his or her continuation rights from your employer as described above; or (b) the date coverage would otherwise end. And the qualified continuee must pay his or her first premium in a timely manner.

The subsequent premiums must be paid to your employer, by the qualified continuee, in advance, at the times and in the manner specified by your employer. No further notice of when premiums are due will be given.

The premium will be the total rate which would have been charged for the group health benefits had the qualified continuee stayed insured under the group plan on a regular basis. It includes any amount that would have been paid by your employer. Except as explained in "Extra Continuation for Disabled Qualified Continuees", an additional charge of two percent of the total premium charge may also be required by your employer.

Federal Continuation Rights (Cont.)

If the qualified continuee fails to give your employer notice of his or her intent to continue, or fails to pay any required premiums in a timely manner, he or she waives his or her continuation rights.

Grace in Payment of Premiums A qualified continuee's premium payment is timely if, with respect to the first payment after the qualified continuee elects to continue, such payment is made no later than 45 days after such election. In all other cases, such premium payment is timely if it is made within 31 days of the specified due date. If timely payment is made to the plan in an amount that is not significantly less than the amount the plan requires to be paid for the period of coverage, then the amount paid is deemed to satisfy the requirement for the premium that must be paid; unless your employer notifies the qualified continuee of the amount of the deficiency and grants an additional 30 days for payment of the deficiency to be made. Payment is calculated to be made on the date on which it is sent to your employer.

When Continuation Ends A qualified continuee's continued group health benefits end on the first of the following:

- (1) with respect to continuation upon your termination of employment or reduction of work hours, the end of the 18 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
- (2) with respect to a qualified continuee who has an additional 11 months of continuation due to disability, the earlier of: (a) the end of the 29 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end; or (b) the first day of the month which coincides with or next follows the date which is 30 days after the date on which a final determination is made that the disabled qualified continuee is no longer disabled under Title II or Title XVI of the Social Security Act;
- (3) with respect to continuation upon your death, your legal divorce, or legal separation, or the end of an insured dependent's eligibility, the end of the 36 month period which starts on the date the group health benefits would otherwise end;
- (4) the date the employer ceases to provide any group health plan to any employee;
- (5) the end of the period for which the last premium payment is made;
- (6) the date, after the date of election, he or she becomes covered under any other group health plan which does not contain any pre-existing condition exclusion or limitation affecting him or her; or
- (7) the date, after the date of election, he or she becomes entitled to Medicare.

CGP-3-R-COBRA-96-4

B235.0198

Uniformed Services Continuation Rights

If you enter or return from military service, you may have special rights under this *plan* as a result of the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act of 1994 ("USERRA").

If your group health benefits under this *plan* would otherwise end because you enter into active military service, this *plan* will allow you, or your dependents, to continue such coverage in accord with the provisions of USERRA. As used here, "group health benefits" means any dental, out-of-network point-of service medical, major medical, prescription drug or vision coverages which are part of this *plan*.

Coverage under this plan may be continued while you are in the military for up to a maximum period of 24 months beginning on the date of absence from work. Continued coverage will end if you fail to return to work in a timely manner after military service ends as provided under USERRA. You should contact your employer for details about this continuation provision including required premium payments.

CGP-3-R-COBRA-96-4

B235.0195

ELIGIBILITY FOR LIFE AND DISMEMBERMENT COVERAGES

B264.0003

Employee Coverage

Eligible Employees To be eligible for employee coverage, you must be an active *full-time employee*. And you must belong to a class of *employees* covered by this *plan*.

Other Conditions You must:

- (a) be legally working in the United States, or working outside the United States for a United States based employer in a country or region approved by us.
- (b) be regularly working at least the number of hours in the normal work week set by your *employer* (but not less than 30 hours per week), at:
 - (i) your *employer's* place of business;
 - (ii) some place where your *employer's* business requires you to travel; or
 - (iii) any other place you and your *employer* have agreed upon for performance of occupational duties.

If you must pay all or part of the cost of employee coverage, we won't insure you until you enroll and agree to make the required payments. If you do this: (a) more than 31 days after you first become eligible; or (b) after you previously had coverage which ended because you failed to make a required payment, we also ask for *proof* that you're insurable. And you won't be covered until we approve that *proof* in writing.

Part or all of your insurance amounts may be subject to *proof* that you're insurable. The Life Schedule explains if and when we require *proof*. You won't be covered for any amount that requires such *proof* until you give the *proof* to us and we approve it in writing.

If your active *full-time* service ends before you meet any *proof of insurability* requirements that apply to you, you'll still have to meet those requirements if you're later re-employed.

CGP-3-EC-90-1.0

B264.2490

Employee Coverage

Family Status Change You may request an increase in your optional term life insurance amount, a decrease to your optional term life insurance amount, or the addition of voluntary term life for which you were not previously insured, if a change in family status has occurred. You must request the change to your optional term life insurance in writing within 31 days after the date of the family status change as described below.

Family status change will include one or more of the following: (1) marriage or divorce; (2) death of a spouse or child; (3) birth or adoption of a child; (4) your spouse's termination of employment or a change in your spouse's employment that results in the loss of group coverage. The term "marriage" may also refer to civil unions and domestic partnerships, as recognized by the jurisdiction in which you reside.

Proof of insurability is not required for the change to optional term life insurance due to family status change as long as the change to your optional term life insurance does not exceed the guarantee issue amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits. Proof of insurability will be required on changes that exceed the guarantee issue amount and if proof was previously submitted and declined.

CGP-3-EC-90-1.0

B264.2794

When Your Coverage Starts

Employee benefits that don't require *proof* that you are insurable are scheduled to start on the effective date shown on the sticker attached to the inside front cover of this booklet.

Employee benefits that require such *proof* won't start until you send us the *proof* and we approve it in writing. Once we have approved it, the benefits are scheduled to start on the effective date shown in the endorsement section of your application. A copy of the approved application is furnished to you.

But you must be fully capable of performing the major duties of your regular occupation for your *employer* on a full-time basis at 12:01AM Standard Time for your place of residence on the scheduled effective date or dates. And you must have met all of the applicable conditions explained above, and any applicable waiting period. If you are not fully capable of performing the major duties of your regular occupation on any date part of your insurance is scheduled to start we will postpone that part of your coverage. We will postpone that part of your coverage until the date you are so capable and are working your regular number of hours for one full day, with the expectation that you could do so for one full week.

Sometimes, the effective date shown on the sticker or in the endorsement is not a regularly scheduled work day. If the scheduled effective date falls: on a holiday; on a vacation day; on a non-scheduled work day; or during an approved leave of absence, not due to sickness or injury, of 90 days or less; and if you were performing the major duties of your regular occupation and working your regular number of hours on your last regularly scheduled work day, your coverage will start on the scheduled effective date. However, any coverage or part of coverage for which you must elect and pay all or part of the cost, will not start if you are on an approved leave and such coverage or part of coverage was not previously in force for you under a prior plan which this *plan* replaced.

CGP-3-EC-90-2.0

B264.1255

Employee Coverage (Cont.)

Delayed Effective Date For Employee Optional Life Coverage With respect to this *plan's* employee optional group term life insurance, if an *employee* is not actively at work on a *full-time* basis on the date his or her coverage is scheduled to start, due to *sickness* or *injury*, we'll postpone coverage for an otherwise covered loss due to that condition. We'll postpone such coverage until he or she completes 10 consecutive days of active *full-time* service without missing a work day due to the same condition.

Coverage for an otherwise covered loss due to all other conditions will start on the date the *employee* returns to active *full-time* service.

CGP-3-DEF-97

B270.0384

When Your Coverage Ends Your coverage ends on the date your active *full-time* service ends for any reason. Such reasons include disability, death, retirement, layoff, leave of absence and the end of employment.

It also ends on the date you stop being a member of a class of employees eligible for insurance under this *plan*, or when this *plan* ends for all employees. And it ends when this *plan* is changed so that benefits for the class of employees to which you belong ends.

It ends on the date you are no longer working in the United States unless you are on a temporary assignment: (1) not exceeding one year in a country or region that is not under a travel warning issued by the US Department of State; or (2) for which we have agreed, in writing, to provide coverage.

If you are required to pay all or part of the cost of this coverage and you fail to do so, your coverage ends. It ends on the last day of the period for which you made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons.

Read this booklet carefully if your coverage ends. You may have the right to continue certain group benefits for a limited time. And you may have the right to replace certain group benefits with converted policies.

CGP-3-EC-90-3.0

B264.1385

An Employee's Right To Continue Group Life and AD&D Insurance During a Family Leave Of Absence

Important Notice This section may not apply to an *employer's* plan. You must contact your *employer* to find out if your *employer* must allow for a leave of absence under federal law. In that case the section applies.

Continuation of Coverages Life and accidental death and dismemberment coverages may be continued, under a uniform, non-discriminatory policy applicable to all employees. You must contact your *employer* to find out if you may continue these coverages.

An Employee's Right To Continue Group Life and AD&D Insurance During a Family Leave Of Absence (Cont.)

If Your Group Insurance Would End Group life and accidental death and dismemberment insurance may normally end for an *employee* because he or she ceases work due to an approved leave of absence. But, the *employee* may continue his or her group coverage if the leave of absence has been granted: (a) to allow the *employee* to care for a seriously injured or ill spouse, child or parent; (b) after the birth or adoption of a child; (c) due to the *employee's* own serious health condition; or (d) because of any serious injury or illness arising out of the fact that a spouse, child, parent, or next of kin, who is a covered servicemember, of the *employee* is on active duty (or has been notified of an impending call or order to active duty) in the Armed Forces in support of a contingency operation. The *employee* will be required to pay the same share of the premium as he or she paid before the leave of absence.

When Continuation Ends Coverage may continue until the earliest of the following:

- The date you return to active work.
- In the case of a leave granted to you to care for a covered servicemember: The end of a total leave period of 26 weeks in one 12 month period. This 26 week total leave period applies to all leaves granted to you under this section for all reasons. If you take an additional leave of absence in a subsequent 12 month period, continued coverage will cease at the end of a total leave period of 12 weeks.
- In any other case: The end of a total leave period of 12 weeks in any 12 month period.
- The date on which your *Employer's Plan* is terminated or you are no longer eligible for coverage under this *Plan*.
- The end of the period for which the premium has been paid.

Definitions As used in this section, the terms listed below have the meanings shown below:

- **Active Duty:** This term means duty under a call or order to active duty in the Armed Forces of the United States.
- **Contingency Operation:** This term means a military operation that: (a) is designated by the Secretary of Defense as an operation in which members of the armed forces are or may become involved in military actions, operations, or hostilities against an enemy of the United States or against an opposing military force; or (b) results in the call or order to, or retention on, active duty of members of the uniformed services under any provision of law during a war or during a national emergency declared by the President or Congress.
- **Covered Servicemember:** This term means a member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who for a serious injury or illness: (a), is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy; (b) is otherwise in outpatient status; or (c) is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list.

An Employee's Right To Continue Group Life and AD&D Insurance During a Family Leave Of Absence (Cont.)

- **Next Of Kin:** This term means the nearest blood relative of the *employee*.
- **Outpatient Status:** This term means, with respect to a covered servicemember, that he or she is assigned to: (a) a military medical treatment facility as an outpatient; or (b) a unit established for the purpose of providing command and control of members of the Armed Forces receiving medical care as outpatients.
- **Serious Injury Or Illness:** This term means, in the case of a covered servicemember, an injury or illness incurred by him or her in line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces that may render him or her medically unfit to perform the duties of his or her office, grade, rank, or rating.

CGP-3-EC-90-3.0

B264.2455

Dependent Life and Accidental Death and Dismemberment Coverage

CGP-3-DEP-90-1.0

B264.0639

Eligible Dependents For Optional Dependent Life Benefits

Your *eligible dependents* are: your legal spouse who is under age 70; and your unmarried dependent children who are 14 or more days old, until they reach age 26.

CGP-3-DEP-90-3.0

B264.0573

Adopted Children And Step-Children

Your "unmarried dependent children" include your legally adopted children and, if they depend on you for most of their support and maintenance, your step-children. We treat a child as legally adopted from: (a) the time the child is placed in your home for the purpose of adoption; or (b) from birth, in the event that you have made an adoption agreement before the child's birth. We treat such a child this way whether or not a final adoption order is ever issued.

Dependents Not Eligible

We exclude any dependent who is on active duty in any armed force.

CGP-3-DEP-90-3.0-PA

B264.0591

Proof Of Insurability

We require *proof* that a dependent is insurable, if you: (a) enroll a dependent and agree to make the required payments after the end of the *enrollment period*; (b) in the case of a newly acquired dependent, other than the first newborn child, have other eligible dependents who you have not elected to enroll; or (c) in the case of a *newly acquired dependent*, have other *eligible dependents* whose coverage previously ended because you failed to make the required contributions, or otherwise chose to end such coverage.

Dependent Coverage (Cont.)

A dependent is not insured by any part of this *plan* that requires such *proof* until you give us this *proof*, and we approve it in writing.

If the dependent coverage ends for any reason, including failure to make the required payments, your dependents won't be covered by this *plan* again until you give us new *proof* that they're insurable and we approve that *proof* in writing.

CGP-3-DEP-90-5.0

B200.0288

When Dependent Coverage Starts In order for your dependent coverage to begin you must already be insured for employee coverage, or enroll for employee and dependent coverage at the same time. Subject to the "Exception" stated below and to all of the terms of this *plan*, the date your dependent coverage starts depends on when you elect to enroll your *initial dependents* and agree to make any required payments.

If you do this on or before your *eligibility date*, the dependent's coverage is scheduled to start on the later of the first of the month which coincides with or next follows your *eligibility date* and the date you become insured for employee coverage.

If you do this within the *enrollment period*, the coverage is scheduled to start on the date you become insured for employee coverage.

If you do this after the *enrollment period* ends, your dependent coverage is subject to *proof of insurability* and won't start until we approve that *proof* in writing.

Once you have dependent coverage for your *initial dependents*, you must notify us when you acquire any new dependents and agree to make any additional payments required for their coverage.

A newly *acquired dependent* will be covered for those dependent benefits not subject to *proof of insurability* from the date the newly acquired dependent is first eligible, if you notify us and agree to make any additional payments within 31 days after the date the dependent becomes eligible. If you do this more than 31 days after the date the dependent becomes eligible, a *newly acquired dependent* will be covered from the date you notify us and agree to make any additional payments.

If *proof of insurability* is required for dependent benefits as explained above, those benefits are scheduled to start, subject to the "Exception" stated below, on the effective date shown in the "Endorsement" section of your application, provided that you send us the *proof* we require and we approve that *proof* in writing. A copy of the approved application is furnished to you.

CGP-3-DEP-90-6.0

B264.1129

Exception If a dependent, other than a newborn child, is confined to a *hospital* or other health care facility; or is home-confined; or is unable to carry out the normal activities of someone of like age and sex on the date his dependent benefits would otherwise start, we will postpone the effective date of such benefits until the day after his discharge from such facility; until home confinement ends; or until he resumes the normal activities of someone of like age and sex.

CGP-3-DEP-90-7.0

B200.0692

When Dependent Coverage Ends Dependent coverage ends for all of your dependents when your employee coverage ends. Dependent coverage also ends for all of your dependents when you stop being a member of a class of *employees* eligible for such coverage. And it ends when this *plan* ends, or when dependent coverage is dropped from this *plan* for all *employees* or for an *employee's* class.

If you are required to pay part of the cost of dependent coverage, and you fail to do so, your dependent coverage ends. It ends on the last day of the period for which you made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons.

Dependent Coverage (Cont.)

An individual dependent's coverage ends when he stops being an *eligible dependent*. This happens to a child at 12:01 a.m. on the date the child attains this *plan's* age limit, when he marries, or when a step-child is no longer dependent on the employee for support and maintenance. It happens to a spouse when a marriage ends in legal divorce or annulment, and with respect to optional life coverage, it happens at 12:01 a.m. on the date the spouse reaches age 70.

Read this plan carefully if dependent coverage ends for any reason. Dependents may have the right to continue certain group benefits for a limited time. And they may have the right to replace certain group benefits with converted policies.

CGP-3-DEP-90-9.0

B200.0792

GROUP TERM LIFE INSURANCE SCHEDULE

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.0002

Employee Basic Term Life Insurance

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.0003

Your Basic Term Life Insurance Amount An amount equal to 150% of your annual earnings, rounded to the next higher \$1,000.00, if not already a multiple thereof, to a maximum of \$150,000.00, but not less than \$10,000.00.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.0629

Redetermination Subject to any of the plan's proof of insurability requirements, your basic life insurance amount will be redetermined as of each change in your earnings, to an amount in accordance with the parameters enumerated above, on the basis of your then current annual earnings. If you are not actively at work on a full-time basis on that date, your insurance amount will be redetermined on the date you return to active full-time service. However, if your benefits were previously reduced because of an age or retirement reduction, your benefit will not be redetermined due to your change in earnings.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.0012

Earnings Definition Annual earnings means your annual rate of earnings excluding bonuses, commissions, expense accounts, overtime pay and any other extra compensation. We do not include pay for hours worked or billed over 40 per week.

Any compensation based on your annual earnings which is deposited into a cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section 401(k), 403(b) or 457 is included. Earnings based on excluded income and employer contributions deposited into such 401(k), 403(b) or 457 plan are excluded.

Annual earnings is calculated using the earnings components described above applicable as of the most current redetermination date on which your employer has provided earnings data to us. Proof of earnings will be required. Proof may consist of: (1) copies of your U.S. Individual Income Tax Returns; (2) a statement from a certified public accountant; or (3) any other records we agree to accept.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.1217

Reduction of Basic Life Insurance Amount Based on Age If an employee is less than age 65 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, his or her insurance amount is reduced, on the date he or she reaches age 65, by 35% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than \$1,000.00.

The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 65 but before he or she reaches age 70.

Employee Basic Term Life Insurance (Cont.)

If an employee is less than age 70 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, the employee's basic life insurance amount is reduced, when he or she reaches age 70, by 55% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than \$1,000.00.

The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 70.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.0483

Limitations For Future Entrants

However, regardless of any of the above reductions, we limit the amount of insurance for which you are eligible if your insurance under this plan starts both: (a) after this plan's effective date; and (b) after you reach age 70.

If you provide us with proof of insurability, and we approve it in writing, the amount of your insurance will be 50% of the amount which otherwise applies to your classification and/or option. But in no event will this reduced amount be less than \$1,000.00.

If we do not approve the proof, your insurance amount will be \$1,000.00.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.0569

Employee Basic Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance (AD&D)

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.0029

Your Basic AD&D Insurance Amount

An amount equal to 150% of your annual earnings, rounded to the next higher \$1,000.00, if not already a multiple thereof, to a maximum of \$150,000.00, but not less than \$10,000.00.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.0635

Redetermination

Subject to any of the plan's proof of insurability requirements, your basic AD&D insurance amount will be redetermined as of each change in your earnings, to an amount in accordance with the parameters enumerated above, on the basis of your then current annual earnings. If you are not actively at work on a full-time basis on that date, your insurance amount will be redetermined on the date you return to active full-time service. However, if your benefits were previously reduced because of an age or retirement reduction, your benefit will not be redetermined due to your change in earnings.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.0038

Employee Basic Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance (AD&D) (Cont.)

Earnings Definition Annual earnings means your annual rate of earnings excluding bonuses, commissions, expense accounts, overtime pay and any other extra compensation. We do not include pay for hours worked or billed over 40 per week.

Any compensation based on your annual earnings which is deposited into a cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section 401(k), 403(b) or 457 is included. Earnings based on excluded income and employer contributions deposited into such 401(k), 403(b) or 457 plan are excluded.

Annual earnings is calculated using the earnings components described above applicable as of the most current redetermination date on which your employer has provided earnings data to us. Proof of earnings will be required. Proof may consist of: (1) copies of your U.S. Individual Income Tax Returns; (2) a statement from a certified public accountant; or (3) any other records we agree to accept.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.1217

Reduction of Basic AD&D Amount Based on Age If an employee is less than age 65 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, his or her insurance amount is reduced, on the date he or she reaches age 65, by 35% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than \$1,000.00.

The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 65 but before he or she reaches age 70.

If an employee is less than age 70 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, the employee's insurance amount is reduced, when he or she reaches age 70, by 55% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than \$1,000.00.

The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 70.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.0494

Limitations For Future Entrants However, regardless of any of the above reductions, we limit the amount of insurance for which you are eligible if your insurance under this plan starts both: (a) after this plan's effective date; and (b) after you reach age 70.

If you provide us with proof of insurability, and we approve it in writing, the amount of your insurance will be 50% of the amount which otherwise applies to your classification and/or option. But in no event will this reduced amount be less than \$1,000.00.

If we do not approve the proof, your insurance amount will be \$1,000.00.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.0571

Employee Optional Contributory Term Life Insurance

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.0055

Optional Life Election You may choose to be insured under the plan of optional term life insurance shown below. You must notify the employer of your election and pay the required premium.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.0799

Your Optional Term *Plan A*

Life Insurance Amount

You may elect amounts of optional term life insurance in increments of \$10,000.00, but your amount may not be less than \$20,000.00 and may not exceed \$500,000.00.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.0063

Reduction of Optional Life Insurance Amount Based on Age

If an employee is less than age 70 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, his or her insurance amount is reduced, on the date he or she reaches age 70, by 35% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than \$1,000.00.

The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 70 but before he or she reaches age 75.

If an employee is less than age 75 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, the employee's optional life insurance amount is reduced, when he or she reaches age 75, by 55% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than \$1,000.00.

The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 75.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.0520

Proof of Insurability Requirements

Proof of insurability requirements apply to your optional term life insurance. Such requirements may apply to your full benefit amount or just part of it. When *proof of insurability* requirements apply, it means you must submit to us *proof* that you're insurable, and we must approve your *proof* in writing before your insurance, or the specified part becomes effective.

We require *proof* as follows:

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.0431

We require *proof* before an *employee* switches from his or her current increment of optional term life insurance to an increment which provides a greater amount of insurance.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.0732

We require *proof* before we will insure any *employee* who enrolls for optional term life insurance after the time allowed for enrolling as specified in this *plan*.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.0435

Employee Optional Contributory Term Life Insurance (Cont.)

We require *proof* for amounts of optional term life insurance in excess of \$200,000.00.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.0437

We require *proof* for amounts of optional term life insurance in excess of \$10,000.00, if an *employee's* scheduled optional term life effective date is after he or she reaches age 65.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.0697

We require *proof* for all amounts of optional term life insurance, if an *employee's* scheduled optional term life effective date is after he or she reaches age 70.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.0702

Voluntary Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance (AD&D)

Voluntary AD&D Enrollment Period

You may choose to be insured under the plans of voluntary AD&D which is equal to 100% of the voluntary life amount as shown below. You may only be insured under one plan at a time. You must notify the employer of your election and pay the required premium.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.1276

Your Voluntary AD&D Insurance Amount

Plan A

You may elect amounts of voluntary AD&D insurance in increments of \$10,000.00, but your amount may not be less than \$20,000.00 and may not exceed \$500,000.00.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.1285

Reduction of Voluntary AD&D Amount Based on Age

If an employee is less than age 70 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, his or her insurance amount is reduced, on the date he or she reaches age 70, by 35% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than \$1,000.00.

The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 70 but before he or she reaches age 75.

If an employee is less than age 75 when his or her insurance under this plan starts, the employee's optional life insurance amount is reduced, when he or she reaches age 75, by 55% of the amount which otherwise applies to his or her classification and/or option. But in no case will such reduced amount be less than \$1,000.00.

The preceding reduction also applies to an employee's initial insurance amount if his or her insurance starts after he or she reaches age 75.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.1378

Voluntary Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance (AD&D) (Cont.)

Proof of Insurability Requirements Proof of insurability requirements apply to your voluntary AD&D insurance. Such requirements may apply to your full *benefit amount* or just part of it. When *proof of insurability* requirements apply, it means you must submit to us *proof* that you're insurable, and we must approve your *proof* in writing before your insurance, or the specified part becomes effective.

We require *proof* as follows:

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.2534

We require *proof* before we will insure any *employee* who enrolls for voluntary accidental death and dismemberment insurance after the time allowed for enrolling as specified in this *plan*.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.2538

We require *proof* before an *employee* switches from his or her current *plan* of voluntary accidental death and dismemberment insurance to a *plan* which provides greater benefits.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.2540

Dependent Optional Term Life Insurance

Dependent Optional Life Election You may choose the plan of dependent spouse optional term life insurance, and the plan of dependent child optional term life insurance shown below. You must notify the employer of your elections and pay the required premium.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.0800

Your Optional Dependent Spouse Term Life Insurance Amount *Plan A*
You may elect amounts of optional dependent spouse term life insurance in increments of \$5,000.00, but the amount may not be less than \$10,000.00 and may not exceed \$250,000.00.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.0505

Your Optional Dependent Child Insurance Amount *Plan A*
You may elect amounts of optional dependent child term life insurance in increments of \$1,000.00, but the amount may not be less than \$2,000.00 and may not exceed \$10,000.00.

GP-1-SI

B265.0581

In no event may the insurance amount of a dependent spouse exceed 50% of the insurance amount of an employee.

In no event may the insurance amount of a dependent child exceed 10% of the insurance amount of an employee.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.0844

Dependent Optional Term Life Insurance (Cont.)

Proof of Insurability Requirements

Proof of insurability requirements apply to your dependent optional term life insurance. Such requirements may apply to the full benefits amount or just part of them. When proof of insurability requirements apply, it means you must submit to us proof that a dependent is insurable, and we must approve the proof in writing before the insurance, or the specified part becomes effective.

We require proof as follows:

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.0536

We require proof before you switch from your current increment of dependent optional term life insurance to an increment which provides a greater amount of insurance.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.0734

We require proof before we will insure any spouse who is enrolled for dependent optional term life insurance after the time allowed for enrolling as specified in this plan.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.0540

We require proof for any amount of dependent optional term life insurance in excess of \$ 50,000.00 with respect to your dependent spouse.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.0542

We require proof for any amount of dependent optional term life insurance in excess of \$5,000.00 with respect to your dependent spouse, if your dependent spouse's scheduled dependent optional term life effective date is after he or she reaches age 65.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.0864

We require proof before we will insure any child who is enrolled for dependent optional term life insurance after the time allowed for enrolling as specified in this plan.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.0549

Dependent Voluntary Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance (AD&D)

CGP-3-SI

B265.2526

Dependent Voluntary AD&D Election

You may choose one of the plans of dependent spouse voluntary AD&D insurance, and the plan of dependent child voluntary AD&D insurance which is equal to 100% of the voluntary spouse and voluntary child life amount as shown below. You must notify the employer of his or her elections and pay the required premium.

You may switch to other plans of benefits at any time, subject to any of this plan's proof of insurability requirements. You must notify the employer of any desired switch.

CGP-3-SI

B265.4173

Dependent Spouse
Voluntary AD&D
Insurance Amount

Plan A
You may elect amounts of voluntary dependent spouse term AD&D insurance in increments of \$5,000.00, but the amount may not be less than \$10,000.00 and may not exceed \$250,000.00.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.2451

Dependent Child Voluntary AD&D Insurance Amount	Child's Age At Death	Benefit Amount
	At least 14 days but less than 6 months	an amount not less than \$2,000.00, and not more than \$10,000.00, increments of \$1,000.00.
	At least 6 months but less than 26 years	an amount not less than \$2,000.00, and not more than \$10,000.00, increments of \$1,000.00.
	At least 26 years but less than 26 years if a full-time student	an amount not less than \$2,000.00, and not more than \$10,000.00, increments of \$1,000.00.
CGP-3-SI		B265.4189

In no event may the insurance amount of a dependent spouse exceed 50% of the insurance amount of an employee.

In no event may the insurance amount of a dependent child exceed 10% of the insurance amount of an employee.

CGP-3-R-SCH-90

B265.2531

LIFE INSURANCE

B270.0070

Your Group Term Life Insurance

- Basic Life Benefit** If you die while insured for this benefit, we'll pay your beneficiary the amount shown in the schedule.
- Proof of Death** We'll pay this insurance as soon as we receive written proof of death. This should be sent to us as soon as possible.
- Your Beneficiary** You decide who gets this insurance if you die. You should have named your beneficiary on your enrollment form. You can change your beneficiary at any time by giving your *employer* written notice, unless you've assigned this insurance. But the change won't take effect until your *employer* gives you written confirmation of the change.
- If you named more than one person, but didn't tell us what their shares should be, they'll share equally. If someone you named dies before you do, his share will be divided equally by the beneficiaries still alive, unless you've told us otherwise.
- If there is no beneficiary when you die, we'll pay the insurance to one of the following: (a) your estate; (b) your spouse; (c) your parents; (d) your children; or (e) your brothers and sisters.
- Assigning Your Life Insurance** If you assign this insurance, you permanently transfer all your rights under this insurance to the assignee. Only one of the following can be an assignee: (a) your spouse; (b) one of your parents or grandparents; (c) one of your children or grandchildren; (d) one of your brothers or sisters; or (e) the trustee(s) of a trust set up for the benefit of one or more of these relatives.
- We suggest you speak to your lawyer before you make any assignment. If you decide you want to assign this insurance, ask your *employer* for details or write to us.
- Payment to a Minor or Incompetent** If your beneficiary is a minor or incompetent, we have the option of paying this insurance in monthly installments. We would pay them to the person who cares for and supports your beneficiary.
- Payment of Funeral or Last Illness Expenses** We have the option of paying up to \$250.00 of this insurance to any person who incurs expenses for your funeral or last illness.
- Settlement Option** If you or your beneficiary ask us, we'll pay all or part of this insurance in installments. Any request must be made to us in writing. The amounts of the installments and how they would be paid depend on what we offer at the time the request is made.

CGP-3-R-LB-90

B270.0129

Portability Privilege

Applicability	This provision applies only to this plan's employee Basic group term life insurance. It does not apply to supplemental life insurance, if any is included in this plan. And it does not apply to Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance.
Important Restriction	You must provide proof of insurability satisfactory to us.
Portability Of Basic Group Term Life Insurance	You may elect to continue all or part of your employee Basic group term life insurance, by choosing a portable certificate of coverage, subject to the following terms. You may port your coverage if coverage under this plan ends because you: (a) have terminated employment; or (b) stop being a member of an eligible class of employees. You may not port your coverage, if you: (a) have reached your 70th birthday on the day coverage under this plan ends; or (b) are eligible for this plan's Basic Group Term Life Insurance Extended Life Benefit. You may not port your coverage if coverage under this plan ends due to: (a) failure to pay any required premium; or (b) the end of this group plan. You may port: (a) the full amount(s) of your Basic term life insurance as of the day your coverage under this plan ends, or (b) 50% of such amount, if such amount under this plan is at least \$50,000.00.
The Portable Certificate Of Coverage	You can port to a portable certificate of coverage. The certificate provides group term insurance. It does not provide any: (a) accidental death and dismemberment benefits; (b) income replacement benefits; or (c) extended life benefits or waiver of premium privileges. The benefits provided by the portable certificate of coverage may not be the same as the benefits of this group plan. The premium for the portable certificate of coverage will be based on: (a) your rate class under this plan; and (b) your age bracket as shown in the Basic Life Portability Coverage Premium Notice.
How To Port	To get a portable certificate of coverage, you must: (a) apply to us in writing; and (b) pay the required premium. You have 31 days from the date your coverage under this plan ends to do this. We require proof of insurability satisfactory to us.
Defined Term	As used in this provision, the term "port" means to choose a portable certificate of coverage which provides group term life insurance.

CGP-3-R-LP-00

B270.0390

Information About Conversion and Portability

No covered person is allowed to convert his or her coverage, and elect a portable certificate of coverage at the same time. If a situation arises in which a covered person would be eligible to both convert and port, he or she may only exercise one of these privileges. A covered person may never be insured under both a converted policy and a portable certificate of coverage at the same time. The covered person should read his or her plan, as well as any related materials carefully before making an election.

CGP-3-R-LPN-95

B270.0326

Your Optional Group Term Life Insurance

- Life Benefit** Subject to the limitations and exclusions below, if you die while insured for this benefit, we'll pay your beneficiary the amount shown in the schedule for the plan of benefits you have elected. Your life benefit may be subject to reductions based on your age. These reductions are also shown in the schedule. Your benefit amount, a portion thereof, or increases in such amount may not become effective until you submit *proof of insurability* to us, and we approve it in writing. These requirements are also shown in the schedule.
- Proof of Death** Subject to all of the terms of this *plan*, we'll pay this insurance as soon as we receive written proof of death which is acceptable to us. This should be sent to us as soon as possible.
- Suicide Exclusion** We pay no benefits if your death is due to suicide, if such death occurs within two years from your employee optional group term life insurance effective date under this *plan*. Also, we pay no increased benefit amount if your death is due to suicide, if such death occurs within two years from the effective date of the increase.
- Seatbelt and Airbag Benefits** If you die as a direct result of an automobile accident while properly wearing a seatbelt, we will increase your benefit amount by \$10,000.00. And if you die as a direct result of an automobile accident while both properly wearing a seatbelt, and sitting in a seat equipped with an airbag, we'll increase your benefit amount by an additional \$5,000.00, for a total increase of \$15,000.00.
- Your Beneficiary** You decide who gets this insurance if you die. You should have named your beneficiary on your enrollment form. You can change your beneficiary at any time by giving your employer written notice, unless you've assigned this insurance. But the change won't take effect until your employer gives you written confirmation of the change.
- If you named more than one person, but didn't tell us what their shares should be, they'll share equally. If someone you named dies before you do, his or her share will be divided equally by the beneficiaries still alive, unless you've told us otherwise.
- If there is no beneficiary when you die, we'll pay the insurance to one of the following: (a) your estate; (b) your spouse; (c) your parents; (d) your children; or (e) your brothers and sisters.

Your Optional Group Term Life Insurance (Cont.)

- Assigning Your Life Insurance** If you assign this insurance, you permanently transfer all your rights under this insurance to the assignee. Only one of the following can be an assignee: (a) your spouse; (b) one of your parents or grandparents; (c) one of your children or grandchildren; (d) one of your brothers or sisters; or (e) the trustee(s) of a trust set up for the benefit of one or more of these relatives.
- We will recognize an assignee as the owner of the rights assigned only if: (a) the assignment is in writing and signed by you; and (b) a signed or certified copy of the written assignment has been received and approved by us.
- We will not be responsible for legal, tax or other effects of any assignment, or for any benefits we pay under this *plan* before we receive and approve any assignment.
- We suggest you speak to a lawyer before you make any assignment. If you decide you want to assign this insurance, write to us for details.
- Payment to a Minor or Incompetent** If your beneficiary is a minor or incompetent, we have the option of paying this insurance in monthly installments. We would pay them to the person who cares for and supports your beneficiary.
- Payment of Funeral or Last Illness Expense** We have the option of paying up to \$250.00 of this insurance to any person who incurs expenses for your funeral or last illness.
- Settlement Option** If you or your beneficiary asks us, we'll pay all or part of this insurance in installments. Any request must be made to us in writing. The amounts of the installments and how they would be paid depend on what we offer at the time the request is made.

CGP-3-R-NPX-96

B273.0560

Portability Privilege

- Applicability** This provision applies only to this *plan's* employee and dependent Optional group term life insurance. It does not apply to supplemental life insurance, if any is included in this *plan*. And it does not apply to Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance.
- Important Restriction** You may not elect a portable certificate of coverage unless you have been covered by this group *plan*, or the one it replaced, for employee Optional group term life insurance for at least three consecutive months prior to the date your coverage under this *plan* ends.
- Portability Of Optional Group Term Life Insurance** You may elect to continue all or part of your employee Optional group term life insurance and dependent Optional group term life insurance, by choosing a portable certificate of coverage, subject to the following terms.
- You may port your coverage if coverage under this *plan* ends because you: (a) have terminated employment; or (b) stop being a member of an eligible class of employees.

You may not port your coverage or coverage for any of your dependents, if you: (a) have reached your 70th birthday on the day coverage under this *plan* ends; or (b) are eligible for this *plan*'s Optional Group Term Life Insurance Extended Life Benefit.

You may not port your coverage or coverage for any of your dependents if coverage under this plan ends due to: (a) failure to pay any required premium; or (b) the end of this group *plan*.

You may port: (a) the full amount(s) of your Optional term life insurance as of the day your coverage under this *plan* ends, or (b) 50% of such amount, if such amount under this *plan* is at least \$50,000.00.

You may port: (a) the full amount(s) of your dependent Optional term life insurance as of the day your coverage under this *plan* ends; or (b) 50% of such amount(s), if: (i) your dependent spouse amount under this *plan* is at least \$20,000.00; and (ii) your dependent child amount under this *plan* is at least \$4,000.00. However, if you port the full amount of your insurance, any dependent amount(s) ported must be a full amount. And, if you elect to port 50% of your insurance, any dependent amount(s) ported must be 50% of such amount(s).

You may port: (a) your insurance only; (b) your insurance and insurance of your covered spouse; (c) your insurance and the insurance of all of your covered dependents; or (d) if you are a single parent, your insurance and the insurance of all of your covered dependent children. No other combinations will be allowed.

To be eligible to port, a dependent must be insured as of the day your coverage under this *plan* ends.

If You Die While Insured

If you die while insured for dependent Optional term life insurance, your spouse may port the insurance of your dependents as described above. But, your spouse and dependents must be insured on the date of death. No dependents will be allowed to port if: (a) there is no surviving spouse; or (b) your surviving spouse has reached his or her 70th birthday on the day you die.

The Portable Certificate Of Coverage

You or your surviving spouse can port to a portable certificate of coverage. The certificate provides group term insurance. It does not provide any: (a) accidental death and dismemberment benefits; (b) income replacement benefits; or (c) extended life benefits or waiver of premium privileges. The benefits provided by the portable certificate of coverage may not be the same as the benefits of this group *plan*.

The premium for the portable certificate of coverage will be based on: (a) your and/or your dependent's rate class under this plan; and (b) your or your surviving spouse's age bracket as shown in the Optional Life Portability Coverage Premium Notice.

Portability Privilege (Cont.)

How To Port To get a portable certificate of coverage, you or your surviving spouse must: (a) apply to us in writing; and (b) pay the required premium. You have 31 days from the date your coverage under this *plan* ends to do this. We won't ask for proof that you are insurable.

Defined Term As used in this provision, the term "port" means to choose a portable certificate of coverage which provides group term life insurance.

CGP-3-R-LP-00

B273.0732

Information About Conversion and Portability

No covered person is allowed to convert his or her coverage, and elect a portable certificate of coverage at the same time. If a situation arises in which a covered person would be eligible to both convert and port, he or she may only exercise one of these privileges. A covered person may never be insured under both a converted policy and a portable certificate of coverage at the same time. The covered person should read his or her plan, as well as any related materials carefully before making an election.

CGP-3-R-LPN-95

B270.0326

THE FOLLOWING PROVISION APPLIES TO YOUR BASIC TERM LIFE INSURANCE:

B275.0076

Converting This Group Term Life Insurance

If Employment Or Eligibility Ends Your group life insurance ends if: (a) your employment ends; or (b) you stop being a member of an eligible class of employees. If either happens, you can convert your group life insurance to an individual life insurance policy. Conversion choices are based on your disability status.

If you are not disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium", you can convert to a permanent life insurance policy. You can convert the amount for which you were covered under this plan, less any group life benefits you become eligible for in the 31 days after this insurance ends.

If you: (a) are disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium"; and (b) have not yet been approved for the Extended Life Benefit, you can convert to: (a) a permanent life insurance policy; or (b) an interim term insurance policy, as explained in the section labeled "Interim Term Insurance". You can convert the full amount for which you were covered under this plan.

If you are later approved for the Extended Life Benefit, then the converted policy, if any, is cancelled as of our approval date.

If The Group Plan Ends Or Group Life Insurance Is Dropped Your group life insurance also ends if: (a) this group plan ends; or (b) life insurance is dropped from the group plan for all employees or for your class. If either happens, you may be eligible to convert as explained below. Conversion choices are based on your disability status.

Converting This Group Term Life Insurance (Cont.)

If you: (a) are not disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium", when this coverage ends; and (b) you have been insured by a Guardian group life plan for at least five years, you can convert to a permanent life insurance policy. But, the amount you can convert is limited to the lesser of: (a) \$2,000.00; or (b) the amount of your insurance under this plan, less any group life benefits you become eligible for in the 31 days after this insurance ends.

If you: (a) are disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium"; and (b) have not yet been approved for the Extended Life Benefit, you can convert to: (a) a permanent life insurance policy; or (b) an interim term insurance policy. You can convert the full amount for which you were covered under this plan.

If you are later approved for the Extended Life Benefit, then the converted policy, if any, is cancelled as of our approval date.

The Converted Policy The premium for the converted policy will be based on your age on the converted policy's effective date. The converted policy will start at the end of the period allowed for conversion. The converted policy does not include disability or dismemberment benefits.

Interim Term Insurance If you: (a) are disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium" and (b) have not yet been approved for the Extended Life Benefit, you have the option to convert your coverage to an individual term life insurance policy. The individual term policy requires lower premiums than an individual permanent insurance policy.

This Interim term policy is available for only one year from the date you become disabled. During this year, if you are approved for the Extended Life Benefit, the interim term insurance is cancelled, as of our approval date. If, after one year, you have not been approved for the Extended Life Benefit, you must convert to an individual permanent life insurance policy, or coverage will end. Premiums for the individual permanent life insurance policy will be based on your age as of the date you convert from the interim term insurance policy.

How And When To Convert To get a converted policy, you must apply to us in writing and pay the required premium. You have 31 days after your group life insurance ends to do this. We won't ask for proof that you are insurable.

Death During The Conversion Period If you die in the 31 days allowed for conversion, we'll pay your beneficiary the amount you could have converted. We'll pay whether or not you applied for conversion.

CGP-3-R-LCONV-99

B275.0064

THE FOLLOWING PROVISION APPLIES TO YOUR OPTIONAL GROUP TERM LIFE INSURANCE:

B275.0077

Converting This Group Term Life Insurance

If Employment Or Eligibility Ends	Your group life insurance ends if: (a) your employment ends; or (b) you stop being a member of an eligible class of employees. If either happens, you can convert your group life insurance to an individual life insurance policy. Conversion choices are based on your disability status. If you are not disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium", you can convert to a permanent life insurance policy. You can convert the amount for which you were covered under this plan, less any group life benefits you become eligible for in the 31 days after this insurance ends. If you: (a) are disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium"; and (b) have not yet been approved for the Extended Life Benefit, you can convert to: (a) a permanent life insurance policy; or (b) an interim term insurance policy, as explained in the section labeled "Interim Term Insurance". You can convert the full amount for which you were covered under this plan. If you are later approved for the Extended Life Benefit, then the converted policy, if any, is cancelled as of our approval date.
If The Group Plan Ends Or Group Life Insurance Is Dropped	Your group life insurance also ends if: (a) this group plan ends; or (b) life insurance is dropped from the group plan for all employees or for your class. If either happens, you may be eligible to convert as explained below. Conversion choices are based on your disability status. If you: (a) are not disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium", when this coverage ends; and (b) you have been insured by a Guardian group life plan for at least five years, you can convert to a permanent life insurance policy. But, the amount you can convert is limited to the lesser of: (a) \$2,000.00; or (b) the amount of your insurance under this plan, less any group life benefits you become eligible for in the 31 days after this insurance ends. If you: (a) are disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium"; and (b) have not yet been approved for the Extended Life Benefit, you can convert to: (a) a permanent life insurance policy; or (b) an interim term insurance policy. You can convert the full amount for which you were covered under this plan. If you are later approved for the Extended Life Benefit, then the converted policy, if any, is cancelled as of our approval date.
The Converted Policy	The premium for the converted policy will be based on your age on the converted policy's effective date. The converted policy will start at the end of the period allowed for conversion. The converted policy does not include disability or dismemberment benefits.
Interim Term Insurance	If you: (a) are disabled, as defined in the section labeled "Extended Life Benefit With Waiver of Premium" and (b) have not yet been approved for the Extended Life Benefit, you have the option to convert your coverage to an individual term life insurance policy. The individual term policy requires lower premiums than an individual permanent insurance policy.

Converting This Group Term Life Insurance (Cont.)

This Interim term policy is available for only one year from the date you become disabled. During this year, if you are approved for the Extended Life Benefit, the interim term insurance is cancelled, as of our approval date. If, after one year, you have not been approved for the Extended Life Benefit, you must convert to an individual permanent life insurance policy, or coverage will end. Premiums for the individual permanent life insurance policy will be based on your age as of the date you convert from the interim term insurance policy.

How And When To Convert To get a converted policy, you must apply to us in writing and pay the required premium. You have 31 days after your group life insurance ends to do this. We won't ask for proof that you are insurable.

Death During The Conversion Period If you die in the 31 days allowed for conversion, we'll pay your beneficiary the amount you could have converted. We'll pay whether or not you applied for conversion.

CGP-3-R-LCONV-99

B275.0064

Your Accelerated Life Benefit - Limited Life Expectancy

IMPORTANT NOTICE **USE OF THE BENEFIT PROVIDED BY THIS SECTION MAY HAVE TAX IMPLICATIONS AND MAY AFFECT GOVERNMENT BENEFITS OR CREDITORS. YOU SHOULD CONSULT WITH YOUR TAX OR FINANCIAL ADVISOR BEFORE APPLYING FOR THIS BENEFIT.**

PLEASE NOTE: THE AMOUNT OF GROUP TERM LIFE INSURANCE IS PERMANENTLY REDUCED BY THE GROSS AMOUNT OF THE ACCELERATED LIFE BENEFIT PAID TO YOU.

Accelerated Life Benefit If you have a medical condition that is expected to result in your death within 6 months you may apply for an Accelerated Life Benefit. An Accelerated Life Benefit is a payment of part of your group term life insurance made to you before you die.

We subtract the gross amount paid to you as an Accelerated Life Benefit from the amount of your group term life insurance under this plan. The remaining amount of your group term life insurance is permanently reduced by the gross amount paid to you.

By "group term life insurance" we mean any Employee Basic Group Term Life Insurance and Employee Optional Group Term Life Insurance for which you are insured under this plan. "Group term life insurance" does not mean Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefits, any insurance provided under this plan for covered persons other than you or any scheduled increase in the amount of any Employee Group Term Life Insurance that is due within the six month period after the date you apply for the Accelerated Life Benefit.

By "gross amount" we mean the amount of an Accelerated Life Benefit elected by you, before the discount and the processing fee are subtracted.

For the purposes of this provision, "terminal condition" means a medical condition that is expected to result in your death within 6 months.

Your Accelerated Life Benefit - Limited Life Expectancy (Cont.)

You may use the Accelerated Life Benefit in any way you choose. But you may receive only one Accelerated Life Benefit during your lifetime. If you live longer than 6 months, or if you recover from the condition, the benefit does not have to be repaid. But the amount of this benefit is not restored to your remaining group term life insurance. And you may not receive another Accelerated Life Benefit if you have a relapse or develop another terminal condition.

Maximum Benefit Amount The amount of the Accelerated Life Benefit for which you may apply is based on the amount of group term life insurance for which you are insured on the date before you apply for the benefit. The minimum benefit amount is the lesser of: (a) \$10,000.00; or (b) 80% of the inforce amount. The maximum benefit amount is the lesser of: (a) \$250,000.00; or (b) 80% of the inforce amount.

Discount The amount for which you apply is discounted to the present value in six months from the date the benefit is paid, based on the maximum adjustable policy loan interest rate permitted in the state in which your employer is located.

A detailed statement of the method of computing the amount of Accelerated Life Benefit is filed with each state insurance department. This statement is available from Guardian upon request.

Processing Fee A fee of up to \$150.00 may also be required for the administrative cost of evaluating and processing your Accelerated Life Benefit. This fee is deducted from the amount of the Accelerated Life Benefit paid to you.

Payment of An Accelerated Life Benefit If we approve your application for an Accelerated Life Benefit, we pay the amount you have elected, less the discount and the processing fee. We pay the benefit to you in one lump sum. And what we pay is subject to all of the other terms of this plan.

How and When to Apply To receive the Accelerated Life Benefit, you must send us written proof from a licensed doctor who is operating within the scope of his or her license that your medical condition is expected to result in your death within 6 months of the date of the written medical proof. We must approve such proof in writing before the Accelerated Life Benefit will be paid.

We can have you examined by a doctor of our choice to verify the terminal condition. We'll pay the cost of such examination. We will not pay the Accelerated Life Benefit if our doctor does not verify the terminal condition.

If we approve you to receive an Accelerated Life Benefit, we give you a statement which shows: (a) the amount of the maximum Accelerated Life Benefit for which you are eligible; and (b) the amount by which your group term life insurance will be reduced if you elect to receive the maximum Accelerated Life Benefit; and (c) the amount of the processing fee.

Even if you are receiving an Extended Life Benefit under this plan, you can still apply for an Accelerated Life Benefit. However, once you convert your group term life insurance, the terms of the converted life policy will apply. Any amount to which you could otherwise convert is permanently reduced by the gross amount of the Accelerated Life Benefit paid to you.

Your Accelerated Life Benefit - Limited Life Expectancy (Cont.)

Please read "Your Remaining Group Term Life Insurance", provision for restrictions that may apply.

If You Have Assigned Your Group Term Life Insurance

If you have already assigned your group term life insurance, according to the terms of this plan, you can't apply for an Accelerated Life Benefit.

CGP-3-R-EALB-03-PA

B275.0273

If You Are Incompetent

If you are determined to be legally incompetent, the person the court appoints to handle your legal affairs may apply for the Accelerated Life Benefit for you.

Your Remaining Group Term Life Insurance

The remaining amount of group term insurance for which you are covered after receiving an Accelerated Life Benefit payment is subject to any increases or cutbacks that would otherwise apply to your insurance. Applicable cutbacks are applied to the amount of group term life insurance for which you are insured on the day before you apply for the Accelerated Life Benefit.

The premium cost of your remaining coverage is based on the amount of your group term life insurance for which you are insured on the day before you apply for the Accelerated Life Benefit.

You may be required to provide proof of insurability for increased amounts. If you are, we must approve that proof in writing before you are covered for the new amount.

The total amount of group term life insurance the beneficiary would otherwise receive upon your death is reduced by the gross amount of the Accelerated Life Benefit paid to you.

If you die after electing the Accelerated Life Benefit, but before we send the benefit to you, the beneficiary will receive the amount of your group term life insurance for which you are insured on the day before you apply for the Accelerated Life Benefit.

Restrictions We will not pay an Accelerated Life Benefit to you if you:

- are required by law to use the payment to meet the claims of creditors, whether or not you are in bankruptcy; or
- are required by court order to pay all or part of the benefit to another person; or
- are required by a government agency to use the payment to apply for, receive or maintain a governmental benefit or entitlement; or
- lose your coverage under the group plan for any reason after you elect the Accelerated Life Benefit but before we pay such benefit to you.

CGP-3-R-EALB-03-1-PA

B275.0278

Your Extended Life Benefit With Waiver Of Premium

Important Notice This section applies to your basic life benefit. But, it does not apply to your accidental death and dismemberment benefits; nor to any of your dependent's insurance under this group plan. In order to continue dependent basic life insurance, you must convert your dependent coverage to an individual permanent policy.

If You Are Disabled You are disabled if you meet the definition of total disability, as stated below. If you meet the requirements in the "How and When to Apply" provision, we'll extend your basic life insurance under this section without payment of premiums from you or the employer.

Total Disability or Totally Disabled means, due to sickness or injury, you are:

- (a) not able to perform any work for wages or profit; and
- (b) you are receiving regular doctor's care appropriate to the cause of disability.

How And When To Apply To apply for this extension, you must submit satisfactory written medical proof of your total disability within one year of the onset of that disability. Any claim filed after one year from the onset of total disability will be denied, unless we receive written proof that: (a) you lacked the legal capacity to file the claim; or (b) it was not reasonably possible for you to file the claim.

Also, in order to be eligible for this extension, you must:

- (a) become totally disabled before you reach age 60 and while insured by the group plan; and
- (b) remain totally disabled for nine continuous months.

You are encouraged to apply for this benefit immediately upon the onset of disability.

Continued Eligibility For Extended Life Benefit We may require periodic written proof that you remain totally disabled to maintain this extension. This written proof of your continued disability and doctor's care must be provided to us within 30 days of the date we make each such request.

We can require that you take part in a medical assessment, with a medical professional of our choice, as often as we feel is reasonably necessary during the first two years we've extended your life benefits. But after two years, we can't have you examined more than once a year.

Until You've Been Approved For This Extended Life Benefit Your life insurance under the group plan may end after you've become totally disabled, but before we've approved you for this extension. During this time period, you may either:

- (a) continue group premium payments, including any portion which would have been paid by the employer until you are approved or declined for this extended life benefit; or
- (b) convert to an individual permanent or term policy. Please read the section labeled "Converting This Group Term Life Insurance" for details on how to convert.

Your Extended Life Benefit With Waiver Of Premium (Cont.)

However, if this group plan terminates, and you are totally disabled and eligible, but not yet approved, for this extended benefit, you must convert to an individual permanent or term policy, and remain insured under such policy until you are approved by us for the extended benefit.

Converting does not stop you from claiming your rights under this section. But if you convert and we later approve you for this extended benefit, we'll cancel the converted policy as of our approval date. Once you are approved for this extended benefit, your group term life coverage will be reinstated at no further cost to you or the employer.

When This Extension Begins Once approved by us, your extended benefit will be effective on the later of:

- (a) nine continuous months from the date active full-time service ends due to total disability; or
- (b) the date we approve you for this benefit.

CGP-3-R-LW-TD-99-1

B275.0056

When This Extension Ends Your extension will end on the earliest of:

- (a) the date you are no longer disabled;
- (b) the date we ask you to be examined by our doctor, and you refuse;
- (c) the date you do not give us the proof of disability we require;
- (d) the date you are no longer receiving regular doctor's care appropriate to the cause of disability; or
- (e) the day before the date you reach age 65.

If the extension ends, and you are not insured by the group plan again as an active full-time employee, you can convert as if your employment just ended. Read the section labeled "Converting This Group Term Life Insurance".

If You Die While Covered By This Extension If you die while covered by this extension we'll pay your beneficiary the amount for which you were covered as of your last day of active full-time work, subject to all reductions which would have applied had you stayed an active employee. The benefit amount is also subject to reduction which applies at retirement. We will use your Social Security Normal Retirement Age, as defined in the 1983 amendment to the Social Security Act, to determine when to apply the retirement reduction to your extended life benefit.

Proof Of Death We'll pay as soon as we receive

- (a) written proof of your death, that is acceptable to us; and
- (b) medical proof that you were continuously disabled until your death. This must be sent within one year of your death.

CGP-3-R-LW-TD-99-2

B275.0070

Your Extended Life Benefit With Waiver Of Premium

- Important Notice** This section applies to your optional life benefit. But, it does not apply to your accidental death and dismemberment benefits; nor to any of your dependent's insurance under this group plan. In order to continue dependent optional life insurance, you must convert your dependent coverage to an individual permanent policy.
- If You Are Disabled** You are disabled if you meet the definition of total disability, as stated below. If you meet the requirements in the "How and When to Apply" provision, we'll extend your optional life insurance under this section without payment of premiums from you or the employer.
- Total Disability or Totally Disabled means, due to sickness or injury, you are:
- (a) not able to perform any work for wages or profit; and
 - (b) you are receiving regular doctor's care appropriate to the cause of disability.
- How And When To Apply** To apply for this extension, you must submit satisfactory written medical proof of your total disability within one year of the onset of that disability. Any claim filed after one year from the onset of total disability will be denied, unless we receive written proof that: (a) you lacked the legal capacity to file the claim; or (b) it was not reasonably possible for you to file the claim.
- Also, in order to be eligible for this extension, you must:
- (a) become totally disabled before you reach age 60 and while insured by the group plan; and
 - (b) remain totally disabled for nine continuous months.
- You are encouraged to apply for this benefit immediately upon the onset of disability.
- Continued Eligibility For Extended Life Benefit** We may require periodic written proof that you remain totally disabled to maintain this extension. This written proof of your continued disability and doctor's care must be provided to us within 30 days of the date we make each such request.
- We can require that you take part in a medical assessment, with a medical professional of our choice, as often as we feel is reasonably necessary during the first two years we've extended your life benefits. But after two years, we can't have you examined more than once a year.
- Until You've Been Approved For This Extended Life Benefit** Your life insurance under the group plan may end after you've become totally disabled, but before we've approved you for this extension. During this time period, you may either:
- (a) continue group premium payments, including any portion which would have been paid by the employer until you are approved or declined for this extended life benefit; or
 - (b) convert to an individual permanent or term policy. Please read the section labeled "Converting This Group Term Life Insurance" for details on how to convert.

Your Extended Life Benefit With Waiver Of Premium (Cont.)

However, if this group plan terminates, and you are totally disabled and eligible, but not yet approved, for this extended benefit, you must convert to an individual permanent or term policy, and remain insured under such policy until you are approved by us for the extended benefit.

Converting does not stop you from claiming your rights under this section. But if you convert and we later approve you for this extended benefit, we'll cancel the converted policy as of our approval date. Once you are approved for this extended benefit, your group term life coverage will be reinstated at no further cost to you or the employer.

When This Extension Begins Once approved by us, your extended benefit will be effective on the later of:

- (a) nine continuous months from the date active full-time service ends due to total disability; or
- (b) the date we approve you for this benefit.

CGP-3-R-LW-TD-99-1

B275.0058

When This Extension Ends Your extension will end on the earliest of:

- (a) the date you are no longer disabled;
- (b) the date we ask you to be examined by our doctor, and you refuse;
- (c) the date you do not give us the proof of disability we require;
- (d) the date you are no longer receiving regular doctor's care appropriate to the cause of disability; or
- (e) the day before the date you reach age 65.

If the extension ends, and you are not insured by the group plan again as an active full-time employee, you can convert as if your employment just ended. Read the section labeled "Converting This Group Term Life Insurance".

If You Die While Covered By This Extension If you die while covered by this extension we'll pay your beneficiary the amount for which you were covered as of your last day of active full-time work, subject to all reductions which would have applied had you stayed an active employee. The benefit amount is also subject to reduction which applies at retirement. We will use your Social Security Normal Retirement Age, as defined in the 1983 amendment to the Social Security Act, to determine when to apply the retirement reduction to your extended life benefit.

Proof Of Death We'll pay as soon as we receive

- (a) written proof of your death, that is acceptable to us; and
- (b) medical proof that you were continuously disabled until your death. This must be sent within one year of your death.

CGP-3-R-LW-TD-99-2

B275.0070

Your Dependent Spouse and Child Optional Term Life Insurance

The Benefit Subject to the limitations and exclusions shown below, if one of your dependents dies while insured for this benefit, we pay the amount shown in the schedule for the plan you have elected. We pay this in a lump sum when we receive written proof of death which is acceptable to us. Send the proof to us as soon as possible.

We pay you, if you're living. If you're not, and the dependent was your child, we pay your spouse. If your spouse is not living, we pay the child's living brothers and sisters in equal shares. If there are none, we pay the child's estate. If the dependent was your spouse, we pay your spouse's estate.

Suicide Exclusion We pay no benefits if the dependent's death is due to suicide, if such death occurs within two years from the effective date of the dependent's optional term life insurance under this *plan*. Also, we pay no increased benefit amount if the dependent's death is due to suicide, if such death occurs within two years from the effective date of the increase.

Seatbelt and Airbag Benefits If a dependent dies as a direct result of an automobile accident while properly wearing a seatbelt, we will increase the benefit amount by \$5,000.00. And if a dependent dies as a direct result of an automobile accident while both properly wearing a seatbelt, and sitting in a seat equipped with an airbag, we'll increase the benefit amount by an additional \$2,500.00, for a total increase of \$7,500.00.

Payment to a Minor or Incompetent If the beneficiary is a minor or not competent, we have the right to pay in monthly installments. We would pay the person who cares for and supports the beneficiary. We completely discharge our liability for any amounts paid this way.

CGP-3-R-DNPX-96

B293.0276

Converting This Dependent Term Life Insurance

If Your Group Life Insurance Ends or You Stop Being Eligible Dependent term life insurance ends for all of your dependents when your group life insurance ends. Your insurance ends when: (a) your active full-time employment ends; (b) you stop being a member of a class of employees eligible for employee group life insurance; (c) your group life insurance is extended under the Extended Life Benefit provision; or (d) you die.

Dependent term life insurance also ends when you stop being a member of a class of employees eligible for dependent term life insurance.

If one of the above happens, each dependent who was insured may convert all or part of his or her insurance.

If This Plan Ends or Life Insurance is Dropped Dependent term life insurance also ends for all of your dependents when this plan ends. And it ends if either employee or dependent term life insurance is dropped from this plan for all employees or for your class.

Converting This Dependent Term Life Insurance (Cont.)

If one of the above happens, and your dependents have been insured by a Guardian group plan for at least five years, they can convert. But we limit the amount each dependent can convert to the lesser of: (a) \$2,000.00; and (b) the amount of his or her insurance under this plan less any group life benefits for which he or she becomes eligible in the 31 days after this insurance ends.

If a Dependent Stops Being Eligible A dependent's term life insurance ends when he or she stops being an eligible dependent as defined by this plan. If a dependent stops being eligible, that dependent can convert all or part of his or her insurance.

The Converted Policy The dependent can convert to one of the individual life insurance policies we normally issue. That policy can't include disability benefits. And it can't be a term policy.

The premium for the converted policy will be based on: (a) the dependent's risk and rate class under this plan; and (b) the dependent's age when the converted policy takes effect. The converted policy takes effect at the end of the period allowed for conversion.

Write to us for details.

How and When to Convert To get a converted policy, the dependent must apply to us in writing and pay the required premium. He or she has 31 days after his or her group insurance ends to do this. We won't ask for proof that he or she is insurable.

If the dependent is a minor or not competent, the person who cares for and supports the dependent may apply for him or her.

Death During the Conversion Period If a dependent dies in the 31 days allowed for conversion, we pay the amount he or she could have converted, as stated above. We do this whether or not he or she applied for conversion.

Notice of Conversion Right: If your dependent is entitled to obtain a converted policy under this section, full compliance with this provision for Notice of Conversion Right will be satisfied by written notice: (a) given to you by the employer; (b) mailed to you by the employer at your last known address; or (c) mailed to you by us at your last known address that is supplied to us by the employer.

The notice should be given at least 15 days before the end of the 31 day period allowed for conversion as described in "How and When to Convert." If the notice is not given at least 15 days before the end of such period, the dependent will have an additional period of 15 days from the date notice is given to apply for the converted policy and pay the required premium. But, in no event shall the additional period extend more than 60 days beyond the 31 day period allowed for conversion as described above.

CGP-3-R-DEPL-03-N

B295.0062

Your Basic Accidental Death And Dismemberment Benefits

The Benefit We'll pay the benefits described below if you suffer an irreversible covered loss due to an accident that occurs while you are insured. The loss must be a direct result of the accident, independent of all other causes. And, it must occur within 365 days of the date of the accident.

Covered Losses Benefits will be paid only for losses identified in the following table. The Insurance Amount is shown in the Schedule.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT

Covered Loss	Benefit
Loss of Life	100% of Insurance Amount
Loss of a hand	50% of Insurance Amount
Loss of a foot	50% of Insurance Amount
Loss of sight in one eye	50% of Insurance Amount
Loss of thumb and index finger of same hand	25% of Insurance Amount

For covered multiple losses due to the same accident, we will pay 100% of the Insurance Amount. We won't pay more than 100% of the Insurance Amount for all losses due to the same accident.

Loss of:

- (a) a hand or foot means it is completely cut off at or above the wrist or ankle.
- (b) sight means the total and permanent loss of sight.

Payment Of Benefits For covered loss of life, we pay the beneficiary of your basic group term life insurance.

For all other covered losses, we pay you, if you are living. If not, we pay the beneficiary of your basic group term life insurance.

We pay all benefits in a lump sum, as soon as we receive proof of loss which is acceptable to us. This should be sent to us as soon as possible.

CGP-3-R-ADCL1-00

B310.0981

Exclusions We won't pay for any loss caused directly or indirectly:

- by willful self-injury, suicide, or attempted suicide;
- by sickness, disease, mental infirmity, medical or surgical treatment;
- by your taking part in a riot or other civil disorder; or in the commission of or attempt to commit a felony;
- by travel on any type of aircraft if you are an instructor or crew member; or have any duties at all on that aircraft;
- by declared or undeclared war or act of war or armed aggression;

Your Basic Accidental Death And Dismemberment Benefits (Cont.)

- while you are a member of any armed force;
- while you are a driver in a motor vehicle accident, if you do not hold a current and valid driver's license;
- by your legal intoxication; this includes, but is not limited to, your operation of a motor vehicle; or
- by your voluntary use of a controlled substance, unless: (1) it was prescribed for you by a doctor; and (2) it was used as prescribed. A controlled substance is anything called a controlled substance in Title II of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970, as amended from time to time.

CGP-3-R-ADCL2-00

B310.0402

Your Voluntary Accidental Death And Dismemberment Benefits

The Choices You may elect to be insured for any of the plans of employee voluntary accidental death and dismemberment (ADD) insurance offered by the employer. These plans are shown in the schedule. However, you can only be insured under one plan at a time. You must notify the employer of your election and pay the required premium.

You may switch to another plan of benefits at any time, subject to any of this plan's proof of insurability requirements. You must notify the employer of any desired switch.

The Benefit We'll pay the benefits described below if you suffer an irreversible covered loss due to an accident that occurs while you are insured. The loss must be a direct result of the accident, independent of all other causes. And, it must occur within 365 days of the date of the accident.

Covered Losses Benefits will be paid according to the plan you have elected, only for losses identified in the following table. The Insurance Amount is shown in the Schedule.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT

Covered Loss	Benefit
Loss of Life	100% of Insurance Amount
Loss of a hand	50% of Insurance Amount
Loss of a foot	50% of Insurance Amount
Loss of sight in one eye	50% of Insurance Amount
Loss of thumb and index finger of same hand	25% of Insurance Amount

Your Voluntary Accidental Death And Dismemberment Benefits (Cont.)

For covered multiple losses due to the same accident, we will pay 100% of the Insurance Amount. We won't pay more than 100% of the Insurance Amount for all losses due to the same accident.

Loss of:

- (a) a hand or foot means it is completely cut off at or above the wrist or ankle.
- (b) sight means the total and permanent loss of sight.

Payment Of Benefits

For covered loss of life, we pay the beneficiary described below.

For all other covered losses, we pay you, if you are living. If not, we pay the beneficiary described below.

We pay all benefits in a lump sum, as soon as we receive proof of loss which is acceptable to us. This should be sent to us as soon as possible.

The Beneficiary

You decide who gets this insurance if you die. You should have named a beneficiary on your enrollment form. You can change your beneficiary at any time by giving us notice, unless you have assigned insurance. But the change won't take effect until we give you confirmation of the change.

If you named more than one person, but didn't tell us what their shares should be, your insurance will be divided equally by the beneficiaries still alive, unless you tell us otherwise.

If there is no beneficiary when you die, we'll pay the insurance to one of the following: (a) your estate; (b) your spouse; (c) your parents; (d) your children; or (e) your brothers and sisters.

CGP-3-R-ADCL1-00

B310.0898

Exclusions

We won't pay for any loss caused directly or indirectly:

- by willful self-injury, suicide, or attempted suicide;
- by sickness, disease, mental infirmity, medical or surgical treatment;
- by your taking part in a riot or other civil disorder; or in the commission of or attempt to commit a felony;
- by travel on any type of aircraft if you are an instructor or crew member; or have any duties at all on that aircraft;
- by declared or undeclared war or act of war or armed aggression;
- while you are a member of any armed force;
- while you are a driver in a motor vehicle accident, if you do not hold a current and valid driver's license;

Your Voluntary Accidental Death And Dismemberment Benefits (Cont.)

- by your legal intoxication; this includes, but is not limited to, your operation of a motor vehicle; or
- by your voluntary use of a controlled substance, unless: (1) it was prescribed for you by a doctor; and (2) it was used as prescribed. A controlled substance is anything called a controlled substance in Title II of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970, as amended from time to time.

CGP-3-R-ADCL2-00

B310.0433

Your Dependent Voluntary Accidental Death And Dismemberment Benefits

The Benefit We'll pay the benefits described below if a covered dependent suffers an irreversible covered loss due to an accident that occurs while he or she is insured. The loss must be a direct result of the accident, independent of all other causes. And, it must occur within 365 days of the date of the accident.

Covered Losses Benefits will be paid only for losses identified in the following table. The Insurance Amount is shown in the Schedule.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT

Covered Loss	Benefit
Loss of Life	100% of Insurance Amount
Loss of a hand	50% of Insurance Amount
Loss of a foot	50% of Insurance Amount
Loss of sight in one eye	50% of Insurance Amount
Loss of thumb and index finger of same hand	25% of Insurance Amount

For covered multiple losses due to the same accident, we will pay 100% of the Insurance Amount. We won't pay more than 100% of the Insurance Amount for all losses due to the same accident.

Loss of:

- a hand or foot means it is completely cut off at or above the wrist or ankle.
- sight means the total and permanent loss of sight.

Your Dependent Voluntary Accidental Death And Dismemberment Benefits (Cont.)

Payment Of Benefits For all covered losses, we pay you, if you are living. If you are not living, and the dependent was your child, we pay your spouse. If your spouse is not living, we pay the child's living brothers and sisters in equal shares. If there are none, we pay the child's estate. If the dependent was your spouse, we pay the spouse's estate.

We pay all benefits in a lump sum, as soon as we receive proof of loss which is acceptable to us. This should be sent to us as soon as possible.

CGP-3-R-DADCL1-00

B310.0901

Exclusions We won't pay for any loss caused directly or indirectly:

- by willful self-injury, suicide, or attempted suicide;
- by sickness, disease, mental infirmity, medical or surgical treatment;
- by a dependent taking part in a riot or other civil disorder; or in the commission of or attempt to commit a felony;
- by travel on any type of aircraft if the dependent is an instructor or crew member; or has any duties at all on that aircraft;
- by declared or undeclared war or act of war or armed aggression;
- while the dependent is a member of any armed force;
- while the dependent is a driver in a motor vehicle accident, if he or she does not hold a current and valid driver's license;
- by the dependent's legal intoxication; this includes, but is not limited to, the dependent's operation of a motor vehicle; or
- by the dependent's voluntary use of a controlled substance, unless: (1) it was prescribed for the dependent by a doctor; and (2) it was used as prescribed. A controlled substance is anything called a controlled substance in Title II of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970, as amended from time to time.

CGP-3-R-DADCL2-00

B310.0475

ELIGIBILITY FOR DISABILITY COVERAGE

B329.0002

Employee Coverage

Eligible Employees To be eligible for employee coverage, you must be an active *full-time employee*. And you must belong to a class of *employees* covered by this *plan*.

Other Conditions You must:

- (a) be legally working in the United States, or working outside of the United States for a United States based employer in a country or region approved by us.
- (b) be regularly working at least the number of hours in the normal work week set by your *employer* (but not less than 30 hours per week), at:
 - (i) your *employer's* place of business;
 - (ii) some place where your *employer's* business requires you to travel; or
 - (iii) any other place you and your *employer* have agreed upon for performance of occupational duties.

If you must pay all or part of the cost of employee coverage, we won't insure you until you enroll and agree to make the required payments. If you do this: (a) more than 31 days after you first become eligible; or (b) after you previously had coverage which ended because you failed to make a required payment, we also ask for *proof* that you're insurable. And you won't be covered until we approve that *proof* in writing.

Part or all of your insurance amounts may be subject to *proof* that you're insurable. Other parts of this coverage explain if and when we require *proof*. You won't be covered for any amount that requires such *proof* until you give the *proof* to us and we approve it in writing.

If your active *full-time* service ends before you meet any *proof of insurability* requirements that apply to you, you'll still have to meet those requirements if you're later re-employed.

CGP-3-EC-90-1.0

B329.0880

Employee Coverage

Family Status Change You may request an increase in your voluntary disability insurance amount, a decrease to your voluntary disability insurance amount, or the addition of voluntary disability for which you were not previously insured, if a change in family status has occurred. You must request the change to your voluntary disability insurance in writing within 31 days after the date of the family status change as described below.

Family status change will include one or more of the following: (1) marriage or divorce; (2) death of a spouse or child; (3) birth or adoption of a child; (4) your spouse's termination of employment or a change in your spouse's employment that results in the loss of group coverage. The term "marriage" may also refer to civil unions and domestic partnerships, as recognized by the jurisdiction in which you reside.

Proof of insurability is not required for the change to voluntary disability insurance due to family status change as long as the change to your voluntary disability insurance does not exceed the guarantee issue amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits. Proof of insurability will be required on changes that exceed the guarantee issue amount and if proof was previously submitted and declined.

CGP-3-EC-90-1.0

B329.1118

When Your Coverage Starts

Employee benefits that don't require proof that you are insurable are scheduled to start on the effective date shown on the sticker attached to the inside front cover of this booklet.

Employee benefits that require such proof won't start until you send us the proof and we approve it in writing. Once we have approved it, the benefits are scheduled to start on the effective date shown in the endorsement section of your application. A copy of the approved application is furnished to you.

But you must be fully capable of performing the major duties of your regular occupation for your *employer* on a full-time basis at 12:01AM Standard Time for your place of residence on the scheduled effective date or dates. And you must have met all of the applicable conditions explained above, and any applicable waiting period. If you are not fully capable of performing the major duties of your regular occupation on any date part of your insurance is scheduled to start we will postpone that part of your coverage. We will postpone that part of your coverage until the date you are so capable and are working your regular number of hours for one full day, with the expectation that you could do so for one full week.

Sometimes, the effective date shown on the sticker or in the endorsement is not a regularly scheduled work day. If the scheduled effective date falls: on a holiday; on a vacation day; on a non-scheduled work day; or during an approved leave of absence, not due to sickness or injury, of 90 days or less; and if you were performing the major duties of your regular occupation and working your regular number of hours on your last regularly scheduled work day, your coverage will start on the scheduled effective date. However, any coverage or part of coverage for which you must elect and pay all or part of the cost, will not start if you are on an approved leave and such coverage or part of coverage was not previously in force for you under a prior plan which this *plan* replaced.

CGP-3-EC-90-2.0

B329.0321

Employee Coverage (Cont.)

Delayed Effective Date For Disability Coverage

With respect to this *plan's* disability insurance, if an *employee* is not actively at work on a *full-time* basis on the date his or her coverage is scheduled to start, due to *sickness* or *injury*, we'll postpone coverage for an otherwise covered loss due to that condition. We'll postpone such coverage until he or she completes 10 consecutive days of active *full-time* service without missing a work day due to the same condition.

Coverage for an otherwise covered loss due to all other conditions will start on the date the *employee* returns to active *full-time* service.

CGP-3-DEF-97

B329.0103

When Your Coverage Ends

Your short term disability coverage ends on the date your active *full-time* service ends for any reason, except as noted below under "Continuation of Coverage During Disability".

It also ends on the date you stop being a member of a class of *employees* eligible for insurance under this *plan*, or when this *plan* ends for all *employees*. And it ends when this *plan* is changed so that benefits for the class of *employees* to which you belong ends.

It ends on the date you are no longer working in the United States, or working outside of the United States for a United States based employer in a country or region approved by us.

If you are required to pay all or part of the cost of this coverage and you fail to do so, your coverage ends. It ends on the last day of the period for which you made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons.

Continuation of Coverage During Disability

If you are disabled, as defined by this *plan* when your active *full-time* service ends, coverage remains in force during: (a) the elimination period, subject to premium payment, if: (i) the disability is not excluded under the *plan*; and (ii) benefits are not excluded due to application of this *plan's* pre-existing condition provision; and (b) the period for which benefits are payable under the *plan*. However, if no benefits are payable under this *plan* due to application of the *plan's* exclusion for a job related injury or sickness, coverage will remain in force until the earlier of the date: (a) you are terminated from employment with the employer; or (b) you have been disabled for six months.

CGP-3-EC-90-3.0

B329.0981

When Your Coverage Ends

Your long term disability coverage ends on the date your active *full-time* service ends for any reason.

It also ends on the date you stop being a member of a class of *employees* eligible for insurance under this *plan*, or when this *plan* ends for all *employees*. And it ends when this *plan* is changed so that benefits for the class of *employees* to which you belong ends.

It ends on the date you are no longer working in the United States, or working outside of the United States for a United States based employer in a country or region approved by us.

If you are required to pay all or part of the cost of this coverage and you fail to do so, your coverage ends. It ends on the last day of the period for which you made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons.

However, if you are disabled, as defined by this *plan* when your active *full-time* service ends, coverage remains in force during: (a) the elimination period, subject to premium payment, if: (i) the disability is not excluded under the *plan*; and (ii) benefits are not excluded due to application of this *plan*'s pre-existing condition provision; and (b) the period for which benefits are payable under the *plan*.

CGP-3-EC-90-3.0

B329.0933

An Employee's Right To Continue Group Short and Long Term Disability Income Insurance During A Family Leave Of Absence

Important Notice	This section may not apply to an <i>employer's</i> plan. You must contact your <i>employer</i> to find out if your <i>employer</i> must allow for a leave of absence under federal law. In that case the section applies.
Continuation of Disability Coverage	Short Term Disability and Long Term Disability income coverage may be continued, under a uniform, non-discriminatory policy applicable to all employees. You must contact your <i>employer</i> to find out if you may continue this coverage.
If Your Group Insurance Would End	Group Short Term Disability and Long term Disability income insurance may normally end for an <i>employee</i> because he or she ceases work due to an approved leave of absence. But, the <i>employee</i> may continue his or her group coverage if the leave of absence has been granted: (a) to allow the <i>employee</i> to care for a seriously injured or ill spouse, child or parent; (b) after the birth or adoption of a child; (c) due to the <i>employee's</i> own serious health condition; or (d) because of any serious injury or illness arising out of the fact that a spouse, child, parent, or next of kin, who is a covered servicemember, of the <i>employee</i> is on active duty (or has been notified of an impending call or order to active duty) in the Armed Forces in support of a contingency operation. The <i>employee</i> will be required to pay the same share of the premium as he or she paid before the leave of absence.
When Continuation Ends	Coverage may continue until the earliest of the following: • The date you return to active work. • In the case of a leave granted to you to care for a covered servicemember: The end of a total leave period of 26 weeks in one 12 month period. This 26 week total leave period applies to all leaves granted to you under this section for all reasons. If you take an additional leave of absence in a subsequent 12 month period, continued coverage will cease at the end of a total leave period of 12 weeks. • In any other case: The end of a total leave period of 12 weeks in any 12 month period. • The date on which your <i>Employer's Plan</i> is terminated or you are no longer eligible for coverage under this <i>Plan</i>. • The end of the period for which the premium has been paid.

An Employee's Right To Continue Group Short and Long Term Disability Income Insurance During A Family Leave Of Absence (Cont.)

Definitions As used in this section, the terms listed below have the meanings shown below:

- **Active Duty:** This term means duty under a call or order to active duty in the Armed Forces of the United States.
- **Contingency Operation:** This term means a military operation that: (a) is designated by the Secretary of Defense as an operation in which members of the armed forces are or may become involved in military actions, operations, or hostilities against an enemy of the United States or against an opposing military force; or (b) results in the call or order to, or retention on, active duty of members of the uniformed services under any provision of law during a war or during a national emergency declared by the President or Congress.
- **Covered Servicemember:** This term means a member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who for a serious injury or illness: (a), is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy; (b) is otherwise in outpatient status; or (c) is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list.
- **Next Of Kin:** This term means the nearest blood relative of the *employee*.
- **Outpatient Status:** This term means, with respect to a covered servicemember, that he or she is assigned to: (a) a military medical treatment facility as an outpatient; or (b) a unit established for the purpose of providing command and control of members of the Armed Forces receiving medical care as outpatients.
- **Serious Injury Or Illness:** This term means, in the case of a covered servicemember, an injury or illness incurred by him or her in line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces that may render him or her medically unfit to perform the duties of his or her office, grade, rank, or rating.

CGP-3-STD07-3.0

B329.1111

SHORT TERM DISABILITY HIGHLIGHTS

This page provides a quick guide to some of the plan features about which people most often want to know. But it's not a complete description of your short term disability *plan*. Read the following pages carefully for a complete explanation of what we pay, limit, and exclude.

SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS

CGP-3-STD07-HL	B340.0086
Elimination Period	<i>For disability due to injury</i> 14 days
	<i>For disability due to sickness</i> 14 days
CGP-3-STD07-HL	B340.0088
Maximum Payment Period	<i>For disability due to injury</i> 11 weeks
	<i>For disability due to sickness</i> 11 weeks
	Payments for a pre-existing condition will be limited to a maximum of 2 weeks.
CGP-3-STD07-HL	B340.0091
Gross Weekly Benefit	60% of your <i>insured earnings</i> , rounded to the nearest \$1.00, if not already a multiple thereof, limited to a maximum of \$1,500.00.
	Note: We integrate your <i>gross weekly benefit</i> with certain other income you may receive. Read all of the terms of this <i>plan</i> to see what income we integrate with, and how.
CGP-3-STD07-HL	B340.0094

SHORT TERM DISABILITY INCOME INSURANCE

This insurance replaces part of your income if you become *disabled* due to a covered *sickness* or *injury*. What we pay is governed by all the terms of this *plan*.

All terms in italics are defined terms with special meanings. See the definitions section of this *plan*. Other terms with special meanings are defined where they are used.

Benefit Provisions

How Payments Start To start getting payments from this *plan*, you must meet all of the conditions listed below:

- (a) You must: (i) become *disabled* while insured by this *plan*; and (ii) remain *disabled* and insured for this *plan's* *elimination period*.
- (b) You must provide proof of loss, as described in this *plan's* Claim Provisions section.

Benefits accrue as of the first day following the end of the *elimination period*, subject to all *plan* terms.

You can satisfy the *elimination period* while working, provided you are *disabled* as defined by this *plan*.

Waiver of Premium We waive your premiums for this insurance while you are entitled to receive a *weekly benefit* payment from this *plan*.

When Payments End Your benefits from this *plan* will end on the earliest of the dates shown below:

- (a) The date you are no longer *disabled*.
- (b) The date you fail to provide proof of loss as required by this *plan*.
- (c) The date you earn, or are able to earn, the maximum earnings allowed while *disabled* under this *plan*.
- (d) The date you are able to perform the major duties of your *own job* on a full-time basis with *reasonable accommodation*.
- (e) The date you have been outside the United States and/or Canada for more than 2 months in a 12 month period.
- (f) The date he or she dies.
- (g) The end of the *maximum payment period*.
- (h) The date no further benefits are payable under any provision in this *plan* that limits the *maximum payment period*.
- (i) The date you are no longer receiving *regular and appropriate care* from a *doctor*.
- (j) The date payments end in accord with a *rehabilitation agreement*.
- (k) The date you refuse to take part in a *rehabilitation program*.

Maximum Payment Period The *maximum payment period* is the longest time that benefits are paid by this *plan* for your *disability*.

But, it may be less than that shown due to: (a) the date you were first treated for the cause of your *disability*; and (b) the length of time you have been insured by this *plan*. See the section entitled "Pre-Existing Conditions" and the Schedule of Benefits.

For *disability* due to *injury*, the *maximum payment period* is 11 weeks.

For *disability* due to *sickness*, the *maximum payment period* is 11 weeks.

CGP-3-STD07-2.0

B340.0010

Recurring Disability Benefits from this *plan* end if you cease to be *disabled*. But, a later *disability* may be treated as a *recurring disability*, if all of the terms listed below are met:

- (a) You must return to *active work* right after your benefits end;
- (b) The *disability* must recur less than two weeks after you were last entitled to benefits;
- (c) The later *disability* must be due to the same or related cause of your earlier *disability*;
- (d) This *plan* must not end during your return to *active work*;
- (e) You must not become covered under any other similar group income replacement plan during the time you return to *active work*;
- (f) During the time you return to *active work*, you must: (i) stay insured by this *plan*; and (ii) premium payments must be made on your behalf; and
- (g) Your benefits must not have ended because you have used up the *maximum payment period*.

If the later *disability* is a *recurring disability*, you will not need to complete a new *elimination period*. The *recurring disability* will be subject to all the terms of the *plan* in effect on the date the earlier *disability* began.

If all of the terms listed above are not met, the later *disability* will be treated as a new period of *disability*. You will be required to complete a new *elimination period*. The new period of *disability* will be subject to all the terms of the *plan* in effect on the date the new period of *disability* occurs.

CGP-3-STD07-3.0

B340.0012

Calculation of Weekly Benefit Your benefit is governed by the terms of the *plan* in effect on the date *disability* occurs. Any changes to this *plan* that take place: (a) while you are *disabled*; or (b) during a period of *active work* that occurs between an initial period of *disability* and a *recurring disability*; will not affect your benefit.

We calculate your *gross weekly benefit* according to the Schedule of Benefits.

From your *gross weekly benefit*, subtract the amount of any income listed in Other Income Benefits that you receive or are entitled to receive. The result is your *weekly benefit*.

CGP-3-STD07-4.0

B340.0014

Redetermination This *plan* redetermines *insured earnings* for each covered person on the date a change in a covered person's *insured earnings* occurs. The *plan sponsor* must report updates to all covered persons' *insured earnings* as they occur. Changes to a covered person's *insured earnings* are subject to any proof of insurability requirements of this *plan*. As of this *plan's* redetermination date, we use a covered person's *insured earnings* on record with us to: (a) set rates; (b) project benefit amounts and limits; and (c) calculate premium payable under this *plan*. However, the covered person must be *actively-at-work* on a full-time basis on that date. If he or she is not, we do not do this until the date he or she returns to *active work* on a full-time basis. But, changes in earnings will not apply to a *recurring disability*.

CGP-3-STD07-4.1

B340.0041

Other Income Benefits You may receive, or be entitled to receive, income shown in the list below. We will reduce your gross weekly benefit by such other income benefits to determine your weekly benefit from this plan.

- Commissions or monies: (1) received; (2) payable but deferred; or (3) paid after disability benefits start. This includes: (a) vested and nonvested renewal commissions; (b) bonuses; (c) royalties; (d) profit sharing; and (e) other distributions.
- Disability benefits from any mandated benefit act or law. This includes all temporary disability or state disability benefits required by law.
- Disability benefits from all group plans of: (1) the plan sponsor; or (2) the employer. This includes payments made by a group life insurance plan due to your disability. This does not include payments made from a group life insurance plan's: (a) accelerated death benefit; or (b) like provision that allows payment of such plan's proceeds due to terminal illness.
- Disability benefits from any other group plan; but, if the other group plan was in force prior to this plan, and the other group plan also deducts for disability benefits from any other group plan, we will not deduct these other group disability benefits.

- Benefits as shown below from: (1) the United States Social Security Act; (2) the Railroad Retirement Act; or (3) any other like U.S. or Canadian plan or act.
 - (a) All disability benefits for which: (i) you are entitled; and (ii) your spouse and children are entitled due to your disability;
 - (b) All unreduced retirement benefits for which: (i) you are entitled; and (ii) your spouse and children are entitled due to your entitlement; and
 - (c) All reduced retirement benefits paid to: (i) you; and (ii) your spouse and children due to your receipt of such benefits.

We do not reduce your gross weekly benefit by the retirement benefits described in (b) and (c) above, to the extent that you and your dependents were entitled to receive such income prior to the start of disability. We will reduce the gross weekly benefit by marginal increases in such income you and your dependents were entitled to receive after disability begins.

We will reduce your gross weekly benefit by benefits referred to in (a), (b) and (c) above, net of attorney fees approved by the Social Security Administration.

We will reduce your gross weekly benefit by benefits referred to in (a), (b) and (c) above to which your spouse and children are entitled due to your receipt of, or entitlement for, disability benefits. We do this without regard to: (a) your marital status; (b) where you live; (c) where your spouse lives; (d) where your child lives; or (e) any custody arrangements made on behalf of your child.

- Income of the type that is included in your insured earnings for purposes of determining your gross weekly benefit under this plan.
- That portion of retirement plan retirement benefits which the employer funds.
- That portion of retirement plan disability benefits which the employer funds.
- Retirement benefits or retirement plan disability benefits, due to your *disability*, from any *government plan* other than those shown above.
- Disability benefits from any: (1) *no-fault motor vehicle* coverage; (2) motor vehicle financial responsibility act; or (3) like law.
- Payment or settlement, with or without admission of liability, from: (1) a Workers' Compensation law; (2) an occupational disease law; or (3) any other act or law of like intent. This includes: (a) the Jones' Act; (b) the Longshoreman's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act; or (c) any Maritime doctrine of Maintenance, Wages or Cure. If you receive a payment net of attorney fees approved by the Workers' Compensation Board or similar authority, we reduce our benefit by the net payment.
- Disability benefits from any third party when your *disability* is the result of the negligence or intentional tort liability of that third party.
- Unemployment compensation benefits.

- Payment from your *employer* as part of a termination or severance agreement.

We integrate your *gross weekly benefit* with income shown above that you are entitled to receive without regard to the reason you are entitled to receive it.

Our right to reduce your benefit by such income shall not be negated by a transfer of claim liability to a third party. Payment by such third party by law, settlement, judgment, waiver or otherwise shall not negate our right.

CGP-3-STD07-4.2

B340.0022

**Other Income Not
Subject to
Deduction**

We will not reduce your *gross weekly benefit* by any income you receive or are entitled to receive from the list below.

- Deferred compensation arrangements such as 401(k), 403(b) or 457 plans;
- Profit sharing plans;
- Thrift plans;
- Tax sheltered annuities;
- Stock ownership plans;
- Individual Retirement Accounts (IRA);
- Individual disability income plans;
- Credit disability insurance;
- Non qualified plans of deferred compensation;
- Pension plans for partners;
- Retirement plans of another employer not affiliated with this *plan*;
- Military pension and disability plans;
- Income from a sick leave, salary continuance, or Paid Time Off plan.

**Lump Sum
Payments of Other
Income**

Income with which we integrate may be paid in a lump sum. In this case, we take the equivalent weekly rate stated in the award into account when we determine your *weekly benefit*. If no weekly rate is given, we divide the lump sum payment by the number of calendar days in the period for which it was awarded. This will determine the daily rate. Then, multiply the daily rate by seven. The result is the prorated weekly rate.

**Cost of Living
Freeze**

You may receive a cost of living increase in other income with which we integrate. In this case, we do not further reduce your *weekly benefit* by the amount of such increase.

**Application for
Other Income**

You must apply for other income benefits to which you may be entitled. If these benefits are denied, you must appeal until: (a) all possible appeals have been made; or (b) we notify you that no further appeals are required.

If we feel you are entitled to receive such income benefits, we will estimate the amount due to you and your spouse and children. We will take this estimated amount into account when we determine your *weekly benefit*. But, we will not take this estimated amount into account if you sign our reimbursement agreement. In this agreement you promise: (a) to apply for any benefits for which you may be eligible; (b) to appeal any denial of such benefits until all possible appeals have been made; and (c) to repay any amount we overpaid due to an award of such benefits.

If we do reduce your *gross weekly benefit* by an estimated amount, we will adjust your *weekly benefit* when we receive written proof: (a) of the amount awarded; or (b) that the other income benefits have been denied; and no further appeals are possible. If we underpaid you, we pay the full amount of the underpayment in a lump sum.

We will assist you in applying for other income benefits.

CGP-3-STD07-4.3

B340.0105

Adjustment of Weekly Benefit for Disability Earnings

We adjust the *weekly benefit for disability earnings* as follows.

We pay the greater of the amount calculated under Method 1 or Method 2.

Method 1:

We reduce Your Weekly Benefit by 50% of Your Disability Earnings.

Method 2:

- (a) Subtract Your Disability Earnings from Your Insured Earnings.
- (b) Divide the result in (a) above by Your Insured Earnings.
- (c) Multiply the result in (b) above by Your Weekly Benefit. This is the amount We pay.
- (a) If the sum of your *gross weekly benefit* and your *disability earnings* is not more than 100% of your *insured earnings*, we do not reduce your *weekly benefit*.
- (b) If the sum of your *gross weekly benefit* and your *disability Earnings* is more than 100% of your *insured earnings*, we reduce your *weekly benefit* by the amount over 100% of your *insured earnings*.

If your *disability earnings* fluctuate widely from week to week, we may adjust your *weekly benefit* using an average *disability earnings* amount. The average *disability earnings* amount will be computed using your most current week's *disability earnings* and the prior two weeks *disability earnings*.

Maximum Allowable Disability Earnings

This *plan* limits the amount of income you may earn, or may be able to earn, and still be considered *disabled*.

If your *disability earnings* are more than 80% of your *insured earnings*, payments from this *plan* will end. Payments from this *plan* will also end if you are able to earn more than 80% of your *insured earnings*.

CGP-3-STD07-5.0

B340.0108

Minimum Payment The minimum weekly payment for *disability* under this *plan* is \$25.00.

CGP-3-STD07-5.1

B340.0076

Pre-Existing Conditions A pre-existing condition is an *injury* or *sickness*, whether diagnosed or misdiagnosed, and any symptoms thereof, for which, in the look back period, you:

- (a) receive advice or treatment from a *doctor*;
- (b) undergo diagnostic procedures other than routine screening in the absence of symptoms or suspicion of disease process by a *doctor*;
- (c) are prescribed or take prescription drugs; or
- (d) receive other medical care or treatment, including consultation with a *doctor*.

The "look back period" is the 3 months before the latest of: (a) the effective date of your insurance under this *plan*; (b) the effective date of a change that increases the benefits payable by this *plan*; and (c) the effective date of a change in your benefit election that increases the benefit payable by this *plan*.

For any *disability*: (a) caused by; (b) contributed to by; or (c) resulting from; a pre-existing condition, we limit the *maximum payment period* to 2 weeks; unless the *disability* starts after the date you are insured under this *plan* for 12 months in a row.

Disability that is: (a) caused by; (b) contributed to by; or (c) resulting from; a pre-existing condition may begin after: (a) a change which provides for an increase in the benefits payable by this *plan*; or (b) a change in your benefit election which increases the benefit payable by this *plan*. In this case, your benefit will be limited to the amount that would have been payable had the change not taken place. But, this limit does not apply if your *disability* starts after the change has been in force for 12 months in a row.

We do not cover any *disability* that starts before your insurance under this *plan*.

CGP-3-STD07-6.1

B340.0183

Prior Coverage Credit If this *plan* replaces a similar income replacement plan the *plan sponsor* had with another insurer, the pre-existing condition provision may not apply to you. This *plan* must start right after the old plan ends.

The pre-existing condition provision will be waived for any covered person who: (a) is *actively working* on the effective date of this *plan*; and (b) fulfilled the requirements of any pre-existing condition provision of the old plan.

If you: (a) were covered under the old plan when it ended; (b) enroll for insurance under this *plan* on or before this *plan's* effective date; and (c) are *actively working* on the effective date of this *plan*; but (d) have not fulfilled the requirements of any pre-existing condition provision of the old plan; we credit any time used to meet the old plan's pre-existing condition provision toward meeting this *plan's* pre-existing condition provision.

But, we limit your *maximum weekly benefit* under this *plan* if: (a) it is more than the maximum weekly benefit for which you were insured under the old plan; (b) you become *disabled* due to a pre-existing condition; and (c) this *plan* pays benefits for such *disability* because we credit time as explained above. In this case, we limit the *maximum weekly benefit* to the amount you would have been entitled to under the old plan.

We deduct all payments made by the old plan under an extension provision.

CGP-3-STD07-6.2

B340.0053

Exclusions This *plan* does not pay benefits for *disability* caused by, or related to:

- (a) declared or undeclared war, act of war, or armed aggression;
- (b) service in the armed forces, National Guard, or military reserves of any state or country;
- (c) you taking part in a riot or civil disorder;
- (d) your commission of, or attempt to commit a felony, for which you have been convicted;
- (e) you being engaged in an illegal occupation;
- (f) your voluntary use of any poison, chemical, prescription or non-prescription drug or controlled substance unless: (a) it was prescribed for you by a *doctor*; and (b) it was used as prescribed. In the case of a non-prescription drug, we do not pay for any loss resulting from or contributed to by your use in a manner inconsistent with package instructions. A controlled substance is anything called a controlled substance in Title II of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970, as amended from time to time;
- (g) intentional self-inflicted injuries; or
- (h) job-related or on-the-job injury.

We do not pay any benefits for any period of *disability*:

- (1) during which you are confined to a facility as a result of your conviction of a crime;
- (2) during which you are receiving medical treatment or care outside the United States or Canada unless expressly authorized by us;
- (3) which starts before you are insured by this *plan*; or
- (4) during which your loss of earnings is not solely due to your *disability*.

CGP-3-STD07-7.0

B340.1255

Services

Rehabilitation and Case Management

We will review your *disability* to see if certain services are likely to help you return to *gainful work*. If needed, we may ask for more medical or vocational information.

When our review is complete, we may offer you a *rehabilitation program*. We have the right to suspend or end your *weekly benefit* if you do not accept it.

The *rehabilitation program* will start when a written *rehabilitation agreement* is signed by: (1) you; (2) us; and (3) your *employer*, if needed. The program may include, but is not limited to:

- (a) vocational assessment of your work potential;
- (b) coordination and transition planning with an employer for your return to work;
- (c) consulting with your *doctor* on your return to work and need for accommodations;
- (d) training in job seeking skills and resume preparation;
- (e) retraining; and
- (f) assistance with child care expenses you incur in order to participate in a *rehabilitation program*. (See the Dependent Care Expenses section of this *plan*.)

We have the right to determine which services are appropriate.

If you accept the *rehabilitation agreement*, we will pay an enhanced benefit. The enhanced benefit will be 110% of the *weekly benefit* that would otherwise be paid. This enhanced benefit will be payable as of the first *weekly benefit* after the *rehabilitation program* starts.

We stop paying the enhanced benefit on the earliest of:

- (a) The date your benefits from this *plan* end;
- (b) The date you violate the terms of the *rehabilitation agreement*;
- (c) The date you end the *rehabilitation program*; and
- (d) The date the *rehabilitation agreement* ends.

If you end a *rehabilitation program* without our consent, you must repay any enhanced benefits paid.

Dependent Care Expenses While you are participating in a *rehabilitation program*, we will pay a dependent care expense benefit, when all of the following conditions are met:

- (a) you incur expense to provide care for a qualified dependent;
- (b) the care is provided by a licensed provider other than a family member.

A qualified dependent is: (a) dependent upon you for main support and maintenance; and (b) under the age of fourteen and your: (i) biological child; (ii) lawfully adopted child; (iii) stepchild; or (iv) any other child who is living with you in a regular parent-child relationship.

The dependent care expense benefit will be the lesser of: (a) \$100 per week per qualified dependent; not to exceed \$300 per week for all qualified dependents combined; and (b) the actual weekly day care expense incurred by you.

We will stop paying the dependent care expense benefit on the earlier of the date you are no longer: (a) incurring dependent care expenses for a qualified dependent; (b) participating in a *rehabilitation program*; or (c) entitled to receive a *weekly benefit* from this *plan*.

CGP-3-STD07-8.0

B340.1360

**Worksite
Modification Benefit**

In order to accommodate your *disability*, an employer may incur a cost to modify your worksite. We may reimburse the employer, up to \$2,500 for the cost of the worksite modification. We make this payment if we agree that the modification will enable you to: (a) return to work; or (b) remain at work.

CGP-3-STD07-8.1

B340.0058

Claim Provisions

Authority We have the sole discretionary authority to: (a) interpret the terms of this *plan*; and (b) determine your eligibility for: (i) coverage; and (ii) benefits under the *plan*. All such determinations are conclusive and binding, except that they may be modified or reversed by a court or regulatory agency with appropriate jurisdiction.

Notice You must send us written notice of your intent to file a claim under this *plan* as described in "Accident and Health Claims Provisions."

For details, you can call Guardian at 1-800-268-2525.

Proof of Loss When we receive your notice, we will provide you with a claim form for filing proof of loss. This form requires data from the *employer*, you, and the *doctor(s)* treating you for your *sickness* or *injury*. Proof of loss must be given to us within the time stated in "Accident and Health Claims Provisions." If you do not receive a claim form within 15 days of the date you sent your notice, you should send us written proof of loss without waiting for the form.

Proof of loss, provided at your expense, consists of the following. Failure to provide this information may delay, suspend, reduce or terminate your benefits.

- (a) The date *disability* began;
- (b) Your last day of *active work*;
- (c) The cause of *disability*;
- (d) The extent of *disability*, including limitations and restrictions preventing you from performing the major duties of your *own job*.
- (e) If your occupation requires that you carry liability or malpractice insurance, any changes to such insurance that become effective on or after the date of *disability*;
- (f) *Objective medical evidence* in support of your limitations and restrictions, beginning with the date *disability* began;
- (g) The prognosis of *disability*;
- (h) The name and address of all *doctors*, hospitals and health care facilities where you have been treated for your *disability* since the date *disability* began;

- (i) Proof that you: (i) are currently; and (ii) have been receiving *regular and appropriate care* from a *doctor*, from the date *disability* began;
- (j) Proof of *insured earnings*, and, if applicable, *disability earnings*;
- (k) Payroll or absence data from the *employer* for the three months prior to the date *disability* began, or other period we specify;
- (l) Proof of application for all other sources of income to which you may be entitled, that may affect your payment from this *plan*; and
- (m) Proof of receipt of other income that may affect your payment from this *plan*.

You must provide *objective medical evidence* from a *doctor* who is not yourself, your spouse, child, parent, sibling or business associate.

Proof of *insured earnings* and *disability earnings* may consist of: (1) copies of your W-2 forms; (2) payroll records from your employer(s); (3) copies of your U.S. Individual Income Tax Returns; (4) copies of the U.S. income tax returns from any business in which you hold an ownership or shareholder interest; (5) a statement from a certified public accountant; (6) copies of any income records accepted or required by the I.R.S; or (7) any other records we deem necessary.

Proof of loss and other claim data should be submitted to:

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America
Group Short Term Disability Claims Department
P.O. Box 26160
Lehigh Valley, PA 18002-6160.

Authorization Required You must provide us with written, unaltered authorizations to obtain medical, financial, vocational, occupational, and governmental information required to determine our liability under this *plan*. You must provide us with such authorizations as often as we may require, in order that they remain current. Failure to provide such authorizations may delay, suspend or terminate your benefits.

Right to Request Medical, Financial or Vocational Assessment We may ask you to take part in a medical, financial, vocational or other assessment that we feel is necessary to determine whether the terms of the *plan* are met. We may require this as often as we feel is reasonably necessary. We will pay for all such assessments. But, if you postpone a scheduled assessment without our approval, you will be responsible for any rescheduling fees. If you do not take part in or cooperate with the assessment, we have the right to stop or suspend your payments under this *plan*.

Ongoing Proof of Loss To continue to receive payments from this *plan*, you must give us current proof of loss as often as we may reasonably require. Ongoing proof of loss must be provided to us within 30 days of the date we request it.

Payment of Benefits We pay benefits to you, if you are legally competent. If you are not, we pay benefits to the legal representative of your estate. Benefits are paid in US dollars.

We pay benefits on a biweekly basis at the end of the period for which they are payable.

No benefits are payable for this *plan's elimination period*.

Benefits to which you are entitled may remain unpaid at your death. Such benefits may be paid at our discretion to: (a) your estate; or (b) your spouse, parents, children, or brothers and sisters.

Partial Week Payment You may be *disabled* for only part of a week. In this case, we compute your payment as 1/7th of the benefit to which you would be entitled for the full week times the number of days you are *disabled*.

Overpayment Recovery If we overpaid you, you must repay us in full. We have the right to reduce your payment or apply any benefits payable, including the minimum payment, toward recovery of the overpayment.

CGP-3-STD07-11.0

B340.0060

Definitions

Active Work, Actively-At-Work or Actively Working You are able to perform and are performing all of the regular duties of your work for your *employer*, on a full-time basis at: (a) one of your *employer's* usual places of business; (b) some place where your *employer's* business requires you to travel; or (c) any other place you and your *employer* have agreed on for your work.

CGP-3-STD07-12.0

B340.0062

Disability or Disabled These terms mean that a current *sickness* or *injury* causes physical or mental impairment to such a degree that you are: (a) not able to perform, on a full-time basis, the major duties of your *own job* and (b) not able to earn more than this plan's maximum allowed *disability earnings*.

You may be required, on average, to work more than 40 hours per week. In this case, you are not *disabled* if you are able to work for 40 hours per week.

Neither: (a) loss of a professional or occupational license; or (b) receipt of or entitlement to Social Security disability benefits; in and of themselves constitute *disability* under this *plan*.

CGP-3-STD07-12.2

B340.0064

Disability Earnings The weekly income you earn from working while *disabled*. It includes salaries, wages, commissions, bonuses and any other compensation earned or accrued while working including pension, profit sharing contributions, sick pay, paid time off, holiday and vacation pay. When you have an ownership interest in the business, *disability earnings* also includes business profits, attributable to you, whether received or not. It includes any income you earn while *disabled* and return to your *employer*, partnership, or any other similar business arrangement to cover any business or overhead expenses. If you have the ability to work on a *part-time* or full-time basis, following the earlier of the date you: (a) have been terminated from employment with the *employer*; (b) have been *disabled* for 3 months in a row; or (c) have been offered a job or workplace modification by the *employer* and you do not return to work; *disability earnings* also includes *maximum capacity earnings*.

Doctor Any medical practitioner we are required by law to recognize. He or she must: (a) be properly licensed or certified by the laws of the state where he or she practices; and (b) provide services that are within the lawful scope of his or her practice.

Elimination Period The period of time you must be *disabled*, due to a covered *disability*, before this *plan's* benefits are payable.

Any days during which you return to work earning more than 80% of your *insured earnings* will not count toward the *elimination period*. If you are or become eligible under any other similar group income replacement plan while you are working during the *elimination period*, you will not be entitled to benefits from this *plan*.

We do not require you to complete an *elimination period* if: (a) you were covered under a similar income replacement plan the *plan sponsor* had with another insurer on the day before this *plan* starts; (b) your *disability* would have been a recurring disability under the prior plan had it remained in effect.

Employer The business entity that employs you and is: (a) the *plan sponsor*; or (b) associated with the *plan sponsor*.

Gainful Occupation or Gainful Work Work for which you are, or may become, qualified by: (a) training; (b) education; or (c) experience. When you are able to perform such work on a full-time basis, you can be expected to earn at least 80% of your *insured earnings* within 12 months of returning to work.

Government Plan Any of the following: (1) the United States Social Security Act; (2) the Railroad Retirement Act; (3) the Canadian Pension Plan; or (4) any other plan provided under the laws of a state, province or any other political subdivision. It also includes: (a) any public employee retirement plan; or (b) any plan provided in place of the above named plan or acts. It does not include: (i) any Workers' Compensation Act or similar law; (ii) the Jones' Act; (iii) the Longshoreman's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act; or (iv) the Maritime Doctrine of Maintenance, Wages, or Cure.

Gross Weekly Benefit This *plan's* *weekly benefit* before it is integrated with other income and earnings.

Injury A bodily *injury* due to an accident that occurs, independent of all other causes, while you are insured by this *plan*. We will cover a *disability* caused by an *injury* when the *disability* starts within 90 days of the date of such *injury*.

CGP-3-STD07-12.12

B340.0067

Insured Earnings: Only a covered person's earnings from the *employer* will be included as *insured earnings*.

We calculate benefit amounts and limits based on the amount of the covered person's *insured earnings* as of the Redetermination date immediately prior to the start of his or her *disability*. See the "Redetermination" section of this *plan*.

For Partners and S Corporation Shareholders:

Insured earnings means the sum of the amounts listed below, divided by 52.

- (a) His or her compensation as an employee or S Corporation shareholder, as reported on his or her Federal Income Tax Return, Form 1040, for the prior calendar year, less the gross total of unadjusted employee business expenses as included on the corresponding Schedule A-Itemized Deductions;
- (b) His or her non-passive income (loss) from trade or business as reported on Schedule E-Part II of his or her Federal Income Tax Return, Form 1040, for the prior calendar year, less any expenses incurred and reported elsewhere on his or her Return; and
- (c) His or her contributions during the prior calendar year, deposited into a:
 - (a) cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section: 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan; and (b) elective employee pre-tax deferrals to a Section 125 plan or flexible spending account.

The covered person may not have been a partner or S Corporation shareholder for the entire previous calendar year. In this case, the covered person's earnings are based on the weekly average of the sum of the listed amounts, averaged for the full number of weeks that he or she was a partner or an S Corporation shareholder during such calendar year.

For Sole Proprietors:

Insured earnings means: (a) the average weekly net profit as determined from Schedule C - Part II of the covered person's Federal Income Tax Return, Form 1040, for the prior calendar year; plus (b) the covered person's average weekly contribution during the prior calendar year deposited into a: (i) cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section: 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan; and (ii) a Section 125 plan or flexible spending account. Weekly net profit is calculated as gross income less total expenses. The covered person may not have been a sole proprietor for the previous calendar year. In this case, we calculate average weekly net profit and average weekly contributions using the full number of weeks that he or she was a sole proprietor during such calendar year.

For Covered Persons Who Are Compensated on Less Than a 12 Month Basis:

Insured earnings means the covered person's average rate of weekly earnings determined from his or her annual contract salary. *Insured earnings* also includes the covered person's contributions deposited into a: (a) cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section: 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan; and (b) elective employee pre-tax deferrals to a Section 125 plan or flexible spending account. *Insured earnings* does not include bonuses, commissions, overtime pay, expense accounts, stock options and any other extra compensation. We do not include pay for hours worked or billed over 40 per week. Earnings based on excluded income and *employer* contributions deposited into such 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan are excluded.

For Covered Persons Whose Income Is Reported on a IRS Form 1099:

Insured earnings means the covered person's average rate of weekly earnings as figured from the 1099 form received from the *employer* for the prior calendar year, calculated as (a) minus (b), divided by 52 or the number of weeks the covered person worked for the *employer* during such calendar year, if less than 52.

- (a) his or her earned income as reported on the 1099 form.
- (b) business expenses, as reported on Schedule C - Part II of his or her Federal Income Tax Return, Form 1040.

Insured earnings also includes the covered person's contributions deposited into a: (a) cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section: 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan; and (b) elective employee pre-tax deferrals to a Section 125 plan or flexible spending account.

Earnings based on excluded income and *employer* contributions deposited into such 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan are excluded.

For All Other Covered Persons:

Insured earnings means a covered person's base weekly salary. *Insured earnings* also includes the covered person's contributions deposited into a: (a) cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section: 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan; and (b) elective employee pre-tax deferrals to a Section 125 plan or flexible spending account. *Insured earnings* does not include bonuses, commissions, overtime pay, expense accounts, stock options and any other extra compensation. We do not include pay for hours worked or billed over 40 per week. Earnings based on excluded income and *employer* contributions deposited into such 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan are excluded.

CGP-3-STD07-12.13

B340.1190

Maximum Capacity Earnings The income you could earn if working to the fullest extent you are able to in your *own job*. We decide the fullest extent of work you are able to do based on objective data provided by any or all of the following sources: (a) your treating *doctor*; (b) impartial medical or vocational exams; (c) peer review specialists; (d) functional capacities exams; and (e) other medical and vocational specialists whose area of expertise is appropriate to your *disability*.

Maximum Payment Period The longest time that benefits are paid by this *plan*.

No-Fault Motor Vehicle Coverage A motor vehicle plan that pays disability or medical benefits no matter who was at fault in an accident.

Objective Medical Evidence May include but is not limited to: (a) diagnostic testing; (b) laboratory reports; and (c) medical records of a *doctor's* exam documenting: (i) clinical signs; (ii) presence of symptoms; and (iii) test results consistent with generally accepted medical standards supported by nationally recognized authorities in the health care field.

Own Job Your job for the *employer*. We use the job description provided by the *plan sponsor* to determine the duties and requirements of your *own job*.

CGP-3-STD07-12.14

B340.0082

Part-Time The ability to work and earn between 40% and 80% of *insured earnings*.

Plan Sponsor The *employer*, association, union, trustee, or other group to which this *plan* is issued.

Reasonable Accommodation Any modification or adjustment to: (i) a job; (ii) an employment practice; (iii) a work process; or (iv) the work place; that an employer willingly provides. The modification or adjustment must make it possible for a *disabled* person to: (1) reach the same level of performance as a similarly situated non-disabled person; or (2) enjoy equal benefits and privileges of employment as are available to a similarly situated non-disabled person. The modification or adjustment must not place an undue hardship on the *employer*.

Recurring Disability A later *disability* that: (a) is related to an earlier *disability* for which this *plan* paid benefits; and (b) meets the conditions described in "Recurring Disability."

Regular and Appropriate Care Means, with respect to your: (a) disabling condition; and (b) any other condition which, if left untreated, would adversely affect your disabling condition; you (i) visit a *doctor* as frequently as medically required, according to generally accepted medical standards, to effectively manage these conditions; and (ii) are receiving the most appropriate treatment, according to generally accepted medical standards, designed to achieve maximum medical improvement in these conditions. Treatment must be provided by a *doctor(s)* whose specialty is most appropriate for your: (a) *disability*; and (b) any other conditions which left untreated would adversely affect your disabling condition; according to generally accepted medical standards. Generally accepted medical standards are those supported by nationally recognized authorities in the health care field including: the American Medical Association (AMA); the AMA Board of Medical Specialties; the Food and Drug Administration; the Centers for Disease Control; the National Cancer Institute; the National Institutes of Health; the Department of Health and Human Services; and any other agency of similar repute.

Rehabilitation Agreement A formal agreement between: (a) you; (b) us; and (c) your *employer*, if needed. It outlines the *rehabilitation program* in which you agree to take part.

Rehabilitation Program A program of work or job-related training for you that we approve in writing. Its aim is to restore your wage earning abilities.

Retirement Plan A defined benefit or defined contribution plan funded wholly or in part by the *employer's* deposits for your benefit. The term does not include: (a) profit sharing plans; (b) thrift plans; (c) non-qualified deferred compensation plans; (d) individual retirement accounts; (e) tax sheltered annuities; (f) 401(k), 403(b), 457 or similar plans; or (g) stock ownership plans.

Retirement Plan "retirement benefits" are lump sum or periodic payments at normal or early retirement. Some *retirement plans* make payments for disability (as defined by those plans) that start before normal retirement age. When such payments reduce the amount that would have been paid at normal retirement age, they are *retirement benefits*. When such payments do not reduce the normal retirement amount, they are "**disability benefits**."

Sickness An illness or disease. Pregnancy is treated as a *sickness* under this *plan*.

We, Us, and Guardian The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America.

Weekly Benefit This *plan's gross weekly benefit* reduced by other income. If you are working while *disabled*, your *weekly benefit* will be further reduced based on the amount of your *disability earnings*.

CGP-3-STD07-12.15

B340.0084

LONG TERM DISABILITY HIGHLIGHTS

SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS

This page provides a quick guide to some of the plan features about which people most often want to know. But it's not a complete description of your long term disability plan. Read the following pages carefully for a complete explanation of what we pay, limit, and exclude.

CGP-3-LTD07-HL

B380.2868

Own Occupation Period The first 24 months of benefit payments from this plan.

CGP-3-LTD07-HL

B380.2630

Elimination Period For disability due to injury 90 days
For disability due to sickness 90 days

CGP-3-LTD07-HL

B380.2632

Maximum Payment Period See the following table:

For a disability starting before the *employee* reaches age 60, the *maximum payment period* will last until the Social Security Normal Retirement Age as shown in the following table:

Employee's Year of Birth	Social Security Normal Retirement Age
Before 1938	65
1938	65 and 2 months
1939	65 and 4 months
1940	65 and 6 months
1941	65 and 8 months
1942	65 and 10 months
1943-1954	66
1955	66 and 2 months
1956	66 and 4 months
1957	66 and 6 months
1958	66 and 8 months
1959	66 and 10 months
After 1959	67

For a disability starting on or after the employee reaches age 60, the maximum payment period will be determined according to the following table:

Age When Disability Starts	Maximum Payment Period
Age 60	5.00 years
Age 61	4.00 years
Age 62	3.50 years
Age 63	3.00 years
Age 64	2.50 years
Age 65	2.00 years

Age 66	1.75 years
Age 67	1.50 years
Age 68	1.25 years
Age 69 or older	1.00 year

But if an employee whose disability starts after age 60 reaches the end of the maximum payment from this table before he reaches the Social Security Normal Retirement Age, we will extend his maximum payment period until he reaches Social Security Normal Retirement Age.

CGP-3-LTD07-HL

B380.2634

Maximum Monthly Benefit 60% of your *insured earnings*, rounded to the nearest \$1.00, if not already a multiple thereof, limited to a maximum of \$7,000.00.

NOTE: We integrate your *gross monthly benefit* with certain other income you may receive. Read all the terms of this *plan* to see what income we integrate with, and how.

CGP-3-LTD07-HL

B380.2648

Survivor Benefit 3 times the last monthly benefit after it is reduced by *disability earnings* you received.

CGP-3-LTD07-HL

B380.2736

LONG TERM DISABILITY INCOME INSURANCE

This insurance replaces part of your income if you become *disabled* due to a covered *sickness* or *injury*. What we pay is governed by all the terms of this *plan*.

All terms in italics are defined terms with special meanings. See the definitions section of this *plan*. Other terms with special meanings are defined where they are used.

Benefit Provisions

How Payments Start To start getting payments from this *plan*, you must meet all of the conditions listed below:

- (a) You must: (i) become *disabled* while insured by this *plan*; and (ii) remain *disabled* and insured for this *plan's elimination period*.
- (b) You must provide proof of loss, as described in this *plan's* Claim Provisions section.

Benefits accrue as of the first day following the end of the *elimination period*, subject to all *plan* terms.

You can satisfy the *elimination period* while working, provided you are *disabled* as defined by this *plan*.

Waiver of Premium We waive your premiums for this insurance and for short term disability insurance, if included in the *plan sponsor's* plan of insurance while you are entitled to receive a *monthly benefit* payment from this *plan*.

When Payments End Your benefits from this *plan* will end on the earliest of the dates shown below:

- (a) The date you are no longer *disabled*.
- (b) The date you fail to provide proof of loss as required by this *plan*.
- (c) The date you are able to perform the major duties of your *own occupation* on a full-time basis with *reasonable accommodation*.
- (d) After the *own occupation* period, the date you are able to perform the major duties of any *gainful work* on a full-time basis with *reasonable accommodation*.
- (e) The date you have been outside the United States and/or Canada for more than 2 months in a 12 month period.
- (f) The date he or she dies.
- (g) The end of the *maximum payment period*.
- (h) The date no further benefits are payable under any provision in this *plan* that limits the *maximum payment period*.
- (i) The date you are no longer receiving *regular and appropriate care* from a *doctor*.
- (j) The date payments end in accord with a *rehabilitation agreement*.
- (k) The date you refuse to take part in a *rehabilitation program*.

Maximum Payment Period: The *maximum payment period* is the longest time that benefits are paid by this *plan* for a covered person's *disability*. It is determined by the table shown below.

But, it may be less than that shown due to: (a) the nature of the covered person's *disability*; (b) the date the covered person was first treated for the cause of his or her *disability*; and (c) the length of time the covered person has been insured by this *plan*. See "Disabilities with a Limited Maximum Payment Period" and "Pre-Existing Conditions."

For a *disability* starting before the employee reaches age 60, the *maximum payment period* will last until the Social Security Normal Retirement Age as shown in the following table:

Employee's Year of Birth	Social Security Normal Retirement Age
Before 1938	65
1938	65 and 2 months
1939	65 and 4 months
1940	65 and 6 months
1941	65 and 8 months
1942	65 and 10 months
1943-1954	66
1955	66 and 2 months
1956	66 and 4 months
1957	66 and 6 months
1958	66 and 8 months
1959	66 and 10 months
After 1959	67

For a *disability* starting on or after the employee reaches age 60, the *maximum payment period* will be determined according to the following table:

Age When Disability Starts	Maximum Payment Period
Age 60	5.00 years
Age 61	4.00 years
Age 62	3.50 years
Age 63	3.00 years
Age 64	2.50 years
Age 65	2.00 years
Age 66	1.75 years
Age 67	1.50 years
Age 68	1.25 years
Age 69 or older	1.00 year

But if an employee whose *disability* starts after age 60 reaches the end of the maximum payment from this table before he or she reaches the Social Security Normal Retirement Age, we will extend the *maximum payment period* until he or she reaches Social Security Normal Retirement Age.

CGP-3-LTD07-2.0

B383.0244

Recurring Disability Benefits from this *plan* end if you cease to be *disabled*. But, a later *disability* may be treated as a *recurring disability*, if all of the terms listed below are met:

- (a) You must return to *active work* right after your benefits end;
- (b) The *disability* must recur less than six months after you were last entitled to benefits;
- (c) The later *disability* must be due to the same or related cause of your earlier *disability*;
- (d) This *plan* must not end during your return to *active work*;
- (e) You must not become covered under any other similar group income replacement plan during the time you return to *active work*;
- (f) During the time you return to *active work*, you must: (i) stay insured by this *plan*; and (ii) premium payments must be made on your behalf; and
- (g) Your benefits must not have ended because you have used up the *maximum payment period*.

If the later *disability* is a *recurring disability*, you will not need to complete a new *elimination period*. The *recurring disability* will be subject to all the terms of the *plan* in effect on the date the earlier *disability* began.

If all of the terms listed above are not met, the later *disability* will be treated as a new period of *disability*. You will be required to complete a new *elimination period*. The new period of *disability* will be subject to all the terms of the *plan* in effect on the date the new period of *disability* occurs.

CGP-3-LTD07-3.0

B383.0183

Calculation of Monthly Benefit: Your benefit is governed by the terms of the *plan* in effect on the date *disability* occurs. Any changes to this *plan* that take place: (a) while you are *disabled*; or (b) during a period of *active work* that occurs between an initial period of *disability* and a *recurring disability*; will not affect your benefit.

We calculate your *gross monthly benefit* according to the Schedule of Benefits.

From your *gross monthly benefit*, subtract the amount of any income listed in Other Income Benefits that you receive or are entitled to receive. The result is your *monthly benefit*.

CGP-3-LTD07-4.0

B383.0184

Redetermination: This *plan* redetermines *insured earnings* for each covered person on the date a change in a covered person's *insured earnings* occurs.

The *plan sponsor* must report updates to all covered persons' *insured earnings*. Changes to a covered person's *insured earnings* are subject to any proof of insurability requirements of this *plan*. As of this *plan's* redetermination date, we use a covered person's *insured earnings* on record with us to: (a) set rates; (b) project benefit amounts and limits; and (c) calculate premium payable under this *plan*. However, the covered person must be *actively-at-work* on a full-time basis on that date. If you are not, we do not do this until the date you return to *active work* on a full-time basis. But, changes in earnings will not apply to a *recurring disability*.

CGP-3-LTD07-4.1

B383.0186

Other Income You may receive, or be entitled to receive, income shown in the list below.
Benefits: We will reduce your *gross monthly benefit* by such other income benefits to determine your *monthly benefit* from this *plan*.

- Commissions or monies: (1) received; (2) payable but deferred; or (3) paid after *disability* benefits start. This includes: (a) vested and nonvested renewal commissions; (b) bonuses; (c) royalties; and (d) other distributions.
- Disability benefits from any mandated benefit act or law. This includes all temporary disability or state disability benefits required by law.
- Disability benefits from all group plans of: (1) the *plan sponsor*; or (2) the *employer*. This includes payments made by a group life insurance plan due to your *disability*. This does not include payments made from a group life insurance plan's: (a) accelerated death benefit; or (b) like provision that allows payment of such plan's proceeds due to terminal illness.
- Disability benefits from any other group plan; but, if the other group plan was in force prior to this *plan*, and the other group plan also deducts for disability benefits from any other group plan, we will not deduct these other group disability benefits.
- Income from a sick leave, salary continuance or Paid Time Off plan, but only to the extent that such income plus the amount of your *gross monthly benefit* is more than 100% of your *insured earnings*. This applies whether such plan is sponsored on a formal or informal basis. This includes donated, lump sum and recurrent payments of accrued sick leave benefits. But, if you are working while *disabled*, we will account for such income as described in this *plan's* "Adjustment of Monthly Benefit for Disability Earnings".

- Benefits as shown below from: (1) the United States Social Security Act; (2) the Railroad Retirement Act; or (3) any other like U.S. or Canadian plan or act.
 - (a) All disability benefits for which: (i) you are entitled; and (ii) your spouse and children are entitled due to your *disability*;
 - (b) All unreduced retirement benefits for which: (i) you are entitled; and (ii) your spouse and children are entitled due to your entitlement; and
 - (c) All reduced retirement benefits paid to: (i) you; and (ii) your spouse and children due to your receipt of such benefits.

We do not reduce your *gross monthly benefit* by the retirement benefits described in (b) and (c) above, to the extent that you and your dependents were entitled to receive such income prior to the start of *disability*. We will reduce the *gross monthly benefit* by marginal increases in such income you and your dependents were entitled to receive after *disability* begins.

We will reduce your *gross monthly benefit* by benefits referred to in (a), (b) and (c) above, net of attorney fees approved by the Social Security Administration.

We will reduce your *gross monthly benefit* by benefits referred to in (a), (b) and (c) above to which your spouse and children are entitled due to your receipt of, or entitlement for, disability benefits. We do this without regard to: (a) your marital status; (b) where you live; (c) where your spouse lives; (d) where your child lives; or (e) any custody arrangements made on behalf of your child.

- Income of the type that is included in your *insured earnings* for purposes of determining your *gross monthly benefit* under this *plan*.
- That portion of *retirement plan retirement benefits* which the *employer* funds.
- That portion of *retirement plan disability benefits* which the *employer* funds.
- *Retirement benefits or retirement plan disability benefits* , due to the your *disability*, from any *government plan* other than those shown above.
- Disability benefits from any: (1) *no-fault motor vehicle* coverage; (2) motor vehicle financial responsibility act; or (3) like law.
- Payment or settlement, with or without admission of liability, from: (1) a Workers' Compensation law; (2) an occupational disease law; or (3) any other act or law of like intent. This includes: (a) the Jones' Act; (b) the Longshoreman's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act; or (c) any Maritime doctrine of Maintenance, Wages or Cure. If you receive a payment net of attorney fees approved by the Workers' Compensation Board or similar authority, we reduce our benefit by the net payment.
- Disability benefits from any third party when your *disability* is the result of the negligence or intentional tort liability of that third party.
- Unemployment compensation benefits.

- Payment from your *employer* as part of a termination or severance agreement.

We integrate your *gross monthly benefit* with income shown above that you are entitled to receive without regard to the reason you are entitled to receive it.

Our right to reduce your benefit by such income shall not be negated by a transfer of claim liability to a third party. Payment by such third party by law, settlement, judgment, waiver or otherwise shall not negate our right.

CGP-3-LTD07-4.2

B383.0194

**Other Income Not
Subject to
Deduction:**

We will not reduce your *gross monthly benefit* by any income you receive or are entitled to receive from the list below.

- Deferred compensation arrangements such as 401(k), 403(b) or 457 plans;
- Profit sharing plans;
- Thrift plans;
- Tax sheltered annuities;
- Stock ownership plans;
- Individual Retirement Accounts (IRA);
- Individual disability income plans;
- Credit disability insurance;
- Non qualified plans of deferred compensation;
- Pension plans for partners;
- Retirement plans of another employer not affiliated with this *plan*;
- Military pension and disability plans.

**Lump Sum
Payments of Other
Income:**

Income with which we integrate may be paid in a lump sum. In this case, we take the equivalent monthly rate stated in the award into account when we determine your *monthly benefit*. If no monthly rate is given, we pro-rate the lump sum over the lesser of: (a) 60 months; or (b) the expected remaining number of months for which you would be entitled to benefits from this *plan*, based on the proof of loss submitted to us.

**Cost of Living
Freeze:**

You may receive a cost of living increase in other income with which we integrate. In this case, we do not further reduce your monthly benefit by the amount of such increase.

**Application for
Other Income:**

You must apply for other income benefits to which you may be entitled. If these benefits are denied, you must appeal until: (a) all possible appeals have been made; or (b) we notify you that no further appeals are required.

If we feel you are entitled to receive such income benefits, we will estimate the amount due to you and his or your spouse and children. We will take this estimated amount into account when we determine your *monthly benefit*. But, we will not take this estimated amount into account if you sign our reimbursement agreement. In this agreement you promise: (a) to apply for any benefits for which you may be eligible; (b) to appeal any denial of such benefits until all possible appeals have been made; and (c) to repay any amount we overpaid due to an award of such benefits.

If we do reduce the your *gross monthly benefit* by an estimated amount, we will adjust your *monthly benefit* when we receive written proof: (a) of the amount awarded; or (b) that the other income benefits have been denied; and no further appeals are possible. If we underpaid you, we pay the full amount of the underpayment in a lump sum.

We will assist you in applying for other income benefits.

CGP-3-LTD07-4.3

B383.0198

**Adjustment of
Monthly Benefit for
Disability Earnings:**

We adjust the *monthly benefit* for *disability earnings* as follows.

For each of the first 12 months of payments, following the date you first have *disability earnings*, add your *gross monthly benefit* and your *disability earnings*.

- (a) If the sum is not more than 100% of your indexed *insured earnings*, we do not reduce your *monthly benefit*.
- (b) If the sum is more than 100% of your indexed *insured earnings*, we reduce your *monthly benefit* by the amount over 100% of your indexed *insured earnings*.

For each month thereafter, we pay the greater of the amount calculated under Method 1 or Method 2.

Method 1:

- (a) If your *disability earnings* are less than 20% of your indexed *insured earnings*, we do not reduce your *monthly benefit*.
- (b) If your *disability earnings* are 20% or more of your indexed *insured earnings*, we reduce your *monthly benefit* by 50% of your *disability earnings*.

Method 2:

- (a) Subtract your *disability earnings* From your indexed *insured earnings*.
- (b) Divide the result in (a) above by your indexed *insured earnings*.
- (c) Multiply the result in (b) above by your *monthly benefit*. This is the amount we pay.

If your *disability earnings* fluctuate widely from month to month, we may adjust your *monthly benefit* using an average *disability earnings* amount. The average *disability earnings* amount will be computed using your most current month's *disability earnings* and the prior two months *disability earnings*.

**Maximum Allowable
Disability Earnings:**

This *plan* limits the amount of income you may earn, or may be able to earn, and still be considered *disabled*.

If your *disability earnings* are more than the limit shown below, payments from this *plan* will end. Payments from this *plan* will also end if you are able to earn more than the limit shown below:

- (a) During the *elimination period* and the *own occupation* period, the limit is 80% of your indexed *insured earnings*.
- (b) After this *plan* has paid benefits for 24 months in a row, the limit is 60% of your indexed *insured earnings*.

CGP-3-LTD07-5.0

B383.0284

Indexing: We apply an indexing factor to your *insured earnings* on the date you have received 12 consecutive monthly payments and each anniversary thereafter. This factor increases the amount of income you may earn and still be considered *disabled*. This adjustment does not increase your *gross monthly benefit*, *monthly benefit*, or any other benefit under this *plan*.

To make the first adjustment, we multiply your *insured earnings* by the indexing factor for that year. To make adjustments in each later year, we multiply the amount of your last indexed *insured earnings* by the indexing factor for the current year.

The indexing factor is the lesser of: (a) 10%; or (b) one-half of the *CPI-W* from the prior December.

Minimum Payment: The minimum monthly payment for *disability* under this *plan* is \$50.00.

CGP-3-LTD07-5.1

B383.0206

Limitations and Exclusions

Disabilities with a Limited Maximum Payment Period We limit the *maximum payment period*, if you are *disabled* due to: (a) a *mental illness*; (b) drug or alcohol abuse; or (c) a specific condition listed below. However, if you have a coexistent condition, not subject to the limitations in this section, which is *disabling* in and of itself, we will not limit benefits as described below.

The *maximum payment period* for all periods of *disability* due to: (a) a *mental illness*; (b) drug or alcohol abuse; or (c) a specific condition listed below is 24 months. This is a combined maximum for all such conditions and all periods of *disability*.

The specific conditions subject to a limited maximum payment period include the following:

- Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders including, but not limited to:
 - Sprains or strains of joints and muscles
 - Soft tissue conditions
 - Repetitive motion syndromes or injuries
 - Fibromyalgia
- Chronic fatigue conditions including, but not limited to:
 - Chronic fatigue syndrome
 - Chronic fatigue immunodeficiency syndrome
 - Epstein-barr syndrome
- Chemical and environmental sensitivities
- Headache
- Chronic pain, Myofascial pain
- Gastro-esophageal reflux disorder
- Irritable bowel syndrome
- Vestibular dysfunction, vertigo, dizziness

This limitation will not apply to disabilities caused or contributed to by the following conditions:

- Arthritis
- Ruptured intervertebral discs
- Spinal fractures
- Osteopathies
- Spinal tumors, malignancy or vascular malformations
- Radiculopathies, documented by EMG
- Spondylolisthesis, Grade II or higher
- Myelopathies
- Demyelinating diseases
- Traumatic spinal cord necrosis

No benefits will be paid for *disability* due to a *mental illness* or drug or alcohol abuse if you are not receiving treatment for the cause of the *disability* from a provider, or in a facility that is: (a) licensed by the state to provide treatment for such condition; and (b) accredited or approved by the Joint Commission on the Accreditation of Health Care Facilities or Medicare.

If payments under this *plan* would end due to the limits in this section, we may extend such payments, as shown below. But, you must meet all of the following conditions: (a) you must be *disabled* due to a condition named above; (b) you must be an inpatient in a qualified institution because of your *disability*; and (c) you must have been treated as an inpatient for at least 14 days in a row. In such case, we extend payments until the earliest of: (i) 90 days from the date of your discharge; (ii) the end of this *plan's maximum payment period*; or (iii) the date your *disability* ends.

The term "qualified institution" means a legally operated hospital or other public or private facility licensed to provide inpatient medical care and treatment for the cause of your *disability*.

CGP-3-LTD07-6.0

B383.0212

Pre-Existing Conditions A pre-existing condition is an *injury* or *sickness*, whether diagnosed or misdiagnosed, and any symptoms thereof, for which, in the look back period, you:

- (a) receive advice or treatment from a *doctor*;
- (b) undergo diagnostic procedures other than routine screening in the absence of symptoms or suspicion of disease process by a *doctor*;
- (c) are prescribed or take prescription drugs; or
- (d) receive other medical care or treatment, including consultation with a *doctor*.

The "look back period" is the three months before the latest of: (a) the effective date of your insurance under this *plan*; (b) the effective date of a change that increases the benefits payable by this *plan*; and (c) the effective date of a change in your benefit election that increases the benefit payable by this *plan*.

No benefits are payable for *disability*: (a) caused by; (b) contributed to by; or (c) resulting from; a pre-existing condition; unless the *disability* starts after the date you are insured under this *plan* for 12 months in a row.

Disability that is: (a) caused by; (b) contributed to by; or (c) resulting from; a pre-existing condition may begin after: (a) a change which provides for an increase in the benefits payable by this *plan*; or (b) a change in your benefit election which increases the benefit payable by this *plan*. In this case, your benefit will be limited to the amount that would have been payable had the change not taken place. But, this limit does not apply if your *disability* starts after the change has been in force for 12 months in a row.

We do not cover any *disability* that starts before your insurance under this *plan*.

CGP-3-LTD07-6.1

B383.0423

Prior Coverage Credit: If this *plan* replaces a similar income replacement plan the *plan sponsor* had with another insurer, the pre-existing condition provision may not apply to you. This *plan* must start right after the old plan ends.

The pre-existing condition provision will be waived for any covered person who: (a) is *actively working* on the effective date of this *plan*; and (b) fulfilled the requirements of any pre-existing condition provision of the old plan.

If you: (a) were covered under the old plan when it ended; (b) enroll for insurance under this *plan* on or before this *plan's* effective date; and (c) are *actively working* on the effective date of this *plan*; but (d) have not fulfilled the requirements of any pre-existing condition provision of the old plan; we credit any time used to meet the old plan's pre-existing condition provision toward meeting this *plan's* pre-existing condition provision.

But, we limit your *maximum monthly benefit* under this *plan* if: (a) it is more than the maximum monthly benefit for which you were insured under the old plan; (b) you become *disabled* due to a pre-existing condition; and (c) this *plan* pays benefits for such *disability* because we credit time as explained above. In this case, we limit the *maximum monthly benefit* to the amount you would have been entitled to under the old plan.

We deduct all payments made by the old plan under an extension provision.

CGP-3-LTD07-6.2

B383.0217

Exclusions This *plan* does not pay benefits for *disability* caused by, or related to:

- (a) declared or undeclared war, act of war, or armed aggression;
- (b) service in the armed forces, National Guard, or military reserves of any state or country;
- (c) you taking part in a riot or civil disorder;
- (d) your commission of, or attempt to commit a felony, for which you have been convicted;
- (e) you being engaged in an illegal occupation;
- (f) your voluntary use of any poison, chemical, prescription or non-prescription drug or controlled substance unless: (a) it was prescribed for you by a *doctor*; and (b) it was used as prescribed. In the case of a non-prescription drug, we do not pay for any loss resulting from or contributed to by your use in a manner inconsistent with package instructions. A controlled substance is anything called a controlled substance in Title II of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970, as amended from time to time; or
- (g) intentional self-inflicted injuries.

We do not pay any benefits for any period of *disability*:

- (1) during which you are receiving medical treatment or care outside the United States or Canada unless expressly authorized by us;
- (2) which starts before you are insured by this *plan*; or
- (3) during which your loss of earnings is not solely due to your *disability*.

CGP-3-LTD07-7.0

B383.1870

Social Security Assistance: This *plan* requires all *disabled* covered persons to apply for Social Security benefits. (See the "Application for Other Income" section of this *plan*.) If we believe you to be eligible for such benefits, we may offer to assist you in applying for them. Receiving Social Security benefits will protect your earnings record for retirement and enable you to qualify for Medicare coverage after 24 months.

Services we can provide include:

- (a) Help in completing your application for such benefits, and any related forms;
- (b) Assistance finding suitable legal counsel; and
- (c) Copies of medical and vocational data needed to file your claim.

We may also provide these and other services if your benefits are under review for possible termination by the Social Security Administration.

You must apply for all income benefits for which you may be eligible, whether or not you use our help. Using our help does not cancel your duties shown in the "Application for Other Income" section of this *plan*.

Rehabilitation and Case Management: We will review your *disability* to see if certain services are likely to help you return to *gainful work*. If needed, we may ask for more medical or vocational information.

When our review is complete, we may offer you a *rehabilitation program*. We have the right to suspend or end your *monthly benefit* if you do not accept it.

The *rehabilitation program* will start when a written *rehabilitation agreement* is signed by: (1) you; (2) us; and (3) your *employer*, if needed. The program may include, but is not limited to:

- (a) vocational assessment of your work potential;
- (b) coordination and transition planning with an employer for your return to work;
- (c) consulting with your *doctor* on your return to work and need for accommodations;
- (d) training in job seeking skills and resume preparation;
- (e) retraining; and
- (f) assistance with family care expenses you incur in order to participate in a *rehabilitation program*. (See the "Dependent Care Expenses" section of this *plan*.)

We have the right to determine which services are appropriate.

If you accept the *rehabilitation agreement*, we will pay an enhanced benefit. The enhanced benefit will be 110% of the *monthly benefit* that would otherwise be paid. This enhanced benefit will be payable as of the first *monthly benefit* after the *rehabilitation program* starts.

We stop paying the enhanced benefit on the earliest of:

- (a) The date your benefit from this *plan* end;
- (b) The date you violate the terms of the *rehabilitation agreement*;
- (c) The date you end the *rehabilitation program*; and
- (d) The date the *rehabilitation agreement* ends.

If you end a *rehabilitation program* without our consent, you must repay any enhanced benefits paid.

Dependent Care Expenses: While you are participating in a *rehabilitation program*, we will pay a dependent care expense benefit, when all of the following conditions are met:

- (a) you incur expense to provide care for a qualified dependent;
- (b) the care is provided by a licensed provider other than a family member.

A qualified dependent is: (a) dependent upon you for main support and maintenance; and (b) under the age of fourteen and your: (i) biological child; (ii) lawfully adopted child; (iii) stepchild; or (iv) any other child who is living with you in a regular parent-child relationship; or (c) a family member age 14 or over who is physically or mentally incapable of caring for him or herself.

The dependent care expense benefit will be the lesser of: (a) \$350 per month per qualified dependent; not to exceed \$1,000 per month for all qualified dependents combined; and (b) the actual monthly day care expense incurred by you.

We will stop paying the dependent care expense benefit on the earlier of the date you are no longer: (a) incurring dependent care expenses for a qualified dependent; (b) participating in a *rehabilitation program*; or (c) entitled to receive a *monthly benefit* from this *plan*.

CGP-3-LTD07-8.0

B383.2097

Worksite Modification Benefit: In order to accommodate your *disability*, an employer may incur a cost to modify his or her worksite. We may reimburse the employer, up to \$2,500 for the cost of the worksite modification. We make this payment if we agree that the modification will enable the covered person to: (a) return to work; or (b) remain at work.

CGP-3-LTD07-8.1

B383.0222

Early Intervention Services This *plan* includes Early Intervention services as part of our disability management program. The intent of these services is to: (a) assist *disabled* persons in reaching better outcomes; and (b) support the *employer's* absence management goals by promoting stay-at work and return-to work agendas where possible.

The key to success of an early intervention program is prompt notification of work absences which have the potential to exceed this *plan's elimination period*. With a prompt notification, we are able to more effectively manage the potential claim.

When you are *disabled* from one of the conditions listed below, a long term disability claim form should be completed as soon as possible following the date of *disability*. To facilitate an immediate intervention, the form should be submitted to us within one week of the date your *disability* begins.

- Chronic fatigue conditions, including Epstein-barr syndrome
- *Mental illness*
- Repetitive motion syndromes or injuries
- Fibromyalgia
- Back pain/strain
- Neck pain/strain
- Chronic pain
- Diabetes
- Cardiovascular conditions

Upon receipt of the completed claim form, we will determine whether the claim is appropriate for Early Intervention services. You will be notified of our decision. Examples of services, which we may provide, at our discretion, include, but are not limited to: (a) job accommodation; (b) ergonomic adjustments to workstations; (c) proactive case management consultations with your *doctor* or other providers of medical care.

CGP-3-LTD07-8.2

B383.0223

The Survivor Benefit

We may pay a survivor benefit if you die after you: (a) had been *disabled* for at least six months in a row; and (b) were entitled to receive at least one full *monthly benefit*. When we receive proof of your death, we pay your eligible survivor a lump sum benefit.

We pay a benefit equal to 3 times the amount of your last *monthly benefit* after it is reduced by *disability earnings*. but, we first apply such benefit to reduce any overpayment you may owe us.

If you have no eligible survivor, no survivor benefit is paid.

Your eligible survivor is your spouse, if living.

If your spouse is not living, your eligible survivor is your: (a) unmarried child under age 20 ; and (b) unmarried child under age 26 who is enrolled as a full-time student at an accredited school. If there is more than one such child when you die, this benefit will be paid to each child in equal shares.

Accelerated Survivor Benefit

If you have a terminal illness, we may accelerate payment of this *plans'* survivor benefit.

For purposes of the accelerated survivor benefit, a terminal illness means a medical condition that is expected to result in your death within 6 months.

To receive an accelerated survivor benefit, you must: (a) be entitled to receive a *monthly benefit* from this *plan*; (b) request this benefit in writing; and (c) provide written proof of terminal illness from a *doctor*. However, we will not pay an accelerated survivor benefit if there are less than 6 months remaining in the maximum benefit period.

If you elect to receive an accelerated survivor benefit, no survivor benefit is payable upon your death.

CGP-3-LTD07-9.1

B383.0225

Income Recovery Benefit This *plan* may pay an Income Recovery Benefit, if *monthly benefits* cease because you are no longer *disabled*.

To be eligible for the Income Recovery Benefit, you must be:

- (a) able to perform the major duties of your *own occupation*; or
- (b) if this *plan* has already paid benefits for the *own occupation* period, able to perform the major duties of any *gainful occupation*; and
- (c) working in your *own occupation* the same number of hours as you did prior to *disability*; and
- (d) unable to earn this *plan's* maximum allowable *disability earnings*, due to the *sickness* or *injury* which caused the prior *disability*.

We pay this benefit monthly, in arrears. We determine the amount we pay in two steps. In step one, we compute the following: (a) your gross monthly benefit as of the last month you were disabled under the terms of this *plan*; less (b) any other income this *plan* integrates with that you are entitled to receive. In step two we make a current earnings adjustment. We add: (a) your *gross monthly benefit* as of the last month you were disabled under the terms of this *plan*; and (b) your current *disability earnings*. If such sum exceeds 100% of your insured earnings, we pay the amount in step one less the excess over 100%. If such sum does not exceed 100%, we pay the amount in step one.

We stop paying this benefit on the earliest of:

- (a) the date you are able to earn this *plan's* maximum allowable *disability earnings*;
- (b) the date you become disabled;
- (c) the date you stop working;
- (d) the date 12 consecutive months after the first Income Recovery Benefit is paid; or
- (e) the end of the *maximum payment period*.

We will not pay more than 12 monthly Income Recovery Benefit payments following any one period of *disability*, including any *recurrent disability*.

CGP-3-LTD07-9.5

B383.0227

Claim Provisions

Authority We have the sole discretionary authority to: (a) interpret the terms of this *plan*; and (b) determine your eligibility for: (i) coverage; and (ii) benefits under the *plan*. All such determinations are conclusive and binding, except that they may be modified or reversed by a court or regulatory agency with appropriate jurisdiction.

Notice You must send us written notice of your intent to file a claim under this *plan* as described in "Accident and Health Claims Provisions."

For details, you can call Guardian at 1-800-538-4583.

Proof of Loss When we receive your notice, we will provide you with a claim form for filing proof of loss. This form requires data from the *employer*, you, and the *doctor(s)* treating you for your *sickness* or *injury*. Proof of loss must be given to us within the time stated in "Accident and Health Claims Provisions." If you do not receive a claim form within 15 days of the date you sent your notice, you should send us written proof of loss without waiting for the form.

Proof of loss, provided at your expense, consists of the following. Failure to provide this information may delay, suspend, reduce or terminate your benefits.

- (a) The date *disability* began;
- (b) Your last day of *active work*;
- (c) The cause of *disability*;
- (d) The extent of *disability*, including limitations and restrictions preventing you from performing the major duties of your *own occupation* and any *gainful occupation*;
- (e) If your occupation requires that you carry liability or malpractice insurance, any changes to such insurance that become effective on or after the date of *disability*;
- (f) *Objective medical evidence* in support of your limitations and restrictions, beginning with the date *disability* began;
- (g) The prognosis of *disability*;
- (h) The name and address of all *doctors*, hospitals and health care facilities where you have been treated for your *disability* since the date *disability* began;
- (i) Proof that you: (i) are currently; and (ii) have been receiving *regular and appropriate care* from a *doctor*, from the date *disability* began;
- (j) Proof of *insured earnings*, and, if applicable, *disability earnings*;
- (k) Payroll or absence data from the *employer* for the three months prior to the date *disability* began, or other period we specify;
- (l) Proof of application for all other sources of income to which you may be entitled, that may affect your payment from this *plan*; and
- (m) Proof of receipt of other income that may affect your payment from this *plan*.

You must provide *objective medical evidence* from a *doctor* who is not yourself, your spouse, child, parent, sibling or business associate.

Proof of *insured earnings* and *disability earnings* may consist of: (1) copies of your W-2 forms; (2) payroll records from your employer(s); (3) copies of your U.S. Individual Income Tax Returns; (4) copies of the U.S. income tax returns from any business in which you hold an ownership or shareholder interest; (5) a statement from a certified public accountant; (6) copies of any income records accepted or required by the I.R.S; or (7) any other records we deem necessary.

Proof of loss and other claim data should be submitted to:

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America
Group Long Term Disability Claims Department
P.O. Box 26025
Lehigh Valley, PA 18002-6025.

Authorization Required You must provide us with written, unaltered authorizations to obtain medical, financial, vocational, occupational, and governmental information required to determine our liability under this *plan*. You must provide us with such authorizations as often as we may require, in order that they remain current. Failure to provide such authorizations may delay, suspend or terminate your benefits.

Right to Request Medical, Financial or Vocational Assessment We may ask you to take part in a medical, financial, vocational or other assessment that we feel is necessary to determine whether the terms of the *plan* are met. We may require this as often as we feel is reasonably necessary. We will pay for all such assessments. But, if you postpone a scheduled assessment without our approval, you will be responsible for any rescheduling fees. If you do not take part in or cooperate with the assessment, we have the right to stop or suspend your payments under this *plan*.

Ongoing Proof of Loss To continue to receive payments from this *plan*, you must give us current proof of loss as often as we may reasonably require. Ongoing proof of loss must be provided to us within 30 days of the date we request it.

Payment of Benefits We pay benefits to you, if you are legally competent. If you are not, we pay benefits to the legal representative of your estate. Benefits are paid in US dollars.

We pay benefits once each month at the end of the period for which they are payable.

No benefits are payable for this *plan* 's *elimination period*.

Benefits to which you are entitled may remain unpaid at your death. Such benefits may be paid at our discretion to: (a) your estate; or (b) your spouse, parents, children, or brothers and sisters.

Partial Month Payment You may be *disabled* for only part of a month. In this case, we compute your payment as 1/30th of the benefit to which you would be entitled for the full month times the number of days you are *disabled*. Payment will not be made for more than 30 days in any month.

Overpayment Recovery If we overpaid you, you must repay us in full. We have the right to reduce your payment or apply any benefits payable, including the minimum payment, toward recovery of the overpayment.

CGP-3-LTD07-11.0

B383.0428

Definitions

Active Work, Actively-At-Work or Actively Working You are able to perform and are performing all of the regular duties of your work for your *employer*, on a full-time basis at: (a) one of your *employer's* usual places of business; (b) some place where your *employer's* business requires you to travel; or (c) any other place you and your *employer* have agreed on for your work.

CPI-W That part of the United States Department of Labor Consumer Price Index that measures the relative value of the cost of a typical urban wage earner's purchase of certain goods and services. If the Department of Labor stops publishing the *CPI-W*, we have the right to use some other similar standard.

CGP-3-LTD07-12.0

B383.0009

Disability or Disabled These terms mean that a current *sickness* or *injury* causes physical or mental impairment to such a degree that you are:

- (1) During the *elimination period* and the *own occupation* period, not able to perform, on a full-time basis, the major duties of your *own occupation*.
- (2) After the end of the *own occupation* period, not able to perform, on a full-time basis, the major duties of any *gainful work*.

You are not *disabled* if you earn, or are able to earn, more than this *plan's* maximum allowed *disability earnings*.

You may be required, on average, to work more than 40 hours per week. In this case, you are not *disabled* if you are able to work for 40 hours per week.

Neither: (a) loss of a professional or occupational license; or (b) receipt of or entitlement to Social Security disability benefits; in and of themselves constitute *disability* under this *plan*.

CGP-3-LTD07-12.1

B383.0011

Disability Earnings The monthly income you earn from working while *disabled*. It includes salaries, wages, commissions, bonuses and any other compensation earned or accrued while working including pension, profit sharing contributions, sick pay, paid time off, holiday and vacation pay. When you have an ownership interest in the business, *disability earnings* also includes business profits, attributable to you, whether received or not. It includes any income you earn while *disabled* and return to your *employer*, partnership, or any other similar business arrangement to cover any business or overhead expenses. If you have the ability to work on a *part-time* or full-time basis, following the earlier of the date you: (a) have been terminated from employment with the *employer*; b) have been *disabled* for 12 months in a row; or (c) have been offered a job or workplace modification by the *employer* and you do not return to work; *disability earnings* also includes *maximum capacity earnings*.

Doctor Any medical practitioner we are required by law to recognize. He or she must: (a) be properly licensed or certified by the laws of the state where he or she practices; and (b) provide services that are within the lawful scope of his or her practice.

Elimination Period The period of time you must be *disabled*, due to a covered *disability*, before this *plan's* benefits are payable.

Any days during which you return to work earning more than 80% of your *insured earnings* will not count toward the *elimination period*. If you are or become eligible under any other similar group income replacement plan while you are working during the *elimination period*, you will not be entitled to benefits from this *plan*.

We do not require you to complete an elimination period if: (a) you were covered under a similar income replacement plan the *plan sponsor* had with another insurer on the day before this plan starts; (b) your disability would have been a recurring disability under the prior plan had it remained in effect.

Employer The business entity that employs you and is: (a) the *plan sponsor* or (b) associated with the *plan sponsor*.

Gainful Occupation or Gainful Work Work for which you are, or may become, qualified by: (a) training; (b) education; or (c) experience. When you are able to perform such work on a full-time basis, you can be expected to earn at least 60% of your indexed *insured earnings* within 12 months of returning to work.

Government Plan Any of the following: (1) the United States Social Security Act; (2) the Railroad Retirement Act; (3) the Canadian Pension Plan; or (4) any other plan provided under the laws of a state, province or any other political subdivision. It also includes: (a) any public employee retirement plan; or (b) any plan provided in place of the above named plan or acts. It does not include: (i) any Workers' Compensation Act or similar law; (ii) the Jones' Act; (iii) the Longshoreman's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act; or (iv) the Maritime Doctrine of Maintenance, Wages, or Cure.

Gross Monthly Benefit This *plan's monthly benefit* before it is integrated with other income and earnings.

Injury A bodily *injury* due to an accident that occurs, independent of all other causes, while you are insured by this plan. We will cover a disability caused by an *injury* when the disability starts within 90 days of the date of such *injury*.

CGP-3-LTD07-12.12

B383.0086

Insured Earnings Only your earnings from the *employer* will be included as *insured earnings*.

We calculate benefit amounts and limits based on the amount of your *insured earnings* as of the Redetermination date immediately prior to the start of your *disability*. See the "Redetermination" section of this *plan*.

For Partners and S Corporation Shareholders:

Insured earnings means the sum of the amounts listed below, divided by 12.

- (a) Your compensation as an employee or S Corporation shareholder, as reported on your Federal Income Tax Return, Form 1040, for the prior calendar year, less the gross total of unadjusted employee business expenses as included on the corresponding Schedule A-Itemized Deductions;

- (b) Your non-passive income (loss) from trade or business as reported on Schedule E-Part II of your Federal Income Tax Return, Form 1040, for the prior calendar year, less any expenses incurred and reported elsewhere on your Return; and
- (c) Your contributions during the prior calendar year, deposited into a: (a) cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section: 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan; and (b) elective employee pre-tax deferrals to a Section 125 plan or flexible spending account.

You may not have been a partner or S Corporation shareholder for the entire previous calendar year. In this case, your earnings are based on the monthly average of the sum of the listed amounts, averaged for the full number of months that you were a partner or an S Corporation shareholder during such calendar year.

For Sole Proprietors:

Insured earnings means: (a) the average monthly net profit as determined from Schedule C - Part II of your Federal Income Tax Returns, Form 1040, for the prior calendar year; plus (b) your average monthly contribution during the prior calendar year deposited into a: (i) cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section: 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan; and (ii) a Section 125 plan or flexible spending account. Monthly net profit is calculated as gross income less total expenses. You may not have been a sole proprietor for the previous calendar year. In this case, we calculate average monthly net profit and average monthly contributions using the full number of months that you were a sole proprietor during such calendar year.

For Covered Persons Who Are Compensated on Less Than a 12 Month Basis:

Insured earnings means your average rate of monthly earnings determined from your annual contract salary. Insured earnings also includes your contributions deposited into a: (a) cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section: 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan; and (b) elective employee pre-tax deferrals to a Section 125 plan or flexible spending account. Insured earnings does not include bonuses, commissions, overtime pay, expense accounts, stock options and any other extra compensation. We do not include pay for hours worked or billed over 40 per week. Earnings based on excluded income and employer contributions deposited into such 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan are excluded.

For Covered Persons Whose Income Is Reported on a IRS Form 1099:

Insured earnings means your average rate of monthly earnings as figured from the 1099 form received from the employer for the prior calendar year, calculated as (a) minus (b), divided by 12 or the number of months you worked for the employer during such calendar year, if less than 12.

- (a) your earned income as reported on the 1099 form.

- (b) business expenses, as reported on Schedule C - Part II of your Federal Income Tax Return, Form 1040. Insured earnings also includes your contributions deposited into a: (a) cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section: 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan; and (b) elective employee pre-tax deferrals to a Section 125 plan or flexible spending account.

Earnings based on excluded income and employer contributions deposited into such 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan are excluded.

For All Other Covered Persons:

Insured earnings means your base monthly salary. Insured earnings also includes your contributions deposited into a: (a) cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section: 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan; and (b) elective employee pre-tax deferrals to a Section 125 plan or flexible spending account. Insured earnings does not include bonuses, commissions, overtime pay, expense accounts, stock options and any other extra compensation. We do not include pay for hours worked or billed over 40 per week. Earnings based on excluded income and employer contributions deposited into such 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan are excluded.

CGP-3-LTD07-12.13

B383.1804

Maximum Capacity Earnings	During the <i>own occupation</i> period, the income you could earn if working to the fullest extent you are able to in your <i>own occupation</i> . After the <i>own occupation</i> period, the income you could earn if working to the fullest extent you are able to in any <i>gainful occupation</i> . We decide the fullest extent of work you are able to do based on objective data provided by any or all of the following sources: (a) your treating <i>doctor</i> ; (b) impartial medical or vocational exams; (c) peer review specialists; (d) functional capacities exams; and (e) other medical and vocational specialists whose area of expertise is appropriate to your <i>disability</i> .
Maximum Payment Period	The longest time that benefits are paid by this <i>plan</i> .
Mental Illness	Means any mental disorder, regardless of cause, listed in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM) currently in use by the American Psychiatric Association (APA). If the APA stops publishing the DSM, we have the right to use some other similar standard. A <i>mental illness</i> may be: (a) caused by; (b) contributed to by; or (c) result in; physical, biological or chemical factors or symptoms. For purposes of this <i>plan</i> , <i>mental illness</i> does not include: (a) irreversible dementia caused by Alzheimer's disease, stroke, trauma or viral infection; or (b) any other condition not typically treated by a psychiatrist, clinical psychologist or other qualified mental health practitioner with psychotherapy or psychotropic drugs.
Monthly Benefit	This <i>plan's gross monthly benefit</i> reduced by other income. If you are working while <i>disabled</i> , your <i>monthly benefit</i> will be further reduced based on the amount of your <i>disability earnings</i> .
No-Fault Motor Vehicle Coverage	A motor vehicle plan that pays disability or medical benefits no matter who was at fault in an accident.

Objective Medical Evidence May include but is not limited to: (a) diagnostic testing; (b) laboratory reports; and (c) medical records of a *doctor's* exam documenting: (i) clinical signs; (ii) presence of symptoms; and (iii) test results consistent with generally accepted medical standards supported by nationally recognized authorities in the health care field.

Own Occupation Means the occupation: (a) you are routinely performing immediately prior to disability; (b) which is your primary source of income prior to disability; and (c) for which you are insured under this plan. Occupation includes any employment, trade or profession that are related in terms of similar: (i) tasks; (ii) functions; (ii) skills; (iv) abilities; (v) knowledge; (vi) training; and (vii) experience; required by employers from those engaged in a particular occupation in the general labor market in the national economy. Occupation is not specific to a certain employer or a certain location.

CGP-3-LTD07-12.14

B383.0430

Part-Time The ability to work and earn between 40% and 80% of *insured earnings* during the *own occupation* period and between 40% and 60% of *insured earnings* after the *own occupation* period.

Plan Sponsor The *employer*, association, union, trustee, or other group to which this *plan* is issued.

Reasonable Accommodation Any modification or adjustment to: (i) a job; (ii) an employment practice; (iii) a work process; or (iv) the work place; that an employer willingly provides. The modification or adjustment must make it possible for a *disabled* person to: (1) reach the same level of performance as a similarly situated non-disabled person; or (2) enjoy equal benefits and privileges of employment as are available to a similarly situated non-disabled person. The modification or adjustment must not place an undue hardship on the employer.

Recurring Disability A later *disability* that: (a) is related to an earlier *disability* for which this *plan* paid benefits; and (b) meets the conditions described in "Recurring Disability."

Regular and Appropriate Care Means, with respect to your: (a) disabling condition; and (b) any other condition which, if left untreated, would adversely affect your disabling condition; you (i) visit a *doctor* as frequently as medically required, according to generally accepted medical standards, to effectively manage these conditions; and (ii) are receiving the most appropriate treatment, according to generally accepted medical standards, designed to achieve maximum medical improvement in these conditions. Treatment must be provided by a *doctor(s)* whose specialty is most appropriate for your: (a) *disability*; and (b) any other conditions which left untreated would adversely affect your disabling condition; according to generally accepted medical standards. Generally accepted medical standards are those supported by nationally recognized authorities in the health care field including: the American Medical Association (AMA); the AMA Board of Medical Specialties; the Food and Drug Administration; the Centers for Disease Control; the National Cancer Institute; the National Institutes of Health; the Department of Health and Human Services; and any other agency of similar repute.

Rehabilitation Agreement A formal agreement between: (a) you; (b) us; and (c) your *employer*, if needed. It outlines the *rehabilitation program* in which you agree to take part.

Rehabilitation Program A program of work or job-related training for you that we approve in writing. Its aim is to restore your wage earning abilities.

Retirement Plan A defined benefit or defined contribution plan funded wholly or in part by the *employer's* deposits for your benefit. The term does not include: (a) profit sharing plans; (b) thrift plans; (c) non-qualified deferred compensation plans; (d) individual retirement accounts; (e) tax sheltered annuities; (f) 401(k), 403(b), 457 or similar plans; or (g) stock ownership plans. *Retirement Plan "retirement benefits"* are lump sum or periodic payments at normal or early retirement. Some *retirement plans* make payments for disability (as defined by those plans) that start before normal retirement age. When such payments reduce the amount that would have been paid at normal retirement age, they are *retirement benefits*. When such payments do not reduce the normal retirement amount, they are **"disability benefits."**

Sickness An illness or disease. Pregnancy is treated as a *sickness* under this *plan*.

We, Us, and Guardian The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America.
CGP-3-LTD07-12.15

B383.0093

ELIGIBILITY FOR DENTAL COVERAGE

B489.0002

Employee Coverage

Eligible Employees To be eligible for *employee* coverage you must be an active *full-time employee* or a *qualified retiree*. And you must belong to a class of *employees* covered by this *plan*.

Other Conditions If you must pay all or part of the cost of *employee* coverage, we won't insure you until you enroll and agree to make the required payments. If you do this: (a) more than 31 days after you first become eligible; or (b) after you previously had coverage which ended because you failed to make a required payment, we consider you to be a late entrant.

If you initially waived dental coverage under this *plan* because you were covered under another group *plan*, and you now elect to enroll in the dental coverage under this *plan*, the Penalty for Late Entrants provision will not apply to you with regard to dental coverage provided your coverage under the other *plan* ends due to one of the following events: (a) termination of your spouse's employment; (b) loss of eligibility under your spouse's *plan*; (c) divorce; (d) death of your spouse; or (e) termination of the other *plan*.

But you must enroll in the dental coverage under this *plan* within 30 days of the date that any of the events described above occur.

CGP-3-EC-90-1.0

B489.0123

When Your Coverage Starts *Employee* benefits are scheduled to start on your effective date.

But you must be actively at work on a *full-time* basis unless you are a *qualified retiree*, on the scheduled effective date. And you must have met all of the applicable conditions explained above, and any applicable waiting period. If you are an active *full-time employee* and are not actively at work on the date your insurance is scheduled to start, we will postpone your coverage until the date you return to active *full-time* work.

If you are a *qualified retiree*, you can not be confined in a health care facility on the scheduled effective date of coverage. If you are confined on that date, we will postpone your coverage until the day after you are discharged. And you must also have met all of the applicable conditions of eligibility and any applicable waiting period in order for coverage to start.

Sometimes, your effective date is not a regularly scheduled work day. But coverage will still start on that date if you were actively at work on a *full-time* basis on your last regularly scheduled work day.

CGP-3-EC-90-2.0

B489.0067

When Your Coverage Ends If you are an active *full-time employee*, your coverage ends on the last day of the month in which your active *full-time* service ends for any reason, other than disability. Such reasons include retirement (except for *qualified retirees*), layoff, leave of absence and the end of employment.

Your coverage ends on the date you die.

It also ends on the date you stop being a member of a class of *employees* eligible for insurance under this *plan*, or when this *plan* ends for all *employees*. And it ends when this *plan* is changed so that benefits for the class of *employees* to which you belong ends.

If you are required to pay all or part of the cost of this coverage and you fail to do so, your coverage ends. It ends on the last day of the period for which you made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons.

Read this booklet carefully if your coverage ends. You may have the right to continue certain group benefits for a limited time.

CGP-3-EC-90-3.0

B489.0077

Your Right To Continue Group Coverage During A Family Leave Of Absence

Important Notice This section may not apply. You must contact your *employer* to find out if your *employer* must allow for a leave of absence under federal law. In that case the section applies.

If Your Group Coverage Would End Group coverage may normally end for an *employee* because he or she ceases work due to an approved leave of absence. But, the *employee* may continue his or her group coverage if the leave of absence has been granted: (a) to allow the *employee* to care for a seriously injured or ill spouse, child, or parent; (b) after the birth or adoption of a child; (c) due to the *employee's* own serious health condition; or (d) because of any serious injury or illness arising out of the fact that a spouse, child, parent, or next of kin, who is a covered servicemember, of the *employee* is on active duty (or has been notified of an impending call or order to active duty) in the Armed Forces in support of a contingency operation. The *employee* will be required to pay the same share of the premium as he or she paid before the leave of absence.

When Continuation Ends Coverage may continue until the earliest of the following:

- The date you return to active work.
- The end of a total leave period of 26 weeks in one 12 month period, in the case of an *employee* who cares for a covered servicemember. This 26 week total leave period applies to all leaves granted to the *employee* under this section for all reasons.
- The end of a total leave period of 12 weeks in: (a) any 12 month period, in the case of any other *employee*; or (b) any later 12 month period in the case of an *employee* who cares for a covered servicemember.
- The date on which your coverage would have ended had you not been on leave.
- The end of the period for which the premium has been paid.

Your Right To Continue Group Coverage During A Family Leave Of Absence (Cont.)

Definitions As used in this section, the terms listed below have the meanings shown below:

- **Active Duty:** This term means duty under a call or order to active duty in the Armed Forces of the United States.
- **Contingency Operation:** This term means a military operation that: (a) is designated by the Secretary of Defense as an operation in which members of the armed forces are or may become involved in military actions, operations, or hostilities against an enemy of the United States or against an opposing military force; or (b) results in the call or order to, or retention on, active duty of members of the uniformed services under any provision of law during a war or during a national emergency declared by the President or Congress.
- **Covered Servicemember:** This term means a member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who for a serious injury or illness: (a) is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy; (b) is otherwise in outpatient status; or (c) is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list.
- **Next Of Kin:** This term means the nearest blood relative of the *employee*.
- **Outpatient Status:** This term means, with respect to a covered servicemember, that he or she is assigned to: (a) a military medical treatment facility as an outpatient; or (b) a unit established for the purpose of providing command and control of members of the Armed Forces receiving medical care as outpatients.
- **Serious Injury Or Illness:** This term means, in the case of a covered servicemember, an injury or illness incurred by him or her in line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces that may render him or her medically unfit to perform the duties of his or her office, grade, rank, or rating.

CGP-3-EC-90-3.0

B449.0727

Dependent Coverage

B200.0271

**Eligible Dependents
For Dependent
Dental Benefits** Your *eligible dependents* are: (a) your legal spouse; (b) your dependent children who are under age 26.

An unmarried dependent child who is enrolled as a full-time student may be an *eligible dependent* after he or she attains age 26 if he or she:

- is a member of the Pennsylvania National Guard or a Reserve Component of the Armed Forces of the United States;
- was ordered to active federal duty or state active duty (other than training) for 30 or more consecutive days;
- was covered under this *plan* at the time ordered to active duty; and

Dependent Coverage (Cont.)

- reenrolled as a full-time student for the first term or semester which began 60 or more days after release from active duty.

Such a child may continue to be an *eligible dependent* for a period of time equal to the lesser of: (a) the duration of his or her service on active duty; or (b) the date he or she is no longer a full-time student.

CGP-3-DEP-90-2.0

B489.0490

Adopted Children And Step-Children Your "dependent children" include your legally adopted children and, your step-children. We treat a child as legally adopted from: (a) the time the child is placed in your home for the purpose of adoption; or (b) from birth, in the event that you have made an adoption agreement before the child's birth. We treat such a child this way whether or not a final adoption order is ever issued.

Dependents Not Eligible We exclude any dependent who is insured by this *plan* as an *employee*. And we exclude any dependent who is on active duty in any armed force.

CGP-3-DEP-90-3.0-PA

B489.0493

Handicapped Children You may have an unmarried child with a mental or physical handicap, or developmental disability, who can't support himself or herself. Subject to all of the terms of this coverage and the *plan*, such a child may stay eligible for dependent benefits past this coverage's age limit.

The child will stay eligible as long as he or she stays unmarried and unable to support himself or herself, if: (a) his or her conditions started before he or she reached this coverage's age limit; (b) he or she became insured by this coverage before he or she reached the age limit, and stayed continuously insured until he or she reached such limit; and (c) he or she depends on you for most of his or her support and maintenance.

But, for the child to stay eligible, you must send us written proof that the child is handicapped and depends on you for most of his or her support and maintenance. You have 31 days from the date the child reaches the age limit to do this. We can ask for periodic proof that the child's condition continues. But, after two years, we can't ask for this proof more than once a year.

The child's coverage ends when yours does.

CGP-3-DEP-90-4.0

B449.0042

Waiver Of Dental Late Entrants Penalty If you initially waived dental coverage for your spouse or eligible dependent children under this plan because they were covered under another group plan, and you now elect to enroll them in the dental coverage under this plan, the Penalty for Late Entrants provision will not apply to them with regard to dental coverage provided their coverage under the other plan ends due to one of the following events: (a) termination of your spouse's employment; (b) loss of eligibility under your spouse's plan; (c) divorce; (d) death of your spouse; or (e) termination of the other plan.

But you must enroll your spouse or eligible dependent children in the dental coverage under this plan within 30 days of the date that any of the events described above occur.

In addition, the Penalty for Late Entrants provision for dental coverage will not apply to your spouse or eligible dependent children if: (a) you are under legal obligation to provide dental coverage due to a court-order; and (b) you enroll them in the dental coverage under this plan within 30 days of the issuance of the court-order.

CGP-3-DEP-90-5.0

B200.0749

When Dependent Coverage Starts

In order for your dependent coverage to begin you must already be insured for employee coverage or enroll for employee and dependent coverage at the same time. Subject to the "Exception" stated below and to all of the terms of this *plan*, the date your dependent coverage starts depends on when you elect to enroll your *initial dependents* and agree to make any required payments.

If you do this on or before your *eligibility date*, the dependent's coverage is scheduled to start on the later of the first of the month which coincides with or next follows your *eligibility date* and the date you become insured for employee coverage.

If you do this within the *enrollment period*, the coverage is scheduled to start on the date you become insured for employee coverage.

If you do this after the *enrollment period* ends, each of your *initial dependents* is a late entrant and is subject to any applicable late entrant penalties. The dependent's coverage is scheduled to start on the first of the month which coincides with or next follows the date you sign the enrollment form.

Once you have dependent coverage for your *initial dependents*, you must notify us when you acquire any new dependents and agree to make any additional payments required for their coverage.

If you do this within 31 days of the date the *newly acquired dependent* becomes eligible, the dependent's coverage will start on the date the dependent first becomes eligible. If you fail to notify us on time, the *newly acquired dependent*, when enrolled, is a late entrant and is subject to any applicable late entrant penalties. The late entrant's coverage is scheduled to start on the date you sign the enrollment form.

CGP-3-DEP-90-6.0

B489.0254

Exception If a dependent, other than a newborn child, is confined to a *hospital* or other health care facility; or is unable to carry out the normal activities of someone of like age and sex on the date his dependent benefits would otherwise start, we will postpone the effective date of such benefits until the day after his discharge from such facility; or until he resumes the normal activities of someone of like age and sex.

CGP-3-DEP-90-7.0

B200.0693

Newborn Children We cover your newborn child for dependent benefits, from the moment of birth if you are already covered for dependent child coverage when the child is born. If you do not have dependent coverage when the child is born, we cover the child for the first 31 days from the moment of birth. To continue the child's coverage past the 31 days, you must enroll the child and agree to make any required premium payments within 31 days of the date the child is born. If you fail to do this, the child's coverage will end at the end of the 31 days, and once the child is enrolled, the child is a late entrant, is subject to any applicable late entrant penalties, and will be covered as of the date you sign the enrollment form.

We also cover a covered dependent's newborn child for dependent benefits starting from the moment of the child's birth. You must enroll the child and agree to make any required premium payments within 31 days of the date the child is born. If you fail to do this, the child's coverage will end at the end of the 31 days, and once the child is enrolled, the child is a late entrant, is subject to any applicable late entrant penalties, and will be covered as of the date you sign the enrollment form.

In no event will the child's coverage continue under this provision beyond the date the parent of the child is no longer an *eligible dependent*.

CGP-3-DEP-90-8.0-PA

B489.0004

When Dependent Coverage Ends Dependent coverage ends for all of your dependents when your coverage ends. But if you die while insured, we'll automatically continue dependent benefits for those of your dependents who were insured when you died. We'll do this for six months at no cost, provided: (a) the group plan remains in force; (b) the dependents remain *eligible dependents*; and (c) in the case of a spouse, the spouse does not remarry.

If a surviving dependent elects to continue his or her dependent benefits under this *plan's* "Federal Continuation Rights" provision, or under any other continuation provision of this *plan*, if any, this free continuation period will be provided as the first six months of such continuation. Premiums required to be paid by, or on behalf of a surviving dependent will be waived for the first six months of continuation, subject to restrictions (a), (b) and (c) above. After the first six months of continuation, the remainder of the continuation period, if any, will be subject to the premium requirements, and all of the terms of the "Federal Continuation Rights" or other continuation provisions.

Dependent coverage also ends for all of your dependents when you stop being a member of a class of *employees* eligible for such coverage. And it ends when this *plan* ends, or when dependent coverage is dropped from this *plan* for all *employees* or for an *employee's* class.

If you are required to pay all or part of the cost of dependent coverage, and you fail to do so, your dependent coverage ends. It ends on the last day of the period for which you made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons.

Dependent Coverage (Cont.)

An individual dependent's coverage ends when he or she stops being an *eligible dependent*. This happens to a child on the last day of the month in which the child attains this coverage's age limit. It happens to a spouse on the last day of the month in which a marriage ends in legal divorce or annulment.

Read this *plan* carefully if dependent coverage ends for any reason. Dependents may have the right to continue certain group benefits for a limited time.

CGP-3-DEP-90-9.0

B489.0465

DENTAL HIGHLIGHTS

This page provides a quick guide to some of the Dental Expense Insurance *plan* features which people most often want to know about. But it's not a complete description of your Dental Expense Insurance *plan*. Read the following pages carefully for a complete explanation of what we pay, limit and exclude.

- **PPO Benefit Year Cash Deductible for Non-Orthodontic Services**

For Group I Services	None
For Group II and III Services	\$50.00
	for each covered person

- **Non-PPO Benefit Year Cash Deductible for Non-Orthodontic Services**

For Group I Services	None
For Group II and III Services	\$50.00
	for each covered person

CGP-3-DENT-HL-90

B497.0070

- **Payment Rates for Services Furnished by a Preferred Provider:**

For Group I Services	100%
For Group II Services	90%
For Group III Services	60%

- **Payment Rates for Services Not Furnished by a Preferred Provider:**

For Group I Services	100%
For Group II Services	80%
For Group III Services	50%

CGP-3-DENT-HL-90

B497.0088

- **Benefit Year Payment Limit for Non-Orthodontic Services**

For Group I, II and III Services	Up to \$1,500.00
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CGP-3-DENT-HL-90

B497.0104

Group Enrollment Period A group enrollment period is held each year. The group enrollment period is a time period agreed to by your employer and us. During this period, you may elect to enroll in dental insurance under this *plan*. Coverage starts on the first day of the month that next follows the date of enrollment. You and your *eligible dependents* are not subject to late entrant penalties if you enroll during the group enrollment period.

CGP-3-DENT-HLTS

B497.2407

DENTAL EXPENSE INSURANCE

This insurance will pay many of a *covered person's* dental expenses. We pay benefits for covered charges incurred by a *covered person*. What we pay and terms for payment are explained below.

CGP-3-DG2000

B498.0007

DentalGuard Preferred - This Plan's Dental Preferred Provider Organization

This *plan* is designed to provide high quality dental care while controlling the cost of such care. To do this, the *plan* encourages a *covered person* to seek dental care from *dentists* and dental care facilities that are under contract with *Guardian's dental preferred provider organization (PPO)*, which is called DentalGuard Preferred.

The dental PPO is made up of *preferred providers* in a covered person's geographic area. Use of the dental PPO is voluntary. A *covered person* may receive dental treatment from any dental provider he or she chooses. And he or she is free to change providers anytime.

This *plan* usually pays a higher level of benefits for covered treatment furnished by a *preferred provider*. Conversely, it usually pays less for covered treatment furnished by a *non-preferred provider*.

When an *employee* enrolls in this *plan*, he or she and his or her dependents receive a dental plan ID card and information about current *preferred providers*.

A *covered person* must present his or her ID card when he or she uses a *preferred provider*. Most *preferred providers* prepare necessary claim forms for the *covered person*, and submit the forms to us. We send the *covered person* an explanation of this *plan's* benefit payments, but any benefit payable by us is sent directly to the *preferred provider*.

What we pay is based on all of the terms of this *plan*. Please read this *plan* carefully for specific benefit levels, deductibles, *payment rates* and *payment limits*.

A *covered person* may call the Guardian at the number shown on his or her ID card should he or she have any questions about this *plan*.

CGP-3-DGY2K-PPO

B498.0151

Covered Charges

If a *covered person* uses the services of a *preferred provider*, covered charges are the charges listed in the fee schedule the *preferred provider* has agreed to accept as payment in full, for the dental services listed in this *plan's* List of Covered Dental Services.

If a *covered person* uses the services of a *non-preferred provider*, covered charges are reasonable and customary charges for the dental services listed in this *plan's* List of Covered Dental Services.

Covered Charges (Cont.)

To be covered by this *plan*, a service must be: (a) necessary; (b) appropriate for a given condition; and (c) included in the List of Covered Dental Services.

We may use the professional review of a *dentist* to determine the appropriate benefit for a dental procedure or course of treatment.

By reasonable, we mean the charge is the *dentist's* usual charge for the service furnished. By customary, we mean the charge made for the given dental condition isn't more than the usual charge made by most other *dentists*. But, in no event will the covered charge be greater than the 90th percentile of the prevailing fee data for a particular service in a geographic area.

When certain comprehensive dental procedures are performed, other less extensive procedures may be performed prior to, at the same time or at a later date. For benefit purposes under this *plan*, these less extensive procedures are considered to be part of the more comprehensive procedure. Even if the *dentist* submits separate bills, the total benefit payable for all related charges will be limited to the maximum benefit payable for the more comprehensive procedure. For example, osseous surgery includes the procedure scaling and root planing. If the scaling and root planing is performed one or two weeks prior to the osseous surgery, we may only pay benefits for the osseous surgery.

We only pay benefits for covered charges incurred by a *covered person* while he or she is insured by this *plan*. A covered charge for a crown, bridge or cast restoration is incurred on the date the tooth is initially prepared. A covered charge for any other *dental prosthesis* is incurred on the date the first master impression is made. A covered charge for root canal treatment is incurred on the date the pulp chamber is opened. All other covered charges are incurred on the date the services are furnished. If a service is started while a *covered person* is insured, we'll only pay benefits for services which are completed within 31 days of the date his or her coverage under this *plan* ends.

CGP-3-DGY2K-CC

B498.0240

Alternate Treatment

If more than one type of service can be used to treat a dental condition, we have the right to base benefits on the least expensive service which is within the range of professionally accepted standards of dental practice as determined by *us*. For example, in the case of bilateral multiple adjacent teeth, or multiple missing teeth in both quadrants of an arch, the benefit will be based on a removable partial denture. In the case of a composite filling on a *posterior tooth*, the benefit will be based on the corresponding amalgam filling benefit.

Proof Of Claim

So that we may pay benefits accurately, the *covered person* or his or her *dentist* must provide us with information that is acceptable to us. This information may, at our discretion, consist of radiographs, study models, periodontal charting, narratives or other diagnostic materials that document *proof of claim* and support the necessity of the proposed treatment. If we don't receive the necessary information, we may pay no benefits, or minimum benefits. However, if we receive the necessary information within 15 months of the date of service, we will redetermine the *covered person's* benefits based on the new information.

CGP-3-DGY2K-AT

B498.0002

Pre-Treatment Review

When the expected cost of a proposed course of treatment is \$300.00 or more, the *covered person's dentist* should send us a treatment plan before he or she starts. This must be done on a form acceptable to *Guardian*. The treatment plan must include: (a) a list of the services to be done, using the American Dental Association Nomenclature and codes; (b) the itemized cost of each service; and (c) the estimated length of treatment. In order to evaluate the treatment plan, dental radiographs, study models and whatever else will document the necessity of the proposed course of treatment, must be sent to us.

We review the treatment plan and estimate what we will pay. We will send the estimate to the covered person and/or the covered person's dentist. If the treatment plan is not consistent with accepted standards of dental practice, or if one is not sent to us, we have the right to base our benefit payments on treatment appropriate to the covered person's condition using accepted standards of dental practice.

The covered person and his or her dentist have the opportunity to have services or a treatment plan reviewed before treatment begins. Pre-treatment review is not a guarantee of what we will pay. It tells the covered person, and his or her dentist, in advance, what we would pay for the covered dental services listed in the treatment plan. But, payment is conditioned on: (a) the services being performed as proposed and while the covered person is insured; and (b) the deductible, payment rate and payment limits provisions, and all of the other terms of this plan.

Emergency treatment, oral examinations, evaluations, dental radiographs and teeth cleaning are part of a course of treatment, but may be done before the pre-treatment review is made.

We won't deny or reduce benefits if pre-treatment review is not done. But what we pay will be based on the availability and submission of proof of claim.

CGP-3-DGY2K-PTR

B498.0004

Benefits From Other Sources

Other plans may furnish benefits similar to the benefits provided by this *plan*. For instance, you may be covered by this *plan* and a similar plan through your spouse's employer. You may also be covered by this *plan* and a medical plan. In such instances, we coordinate *our* benefits with the benefits from that other plan. We do this so that no one gets more in benefits than the charges he or she incurs. Read "Coordination of Benefits" to see how this works.

CGP-3-DGY2K-OS

B498.0005

The Benefit Provision - Qualifying For Benefits

CGP-3-DGY2K-BEN

B498.0072

Penalty For Late Entrants During the first 6 months that a late entrant is covered by this *plan*, we won't pay for the following services:

- All Group II Services.

During the first 12 months a late entrant is covered by this *plan*, we won't pay for the following services:

- All Group III Services.

Charges for the services we don't cover under this provision are not considered to be covered charges under this *plan*, and therefore can't be used to meet this *plan's* deductibles.

We don't apply a late entrant penalty to covered charges incurred for services needed solely due to an *injury* suffered by a *covered person* while insured by this *plan*.

A late entrant is a person who: (a) becomes covered by this dental *plan* more than 31 days after he or she is eligible; or (b) becomes covered again, after his or her coverage lapsed because he or she did not make required payments.

CGP-3-DGY2K-LE

B498.0232

How We Pay Benefits For Group I, II And III Non-Orthodontic Services There is no deductible for Group I services. We pay for Group I covered charges at the applicable *payment rate*.

A *benefit year* deductible of \$50.00 applies to Group II and III services provided by a *preferred provider*. A *benefit year* deductible of \$50.00 applies to Group II and III services provided by a *non-preferred provider*. Each *covered person* must have covered charges from these service groups which exceed each applicable deductible before we pay him or her any benefits for such charges. These charges must be incurred while the *covered person* is insured.

Covered charges used to satisfy a *covered person's* Non-PPO deductible are also credited toward his or her PPO deductible. And covered charges used to satisfy a *covered person's* PPO deductible are also credited toward his or her Non-PPO deductible.

Benefit Provision - Qualifying For Benefits (Cont.)

Once a *covered person* meets the deductible, we pay for his or her Group II and III covered charges above that amount at the applicable *payment rate* for the rest of that *benefit year*.

CGP-3-DGY2K-BP

B498.0177

All covered charges must be incurred while insured. And we limit what we pay each benefit year to \$1,500.00.

CGP-3-DGY2K-BP

B498.0192

Non-Orthodontic Family Deductible Limit

A *covered family* must meet no more than three individual *benefit year* deductibles in any *benefit year*. Once this happens, we pay benefits for covered charges incurred by any *covered person* in that *covered family*, at the applicable *payment rate* for the rest of that *benefit year*. The charges must be incurred while the person is insured. What we pay is based on this *plan's payment limits* and to all of the terms of this *plan*.

CGP-3-DGY2K-FL

B498.0073

Payment Rates

Benefits for covered charges are paid at the following *payment rates*:

- Benefits for Group I Services performed by
a *preferred provider* 100%
- Benefits for Group I Services performed by
a *non-preferred provider* 100%
- Benefits for Group II Services performed by
a *preferred provider* 90%
- Benefits for Group II Services performed by
a *non-preferred provider* 80%
- Benefits for Group III Services performed by
a *preferred provider* 60%
- Benefits for Group III Services performed by
a *non-preferred provider* 50%

CGP-3-DGY2K-PR

B498.0078

After This Insurance Ends

We don't pay for charges incurred after a *covered person's* insurance ends. But, subject to all of the other terms of this *plan*, we'll pay for the following if the procedure is finished in the 31 days after a *covered person's* insurance under this *plan* ends: (a) a bridge or cast restoration, if the tooth or teeth are prepared before the *covered person's* insurance ends; (b) any other *dental prosthesis*, if the master impression is made before the *covered person's* insurance ends; and (c) root canal treatment, if the pulp chamber is opened before the *covered person's* insurance ends.

CGP-3-DGY2K-END

B498.0234

Special Limitations

CGP-3-DGY2K-LMT

B498.0138

Teeth Lost, Extracted Or Missing Before A Covered Person Becomes Covered By This Plan A *covered person* may have one or more congenitally missing teeth or may have had one or more teeth lost or extracted before he or she became covered by this *plan*. We won't pay for a *dental prosthesis* which replaces such teeth unless the *dental prosthesis* also replaces one or more eligible natural teeth lost or extracted after the *covered person* became covered by this *plan*.

CGP-3-DGY2K-TL

B498.0133

If This Plan Replaces The Prior Plan This *plan* may be replacing the *prior plan* you had with another insurer. If a *covered person* was insured by the *prior plan* and is covered by this *plan* on its effective date, the following provisions apply to such *covered person*.

- **Teeth Extracted While Insured By The Prior Plan** - The "Teeth Lost, Extracted or Missing Before A Covered Person Becomes Covered By This Plan" provision above, does not apply to a *covered person's dental prosthesis* which replaces teeth: (a) that were extracted while the *covered person* was insured by the *prior plan*; and (b) for which extraction benefits were paid by the *prior plan*.
- **Deductible Credit** - In the first *benefit year* of this *plan*, we reduce a *covered person's* deductibles required under this *plan*, by the amount of covered charges applied against the *prior plan's* deductible. The *covered person* must give us proof of the amount of the *prior plan's* deductible which he or she has satisfied.
- **Benefit Year Non-Orthodontic Payment Limit Credit** - In the first *benefit year* of this *plan*, we reduce a *covered person's benefit year payment limits* by the amounts paid or payable under the *prior plan*. The *covered person* must give us proof of the amounts applied toward the *prior plan's* payment limits.

CGP-3-DGY2K-PP

B498.0131

Exclusions

We will not pay for:

- Any service or supply which is not specifically listed in this *plan's* List of Covered Dental Services.
- Any procedure performed in conjunction with, as part of, or related to a procedure which is not covered by this *plan*.
- Educational services, including, but not limited to, oral hygiene instruction, plaque control, tobacco counseling or diet instruction.
- Precision attachments and the replacement of part of a precision attachment, magnetic retention or overdenture attachments.
- Overdentures and related services, including root canal therapy on teeth supporting an overdenture.

Exclusions (Cont.)

- Any restoration, procedure, *appliance* or *prosthetic device* used solely to: (1) alter vertical dimension; (2) restore or maintain occlusion, except to the extent that this *plan* covers *orthodontic treatment*; (3) treat a condition necessitated by attrition or abrasion; or (4) splint or stabilize teeth for periodontal reasons.
- The use of general anesthesia, intramuscular sedation, intravenous sedation, non-intravenous sedation or inhalation sedation, including but not limited to nitrous oxide, except when administered in conjunction with covered periodontal surgery, surgical extractions, the surgical removal of impacted teeth, apicoectomies, root amputations and services listed under the "Other Oral Surgical Procedures" section of this *plan*.
- The use of local anesthetic.
- Cephalometric radiographs, oral/facial images, including traditional photographs and images obtained by intraoral camera, except when performed as part of the *orthodontic treatment* plan and records for a covered course of *orthodontic treatment*.
- Replacement of a lost, missing or stolen *appliance* or *dental prosthesis* or the fabrication of a spare *appliance* or *dental prosthesis*.
- Prescription medication.
- Desensitizing medicaments and desensitizing resins for cervical and/or root surface.
- Duplication of radiographs, the completion of claim forms, OSHA or other infection control charges.
- Pulp vitality tests or caries susceptibility tests.
- Bite registration or bite analysis.
- Gingival curettage.
- The localized delivery of chemotherapeutic agents.
- Tooth transplants.
- Maxillofacial prosthetics that repair or replace facial and skeletal anomalies, maxillofacial surgery, orthognathic surgery or any oral surgery requiring the setting of a fracture or dislocation.
- Temporary or provisional *dental prosthesis* or *appliances* except interim partial dentures/stayplates to replace *anterior teeth* extracted while insured under this *plan*.
- Any service or procedure associated with the placement, prosthodontic restoration or maintenance of a dental implant and any incremental charges to other covered services as a result of the presence of a dental implant.
- Any service furnished solely for cosmetic reasons. This includes, but is not limited to: (1) characterization and personalization of a *dental prosthesis*; (2) facings on a *dental prosthesis* for any teeth posterior to the second bicuspid; (3) bleaching of discolored teeth; and (4) odontoplasty.

Exclusions (Cont.)

- Replacing an existing *appliance* or *dental prosthesis* with a like or un-like *appliance* or *dental prosthesis*; unless (1) it is at least 10 years old and is no longer usable; or (2) it is damaged while in the *covered person's* mouth in an *injury* suffered while insured, and can't be made serviceable.
- A fixed bridge replacing the extracted portion of a hemisected tooth or the placement of more than one unit of crown and/or bridge per tooth.
- The replacement of extracted or missing third molars/wisdom teeth.
- Treatment of congenital or developmental malformations, or the replacement of congenitally missing teeth.
- Any endodontic, periodontal, crown or bridge abutment procedure or *appliance* performed for a tooth or teeth with a guarded, questionable or poor prognosis.
- Any procedure or treatment method which does not meet professionally recognized standards of dental practice or which is considered to be experimental in nature.
- Any procedure, *appliance*, *dental prosthesis*, modality or surgical procedure intended to treat or diagnose disturbances of the temporomandibular joint (TMJ).
- Treatment needed due to: (1) an on-the-job or job-related *injury*; or (2) a condition for which benefits are payable by Worker's Compensation or similar laws.
- Treatment for which no charge is made. This usually means treatment furnished by: (1) the *covered person's* employer, labor union or similar group, in its dental or medical department or clinic; (2) a facility owned or run by any governmental body; and (3) any public program, except Medicaid, paid for or sponsored by any governmental body.
- Evaluations and consultations for non-covered services; detailed and extensive oral evaluations.
- *Orthodontic treatment*, unless the benefit provision provides specific benefits for *orthodontic treatment*.

CGP-3-DGY2K-EXCH

B498.0045

List of Covered Dental Services

The services covered by this *plan* are named in this list. Each service on this list has been placed in one of three groups. A separate payment rate applies to each group. Group I is made up of preventive services. Group II is made up of basic services. Group III is made up of major services.

All covered dental services must be furnished by or under the direct supervision of a *dentist*. And they must be usual and necessary treatment for a dental condition.

CGP-3-DNTL-90-13

B490.0148

Group I - Preventive Dental Services (Non-Orthodontic)

Prophylaxis And Fluorides	Prophylaxis - limited to a total of 1 prophylaxis or periodontal maintenance procedure (considered under "Periodontal Services") in any 6 consecutive month period. Allowance includes scaling and polishing procedures to remove coronal plaque, calculus, and stains. - Adult prophylaxis covered age 12 and older. Additional prophylaxis when needed as a result of a medical (i.e., a non-dental) condition - covered once in 12 months, and only when the additional prophylaxis is recommended by the dentist and is a result of a medical condition as verified in writing by the patient's medical physician. This does not include a condition which could be resolved by proper oral hygiene or that is the result of patient neglect. Fluoride treatment, topical application - limited to <i>covered persons</i> under age 19 and limited to 1 treatment(s) in any 6 consecutive month period.
Office Visits, Evaluations And Examination	Office visits, oral evaluations, examinations or limited problem focused re-evaluations - limited to a total of 1 in any 6 consecutive month period. Emergency or problem focused oral evaluation - limited to a total of 1 in a 6 consecutive month period. Covered if no other treatment, other than radiographs, is performed in the same visit. After hours office visit or emergency palliative treatment and other non-routine, unscheduled visits. Limited to a total of 1 in a 6 consecutive month period. Covered only when no other treatment, other than radiographs, is performed during the same visit. CGP-3-DNTL-90-14 B498.4802
Radiographs	Allowance includes evaluation and diagnosis. Full mouth, complete series or panoramic radiograph - Either, but not both, of the following procedures, limited to one in any 60 consecutive month period. Full mouth series, of at least 14 films including bitewings Panoramic film, maxilla and mandible, with or without bitewing radiographs. Other diagnostic radiographs: Bitewing films - limited to either a maximum of 4 bitewing films or a set (7-8 films) of vertical bitewings, in one visit, once in any 12 consecutive month period. Intraoral periapical or occlusal films - single films CGP-3-DNTL-90-14 B498.0165
Dental Sealants	Dental Sealants - permanent molar teeth only - Topical application of sealants is limited to the unrestored, permanent molar teeth of <i>covered persons</i> under age 16 and limited to one treatment, per tooth, in any 36 consecutive month period. CGP-3-DNTL-90-14 B498.0166

Group II - Basic Dental Services

(Non-Orthodontic)

Diagnostic Services Allowance includes examination and diagnosis.

Consultations - Diagnostic consultation with a dentist other than the one providing treatment, limited to one consultation for each *covered dental specialty* in any 12 consecutive month period. Covered only when no other treatment, other than radiographs, is performed during the visit.

Diagnostic Services: Allowance includes examination and diagnosis.

Diagnostic casts - when needed to prepare a treatment plan for three or more of the following performed at the same time in more than one arch: dentures, crowns, bridges, inlays or onlays.

Histopathologic examinations when performed in conjunction with a tooth related biopsy.

Restorative Services Multiple restorations on one surface will be considered one restoration. Benefits for the replacement of existing amalgam and resin restorations will only be considered for payment if at least 12 months have passed since the previous restoration was placed if the *covered person* is under age 19, and 36 months if the *covered person* is age 19 and older. Also see the "Major Restorative Services" section.

Amalgam restorations - Allowance includes bonding agents, liners, bases, polishing and local anesthetic.

Resin restorations - limited to *anterior teeth* only. Coverage for resins on *posterior teeth* is limited to the corresponding amalgam benefit. Allowance includes light curing, acid etching, adhesives, including resin bonding agents and local anesthetic.

Silicate cement, per restoration

Composite resin

Stainless steel crown, prefabricated resin crown, and resin based composite crown - limited to once per tooth in any 24 consecutive month period. Stainless steel crowns, prefabricated resin crowns and resin based composite crowns are considered to be a temporary or provisional procedure when done within 24 months of a permanent crown. Temporary and provisional crowns are considered to be part of the permanent restoration.

Pin retention, per tooth, covered only in conjunction with a permanent amalgam or composite restoration, exclusive of restorative material.

CGP-3-DNTL-90-15

B498.2780

Endodontic Services Allowance includes diagnostic, treatment and final radiographs, cultures and tests, local anesthetic and routine follow-up care, but excludes final restoration.

Pulp capping, limited to permanent teeth and limited to one pulp cap per tooth, per lifetime.

Pulp capping, direct

Pulp capping, indirect - includes sedative filling.

Group II - Basic Dental Services (Cont.)
(Non-Orthodontics)

Vital pulpotomy, only when root canal therapy is not the definitive treatment

Gross pulpal debridement

Pulpal therapy, limited to primary teeth only

Root Canal Treatment

 Root canal therapy

 Root canal retreatment, limited to once per tooth, per lifetime

 Treatment of root canal obstruction, no-surgical access

 Incomplete endodontic therapy, inoperable or fractured tooth

 Internal root repair of perforation defects

Other Endodontic Services

 Apexification, limited to a maximum of three visits

 Apicoectomy, limited to once per root, per lifetime

 Root amputation, limited to once per root, per lifetime

 Retrograde filling, limited to once per root, per lifetime

 Hemisection, including any root removal, once per tooth

CGP-3-DNTL-90-15.0

B498.0201

Periodontal Services Allowance includes the treatment plan, local anesthetic and post-treatment care. Requires documentation of periodontal disease confirmed by both radiographs and pocket depth probings of each tooth involved.

Periodontal maintenance procedure - limited to a total of 1 prophylaxis or periodontal maintenance procedure(s) in any 6 consecutive month period. Allowance includes periodontal pocket charting, scaling and polishing. (Also see Prophylaxis under "Preventive Services") Coverage for periodontal maintenance is considered upon evidence of completed active periodontal therapy (periodontal scaling and root planing or periodontal surgery).

Scaling and root planing, per quadrant - limited to once per quadrant in any 24 consecutive month period. Covered when there is radiographic and pocket charting evidence of bone loss.

Full mouth debridement - limited to once in any 36 consecutive month period. Considered only when no diagnostic, preventive, periodontal service or periodontal surgery procedure has been performed in the previous 36 consecutive month period.

CGP-3-DNTL-90-15.0

B498.0202

Periodontal Surgery Allowance includes the treatment plan, local anesthetic and post-surgical care. Requires documentation of periodontal disease confirmed by both radiographs and pocket depth probings of each tooth involved.

The following treatment is limited to a total of one of the following, once per tooth in any 12 consecutive months.

 Gingivectomy, per tooth (less than 3 teeth)

 Crown lengthening - hard tissue

Group II - Basic Dental Services (Cont.)

(Non-Orthodontic)

The following treatment is limited to a total of one of the following once per quadrant, in any 36 consecutive months.

- Gingivectomy or gingivoplasty, per quadrant
- Osseous surgery, including scaling and root planing, flap entry and closure, per quadrant
- Gingival flap procedure, including scaling and root planing, per quadrant
- Distal or proximal wedge, not in conjunction with osseous surgery
- Surgical revision procedure, per tooth

The following treatment is limited to a total of one of the following, once per quadrant in any 36 consecutive months.

Pedicle or free soft tissue grafts, including donor site, or subepithelial connective tissue graft procedure, when the tooth is present, or when dentally necessary as part of a covered surgical placement of an implant.

The following treatment is limited to a total of one of the following, once per area or tooth, per lifetime.

- Guided tissue regeneration, resorbable barrier or nonresorbable barrier
- Bone replacement grafts, when the tooth is present

Periodontal surgery related

Limited occlusal adjustment - limited to a total of two visits, covered only when done within a 6 consecutive month period after covered scaling and root planing or osseous surgery. Must have radiographic evidence of vertical defect or widened periodontal ligament space.

Occlusal guards, covered only when done within a 6 consecutive month period after osseous surgery, and limited to one per lifetime

CGP-3-DNTL-90-15.0

B498.0203

Space Maintainers Space Maintainers - limited to *covered persons* under age 16 and limited to initial *appliance* only. Covered only when necessary to replace prematurely lost or extracted deciduous teeth. Allowance includes all adjustments in the first six months after insertion, limited to a maximum of one bilateral per arch or one unilateral per quadrant, per lifetime.

- Fixed - unilateral
- Fixed - bilateral
- Removable - bilateral
- Removable - unilateral

Recementation of space maintainer performed more than 12 months after the initial insertion

Fixed And Removable Appliances Fixed and Removable Appliances To Inhibit Thumbsucking - limited to *covered persons* under age 14 and limited to initial *appliance* only. Allowance includes all adjustments in the first 6 months after insertion.

CGP-3-1-

B498.0236

Group II - Basic Dental Services (Cont.)
(Non-Orthodontic)

Non-Surgical Extractions	Allowance includes the treatment plan, local anesthetic and post-treatment care. Uncomplicated extraction, one or more teeth Root removal non-surgical extraction of exposed roots
Surgical Extractions	Allowance includes the treatment plan, local anesthetic and post-surgical care. Services listed in this category and related services, may be covered by your medical plan. Surgical removal of erupted teeth, involving tissue flap and bone removal Surgical removal of residual tooth roots Surgical removal of impacted teeth
Other Oral Surgical Procedures	Allowance includes diagnostic and treatment radiographs, the treatment plan, local anesthetic and post-surgical care. Services listed in this category and related services, may be covered by your medical plan. Alveoloplasty, per quadrant Removal of exostosis, per site Incision and drainage of abscess Frenulectomy, Frenectomy, Frenotomy Biopsy and examination of tooth related oral tissue Surgical exposure of impacted or unerupted tooth to aid eruption Excision of tooth related tumors, cysts and neoplasms Excision or destruction of tooth related lesion(s) Excision of hyperplastic tissue Excision of pericoronal gingiva, per tooth Oroantral fistula closure Sialolithotomy Sialodochoplasty Closure of salivary fistula Excision of salivary gland Maxillary sinusotomy for removal of tooth fragment or foreign body Vestibuloplasty
	CGP-3-DNTL-90-15.0 B498.1124
Other Services	General anesthesia, intramuscular sedation, intravenous sedation, non-intravenous sedation or inhalation sedation, including nitrous oxide, when administered in connection with covered periodontal surgery, surgical extractions, the surgical removal of impacted teeth, apicoectomies, root amputations, surgical placement of an implant and services listed under the "Other Oral Surgical Procedures" section of this <i>plan</i> . Injectable antibiotics needed solely for treatment of a dental condition.
	CGP-3-DNTL-90-15 B498.0206

Group III - Major Dental Services

(Non-Orthodontic)

Major Restorative Services Crowns, inlays, onlays, labial veneers, and crown buildups are covered only when needed because of decay or *injury*, and only when the tooth cannot be restored with amalgam or composite filling material. Post and cores are covered only when needed due to decay or *injury*. Allowance includes insulating bases, temporary or provisional restorations and associated gingival involvement. Limited to permanent teeth only. Also see the "Basic Restorative Services" section.

Single Crowns

Resin with metal

Porcelain

Porcelain with metal

Full cast metal (other than stainless steel)

3/4 cast metal crowns

3/4 porcelain crowns

Inlays

Onlays, including inlay

Labial veneers

Posts and buildups - only when done in conjunction with a covered unit of crown or bridge and only when necessitated by substantial loss of natural tooth structure.

Cast post and core in addition to a unit of crown or bridge, per tooth

Prefabricated post and composite or amalgam core in addition to a unit of crown or bridge, per tooth

Crown or core buildup, including pins

Implant supported prosthetics - Allowance includes the treatment plan and local anesthetic.

Abutment supported crown

Implant supported crown

Abutment supported retainer for fixed partial denture

Implant supported retainer for fixed partial denture

Implant/abutment supported fixed denture for completely edentulous arch

Implant/abutment supported fixed denture for partially edentulous arch

CGP-3-DNTL-90-16

B498.1126

Prosthodontic Services Specialized techniques and characterizations are not covered. Allowance includes insulating bases, temporary or provisional restorations and associated gingival involvement. Limited to permanent teeth only.

Fixed bridges - Each abutment and each pontic makes up a unit in a bridge

Bridge abutments - See inlays, onlays and crowns under "Major Restorative Services"

Bridge Pontics

Resin with metal

Porcelain

Porcelain with metal

Full cast metal

Group III - Major Dental Services (Cont.)
(Non-Orthodontic)

Dentures - Allowance includes all adjustments and repairs done by the *dentist* furnishing the denture in the first 6 consecutive months after installation and all temporary or provisional dentures. Temporary or provisional dentures, stayplates and interim dentures older than one year are considered to be a permanent *appliance*.

Complete or Immediate dentures, upper or lower

Partial dentures - Allowance includes base, clasps, rests and teeth

Upper, resin base, including any conventional clasps, rests and teeth

Upper, cast metal framework with resin denture base, including any conventional clasps, rests and teeth

Lower, resin base, including any conventional clasps, rests and teeth

Lower, cast metal framework with resin denture base, including any conventional clasps, rests and teeth

Interim partial denture (stayplate), upper or lower, covered on *anterior teeth* only

Removable unilateral partial, one piece cast metal, including clasps and teeth

Simple stress breakers, per unit

CGP-3-DNTL-90-16

B498.1132

**Crown And
Prosthodontic
Restorative Services**

Also see the "Major Restorative Services" section.

Crown and bridge repairs - allowance based on the extent and nature of damage and the type of material involved.

Recementation, limited to recementations performed more than 12 months after the initial insertion.

Inlay or onlay

Crown

Bridge

Group III - Major Dental Services (Cont.)
(Non-Orthodontic)

Adding teeth to partial dentures to replace extracted natural teeth

Denture repairs - Allowance based on the extent and nature of damage and on the type of materials involved.

Denture repairs, metal

Denture repairs, acrylic

Denture repair, no teeth damaged

Denture repair, replace one or more broken teeth

Replacing one or more broken teeth, no other damage

Denture rebase, full or partial denture - limited to once per denture in any 24 consecutive month period. Denture rebases done within 12 months are considered to be part of the denture placement when the rebase is done by the *dentist* who furnished the denture. Limited to rebase done more than 12 consecutive months after the insertion of the denture.

Denture reline, full or partial denture - limited to once per denture in any 24 consecutive month period. Denture relines done within 12 months are considered to be part of the denture placement when the reline is done by the *dentist* who furnished the denture. Limited to reline done more than 12 consecutive months after a denture rebase or the insertion of the denture.

Denture adjustments - Denture adjustments done within 12 months are considered to be part of the denture placement when the adjustment is done by the *dentist* who furnished the denture. Limited to adjustments that are done more than 6 consecutive months after a denture rebase, denture reline or the initial insertion of the denture.

Tissue conditioning - Tissue conditioning done within 12 months is considered to be part of the denture placement when the tissue conditioning is done by the *dentist* who furnished the denture. Limited to a maximum of 1 treatment, per arch, in any 12 consecutive month period.

CGP-3-DNTL-90-16

B498.0208

ELIGIBILITY FOR VISION CARE EXPENSE COVERAGE

B505.0152

Employee Vision Care Expense Coverage

Eligible Employees To be eligible for employee coverage under this *plan*, you must be an active *full-time employee* or a *qualified retiree*. And you must belong to a class of employees covered by this *plan*.

Other Conditions You must enroll and agree to make required payments within 31 days of your *eligibility date*. If you fail to do so, you can't enroll until this *plan's* next vision open enrollment period.

This *plan's* vision open enrollment period occurs from December 1st to December 31st of each year.

Once you enroll in this *plan*, you can't drop your vision coverage until this *plan's* next vision open enrollment period. And if you drop your vision coverage, you can't enroll again until the next vision open enrollment period.

If you initially waived vision coverage under this *plan* because you were covered for vision care benefits under another group plan, and you wish to enroll in this *plan* because your coverage under the other plan ends, you may do so without waiting until the next vision open enrollment period. However, your coverage under the other plan must have ended due to one of the following events: (a) termination of your spouse's employment; (b) loss of eligibility under your spouse's plan; (c) divorce; (d) death of your spouse; or (e) termination of the other plan. But you must enroll in this *plan* within 30 days of the date that any of these events occur.

CGP-3-EC-90-1.0

B505.0061

When Your Coverage Starts Your coverage under this *plan* is scheduled to start on the effective date shown on the sticker attached to the inside front cover of this booklet. But you must be actively at work on a *full-time* basis on that date unless you are a *qualified retiree*. And you must have met all of the applicable conditions explained above, and any applicable waiting period. If you are an active *full-time employee* and are not actively at work on that date, we will postpone your coverage until the date you return to active *full-time* work.

If you are a *qualified retiree*, you can not be confined in a health care facility on the scheduled effective date of coverage. If you are confined on that date, we will postpone your coverage until the day after you are discharged. And you must also have met all of the applicable conditions of eligibility and any applicable waiting period in order for coverage to start.

Sometimes, the effective date shown on the sticker is not a regularly scheduled work day. But your coverage will still start on that date if you were actively at work on your last regularly scheduled work day.

CGP-3-EC-90-2.0

B505.0073

When Your Coverage Ends If you are an active *full-time employee*, your coverage under this *plan* ends on the last day of the month in which your active *full-time* service ends for any reason. Such reasons include disability, retirement (except for *qualified retirees*), layoff, leave of absence and the end of employment.

Employee Vision Care Expense Coverage (Cont.)

Your coverage ends on the date you die.

It also ends on the date you stop being a member of a class of employees eligible for insurance under this plan, or when this plan ends for all *employees*. And it ends when this *plan* is changed so that benefits for the class of *employees* to which you belong ends.

If you are required to pay part of the cost of this *plan* and you fail to do so, your coverage ends. It ends on the last day of the period for which you made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons.

Read this booklet carefully if your coverage ends. You may have the right to continue vision care benefits for a limited time.

CGP-3-EC-90-3.0

B505.0085

Your Right To Continue Group Coverage During A Family Leave Of Absence

Important Notice This section may not apply. You must contact your *employer* to find out if your *employer* must allow for a leave of absence under federal law. In that case the section applies.

If Your Group Coverage Would End Group coverage may normally end for an *employee* because he or she ceases work due to an approved leave of absence. But, the *employee* may continue his or her group coverage if the leave of absence has been granted: (a) to allow the *employee* to care for a seriously injured or ill spouse, child, or parent; (b) after the birth or adoption of a child; (c) due to the *employee's* own serious health condition; or (d) because of any serious injury or illness arising out of the fact that a spouse, child, parent, or next of kin, who is a covered servicemember, of the *employee* is on active duty (or has been notified of an impending call or order to active duty) in the Armed Forces in support of a contingency operation. The *employee* will be required to pay the same share of the premium as he or she paid before the leave of absence.

When Continuation Ends Coverage may continue until the earliest of the following:

- The date you return to active work.
- The end of a total leave period of 26 weeks in one 12 month period, in the case of an *employee* who cares for a covered servicemember. This 26 week total leave period applies to all leaves granted to the *employee* under this section for all reasons.
- The end of a total leave period of 12 weeks in: (a) any 12 month period, in the case of any other *employee*; or (b) any later 12 month period in the case of an *employee* who cares for a covered servicemember.
- The date on which your coverage would have ended had you not been on leave.
- The end of the period for which the premium has been paid.

Your Right To Continue Group Coverage During A Family Leave Of Absence (Cont.)

Definitions As used in this section, the terms listed below have the meanings shown below:

- **Active Duty:** This term means duty under a call or order to active duty in the Armed Forces of the United States.
- **Contingency Operation:** This term means a military operation that: (a) is designated by the Secretary of Defense as an operation in which members of the armed forces are or may become involved in military actions, operations, or hostilities against an enemy of the United States or against an opposing military force; or (b) results in the call or order to, or retention on, active duty of members of the uniformed services under any provision of law during a war or during a national emergency declared by the President or Congress.
- **Covered Servicemember:** This term means a member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who for a serious injury or illness: (a) is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy; (b) is otherwise in outpatient status; or (c) is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list.
- **Next Of Kin:** This term means the nearest blood relative of the *employee*.
- **Outpatient Status:** This term means, with respect to a covered servicemember, that he or she is assigned to: (a) a military medical treatment facility as an outpatient; or (b) a unit established for the purpose of providing command and control of members of the Armed Forces receiving medical care as outpatients.
- **Serious Injury Or Illness:** This term means, in the case of a covered servicemember, an injury or illness incurred by him or her in line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces that may render him or her medically unfit to perform the duties of his or her office, grade, rank, or rating.

CGP-3-EC-90-3.0

B449.0727

Dependent Vision Care Expense Coverage

CGP-3-DEP-90-1.0

B505.0099

**Eligible Dependents
For Dependent
Vision Care Benefits**

Your *eligible dependents* are: (a) your legal spouse; (b) your unmarried dependent children who are under age 26; and (c) your unmarried dependent children from age 26 until their 26 birthday, who are enrolled as full-time students at accredited schools.

An unmarried dependent child who is enrolled as a full-time student may be an *eligible dependent* after their 26 birthday if he or she:

- is a member of the Pennsylvania National Guard or a Reserve Component of the Armed Forces of the United States;
- was ordered to active federal duty or state active duty (other than training) for 30 or more consecutive days;

- was covered under this *plan* at the time ordered to active duty; and
- reenrolled as a full-time student for the first term or semester which began 60 or more days after release from active duty.

Such a child may continue to be an *eligible dependent* for a period of time equal to the lesser of: (a) the duration of his or her service on active duty; or (b) the date he or she is no longer a full-time student.

An unmarried dependent child who is not able to remain enrolled as a full-time student due to a *medically necessary* leave of absence may continue to be an *eligible dependent* until the earlier of: (a) the date that is one year after the first day of the *medically necessary* leave of absence; or (b) the date on which coverage would otherwise end under this *plan*. You must provide written certification by a treating physician which states that the child is suffering from a serious illness or injury and that the leave of absence is *medically necessary*.

CGP-3-DEP-90-2.0

B505.0793

Adopted Children And Step-Children

Your "unmarried dependent children" include your legally adopted children and, if they depend on you for most of their support and maintenance, your step-children. We treat a child as legally adopted from: (a) the time the child is placed in your home for the purpose of adoption; or (b) from birth, in the event that you have made an adoption agreement before the child's birth. If the child is added at birth, all of this plan's provisions regarding newborn children will apply to the newborn child. If the child is added at birth, all of this plan's provisions regarding newborn children will apply to the adopted child. We treat such a child this way whether or not a final adoption order is ever issued.

We exclude any dependent who is insured by this *plan* as an *employee*. And we exclude any dependent who is on active duty in any armed force.

CGP-3-DEP-90-3.0-PA

B505.0116

Handicapped Children

You may have an unmarried child with a mental or physical handicap, or developmental disability, who can't support himself. Subject to all of the terms of this section and the *plan*, such a child may stay eligible for dependent vision care benefits past this *plan's* age limit.

The child will stay eligible as long as he stays unmarried and unable to support himself, if: (a) his conditions started before he reached this *plan's* age limit; (b) he became insured by this *plan* before he reached the age limit, and stayed continuously insured until he reached such limit; and (c) he depends on you for most of his support and maintenance.

But, for the child to stay eligible, you must send us written proof that the child is handicapped and depends on you for most of his support and maintenance. You have 31 days from the date the child reaches the age limit to do this. We can ask for periodic proof that the child's condition continues. But, after two years, we can't ask for this proof more than once a year.

The child's coverage ends when yours does.

CGP-3-DEP-90-4.0

B505.0119

When Dependent Coverage Starts In order for your dependent coverage to begin, you must already be insured for employee coverage, or enroll for employee and dependent coverage at the same time. Subject to the "Exception" stated below and to all of the terms of this plan, the date your dependent coverage starts depends on when you elect to enroll all of your initial *dependents* and agree to make any required payments.

If you do this on or before your *eligibility date*, date, your dependent coverage is scheduled to start on the later of the date you sign the enrollment form and the date you become covered for employee coverage.

If you do this within 31 days of your *eligibility date*, date, your dependent coverage is scheduled to start on the date you become covered for employee coverage.

If you do this after the enrollment *period* ends, you can't enroll your initial *dependents* until the next vision open enrollment period.

Once you have coverage for your initial *dependents*, you must notify us when you acquire any new dependents, and agree to make any additional payments required for the coverage. If you do this within 31 days of the date the newly *acquired dependent* becomes eligible, the dependent's coverage will start on the date the dependent becomes eligible. If you fail to notify us on time, you can't enroll the newly *acquired dependent* until the next vision open enrollment period.

Once a dependent is enrolled for vision care expense insurance, the coverage can't be dropped until the next vision open enrollment period. And once coverage is dropped for a dependent, the dependent can't be enrolled again until the next vision open enrollment period.

CGP-3-DEP-90-6.0

B505.0714

Exception If a dependent, other than a newborn child, is confined to a hospital or other health care facility; or is unable to carry out the normal activities of someone of like age and sex on the date his dependent benefits would otherwise start, we will postpone the effective date of such benefits until the day after his discharge from such facility; or until he resumes the normal activities of someone of like age and sex.

CGP-3-DEP-90-7.0

B505.0133

Newborn Children We cover your newborn child from the moment of birth if you're already insured for dependent vision coverage, and you notify us within 31 days of the child's birth. If you fail to notify us on time, you can't enroll the child until the next vision open enrollment period.

If the newborn child is your first *eligible dependent*, we cover the child from the moment of birth if you enroll for dependent coverage and agree to make any required payments within 31 days of the child's birth. If you fail to enroll on time, you can't enroll the child until the next vision open enrollment period.

If the newborn child is not your first *eligible dependent*, but you did not previously enroll your other *eligible dependents* for vision care expense coverage, you can enroll the child during the next vision open enrollment period, if you also enroll all of your other *eligible dependents* at this time.

CGP-3-DEP-90-8.0

B505.0153

Dependent Vision Care Expense Coverage (Cont.)

When Dependent Coverage Ends Dependent coverage ends for all of your dependents when your employee coverage ends. But if you die while insured, we'll automatically continue dependent vision care benefits for those of your dependents who are insured when you die. We'll do this for six months at no cost, provided: (a) the group *plan* remains in force; (b) the dependents remain *eligible dependents*; and (c) in the case of a spouse, the spouse does not remarry.

If a surviving dependent elects to continue his dependent vision care benefits under this *plan's* "Federal Continuation Rights" provision, or under any other continuation provision of this *plan*, if any, this free continuation period will be provided as the first six months of such continuation. Premiums required to be paid by, or on behalf of a surviving dependent will be waived for the first six months of continuation, subject to restrictions (a), (b) and (c) above. After the first six months of continuation, the remainder of the continuation period, if any, will be subject to the premium requirements, and all of the terms of the "Federal Continuation Rights" or other continuation provisions.

Dependent coverage also ends for all of your dependents when you stop being a member of a class of employees eligible for such coverage. And it ends when this *plan* ends, or when dependent coverage is dropped from this *plan* for all employees or for an *employee's* class.

If you are required to pay part of the cost of dependent coverage, and you fail to do so, your dependent coverage ends. It ends on the last day of the period for which you made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons.

An individual dependent's coverage ends when he stops being an *eligible dependent*. This happens to a child on the last day of the month in which the child attains this *plan's* age limit, when he marries, or when a step-child is no longer dependent on the *employee* for support and maintenance. It happens to a spouse on the last day of the month in which a marriage ends in legal divorce or annulment.

Read this *plan* carefully if dependent coverage ends for any reason. Dependents may have the right to continue vision care benefits for a limited time.

CGP-3-DEP-90-9.0

B505.0746

VISION CARE HIGHLIGHTS

This page provides a quick guide to some of the Vision Care Expense Insurance plan features which people most often want to know about. But it's not a complete description of your Vision Care Expense Insurance plan. Read the following pages carefully for a complete explanation of what we pay, limit and exclude.

PPO Copayments	Examinations	\$20.00
	Standard Frames and/or Standard Lenses	\$20.00
	Necessary Contact Lenses	\$20.00
Non-PPO Cash Deductibles	Examinations	\$20.00
	Standard Frames and/or Standard Lenses	\$20.00
	Necessary Contact Lenses	\$20.00
Payment Rates	For Covered Charges	100%

VISION CARE EXPENSE INSURANCE

This insurance will pay many of your and your covered dependent's vision care expenses. What we pay and the terms for payment are explained below.

CGP-3-VSN-96-VIS

B505.0007

Vision Service Plan - This Plan's Vision Care Preferred Provider Organization

Vision Service Plan This *plan* is designed to provide high quality vision care while controlling the cost of such care. To do this, the *plan* encourages a *covered person* to seek vision care from doctors and vision care facilities that belong to Vision Service Plan (VSP), a vision care *preferred provider* organization (PPO).

This vision care PPO is made up of *preferred providers* in a *covered person's* geographic area. A vision care *preferred provider* is a vision care practitioner or a vision care facility that: (a) is a current provider of VSP; and (b) has a participatory agreement in force with VSP.

Use of the vision care PPO is voluntary. A *covered person* may receive vision care from any vision care provider. And, he or she is free to change providers at any time. But, this *plan* usually pays more in benefits for covered services furnished by a vision care *preferred provider*. Conversely, it usually pays less for covered services not furnished by a vision care *preferred provider*.

When an *employee* and his or her dependents enroll in this *plan*, they will get an enrollment packet which will tell them how to obtain benefits and information about current vision care *preferred providers*.

What we pay is based on all the terms of this *plan*. The *covered person* should read this material with care, and have it available when seeking vision care. Read this *plan* carefully for specific benefit levels, *copayments*, *deductibles*, payment rates and payment limits.

The *covered person* can call VSP if he or she has any questions after reading this material.

Choice Of Preferred Providers When a person becomes enrolled in this *plan*, he or she will receive a list of VSP *preferred providers* in his or her area. A *covered person* may receive vision services from any VSP *preferred provider*.

Replacement Of Preferred Provider If a *preferred provider* terminates his or her relationship with VSP for any reason, VSP shall be responsible for furnishing vision services to *covered persons* either through that provider or through another VSP *preferred provider*.

Vision Service Plan

This Plan's Vision Care Preferred Provider Organization (Cont.)

Pre-Authorization Of Preferred Provider Services When a *covered person* desires to receive treatment from a *preferred provider*, the *covered person* must contact the *preferred provider* BEFORE receiving treatment. The *preferred provider* will contact VSP to verify the *covered person's* eligibility and VSP will notify the *preferred provider* of the 60 day time period during which the *covered person* may schedule an appointment. If the *covered person* cancels an appointment and reschedules it, it must be done within those 60 days. If the appointment is not rescheduled during the previously approved time period, the *covered person* must contact the *preferred provider* again to receive authorization.

What we pay is subject to all the terms of this *plan*.

CGP-3-VSN-96-PPOA

B505.0009

Pre-Treatment Review For Necessary Contact Lenses Subject to prior approval by VSP consultants, we will pay benefits for Necessary Contact Lenses provided to a *covered person*. A *covered person's* doctor must request approval for Necessary Contact Lenses from VSP.

No benefits will be paid for Necessary Contact Lenses if prior approval is not received from VSP.

What we pay for Necessary Contact Lenses is subject to all of the terms of this *plan*.

CGP-3-VSN-96-PTR2

B505.0014

Claim Appeals And Arbitration Of Disputes If, under the provisions of this *plan*, a claim for benefits is denied in whole or in part, a request, in writing, may be submitted to VSP for a full review of the denial.

The written request must be made to the Plan Administrator within 60 days following the denial of benefits. The request should contain sufficient information to identify the *covered person* whose benefits were denied. This includes the name of the *covered person*, the *employee's* social security number and the *employee's* date of birth. The *covered person* may state the reasons he or she believes that the denial of the claim was in error and may provide any pertinent documents which he or she wishes to be reviewed. The Plan Administrator will review the claim and give the *covered person* the opportunity to review pertinent documents, submit any statements, documents or written arguments in support of the claim, and appear personally to present materials or arguments. The determination of the Plan Administrator, including specific reasons for the decision, shall be provided and communicated to the *covered person* in writing within one hundred twenty (120) days after receipt of a request to review.

Any dispute or question arising between VSP and any *covered person* involving the application, interpretation or performance under this *plan* shall be settled, if possible, by amicable and informal negotiations, allowing such opportunity as may be appropriate under the circumstances for fact finding and mediation. If any issue cannot be resolved in this fashion, it may be submitted to arbitration, if both parties agree.

The procedure for arbitration shall be conducted pursuant to the rules of the American Arbitration Association.

Vision Service Plan

This Plan's Vision Care Preferred Provider Organization (Cont.)

Preferred Provider Grievance Procedures Grievances are handled by VSP's Professional Relations Vice President for action. The grievance process is designed to address *covered persons'* concerns quickly and satisfactorily. The following grievance procedures have been established:

- (1) The patient's written complaint will be referred to VSP's Professional Relations Vice President for action.
- (2) The complaint will be evaluated and, if deemed appropriate, the original examining doctor will be contacted.
- (3) If the complaint can be resolved within fifteen (15) days, the disposition of the complaint will be forwarded to the *covered person*. Otherwise, a notice of receipt of the complaint will be forwarded to the *covered person* advising the time for resolution.
- (4) Grievance procedures and complaint forms will be maintained in each *preferred provider's* office.
- (5) All complaints will be retained in the Professional Relations Department.

Complaints and grievances may be sent to the Professional Relations Vice President at:

Vision Service Plan, Inc.
3333 Quality Drive
Rancho Cordova, California 95670
(877) 814-8970 or (800) 877-7195

CGP-3-VSN-96-APP

B505.0015

How This Plan Works

We pay benefits for the covered charges a *covered person* incurs as follows. The services and supplies covered under this *plan* are explained in the "Covered Services and Supplies" section of this *plan*. What we pay is subject to all of the terms of this *plan*. Read the entire *plan* to find out what we limit or exclude.

Services or Supplies From a Preferred Provider

If a *covered person* uses the services of a *preferred provider*, the *preferred provider* must receive approval from VSP prior to providing the *covered person* with any service or supply. See the "Pre-Authorization of Preferred Provider Services" section of this *plan* for specific requirements.

Copayments The *covered person* must pay a *copayment* when he or she receives services from a *preferred provider*. We pay benefits for the covered charges a *covered person* incurs in excess of the *copayment*. This *plan's* *copayments* are as follows:

For each vision examination from a *preferred provider* \$20.00

Services or Supplies From a Preferred Provider (Cont.)

For each pair of *standard frames* and/or
standard lenses from a *preferred provider* \$20.00

For Necessary Contact Lenses from a *preferred provider* \$20.00

Payment Limits Payment limits, durational or monetary, are shown in the "Covered Services and Supplies" section of this *plan*. When a monetary payment limit is set for a pair of materials, the limit is automatically halved if only one item is purchased.

Payment Rates Once a *covered person* has paid any applicable *copayment*, we pay benefits for covered charges under this *plan* as follows. What we pay is subject to all of the terms of this *plan*.

For covered charges 100%

Discounts If a *covered person* receives a vision examination, and lenses or frames from a *preferred provider*, he or she will receive a discount on the cost of purchasing an unlimited number of prescription glasses and non-prescription sunglasses from the any *preferred provider*. The *covered person* may also receive a discount on the costs of evaluation and fitting of contact lenses. No discount applies to contact lenses or materials. The discount is available for 12 months after the initial examination.

The discounts are:

For Prescription Glasses 20% off of the *preferred provider's*
usual and customary fee

For Non-Prescription Sunglasses 20% off of the *preferred provider's*
usual and customary fee

For Contact Lens Evaluation and 15% off of the *preferred provider's*
Fitting Costs *usual and customary* fee

If a *covered person* receives a vision examination, and lenses or frames from a *preferred provider*, he or she will receive a discount on the cost of purchasing an unlimited number of additional prescription glasses and non-prescription sunglasses from the same *preferred provider* on the same day.

The discounts are:

For Prescription Glasses 30% off of the *preferred provider's*
usual and customary fee

For Non-Prescription Sunglasses 30% off of the *preferred provider's*
usual and customary fee

Services or Supplies From a Non-Preferred Provider

If a *covered person* uses the services of a *non-preferred provider*, the *covered person* must submit the itemized bill to VSP for claims payment. All claims must be sent to VSP within 180 days of the date services are completed or supplies are received. The benefits we pay are subject to all of the terms of this *plan*.

Cash Deductible For Services Of A Non-Preferred Provider There are separate cash *deductibles* for each covered service provided by a *non-preferred provider*. These cash *deductibles* are shown below. The *covered person* must have covered charges in excess of the cash *deductible* before we pay him or her any benefits for the service or supply.

For each vision examination provided by a *non-preferred provider* . . . \$20.00

For each pair of *standard frames* and/or
standard lenses from a non-preferred provider \$20.00

For each pair of Necessary Contact Lenses from
a *non-preferred provider* \$20.00

Payment Limits Payment limits, durational or monetary, are shown in the "Covered Services and Supplies" section of this *plan*. When a monetary payment limit is set for a pair of materials, the limit is automatically halved if only one item is purchased.

Payment Rates Once a *covered person* has met any applicable *deductible*, we pay benefits for covered charges under this *plan* as follows. What we pay is subject to all of the terms of this *plan*.

For covered charges 100%

CGP-3-VSN-96-BEN2

B505.0021

Covered Charges

Covered charges are the *usual* and *customary* charges for the services and supplies described below. We pay benefits only for covered charges incurred by a *covered person* while he or she is insured by this *plan*. Charges in excess of any payment limits shown in this *plan* are not covered charges.

Covered Services and Supplies

This section lists the types of charges we cover. But what we pay is subject to all of the terms of this *plan*. Read the entire *plan* to find out what we limit or exclude.

All covered vision services must be furnished by or under the direct supervision of an optometrist, ophthalmologist or other licensed or qualified vision care provider. The services or supplies must be the *usual* and *customary* treatment for a vision condition.

Covered Services and Supplies (Cont.)

Vision Examinations We cover charges for comprehensive vision care examinations. Such examinations include a complete analysis of the eyes and related structures to determine the presence of vision problems or other abnormalities. When a vision examination indicates that new lenses or frames or both are *visually necessary and appropriate* for the proper visual health of a *covered person*, professional services covered by this *plan* include:

- prescribing and ordering of proper lenses;
- assisting in the selection of frames;
- verifying the accuracy of finished lenses;
- proper fitting and adjustment of frames;
- subsequent adjustments to frames to maintain comfort and efficiency; and
- progress or follow-up work as necessary.

We don't cover more than one vision examination in any calendar year period.

And if a *covered person* uses a *non-preferred provider*, we limit what we pay for each vision examination to \$50.00.

CGP-3-VSN-96-LIST1

B505.0935

Standard Lenses We cover charges for single vision, bifocal, trifocal or *lenticular lenses*. We cover glass, plastic or for dependent children to age 26, polycarbonate lenses.

If a *covered person* uses a *non-preferred provider*, we limit what we pay to

- \$48.00 for each pair of single vision lenses
- \$67.00 for each pair of bifocal lenses
- \$86.00 for each pair of trifocal lenses and
- \$126.00 for each pair of *lenticular lenses*.

CGP-3-VSN-09-SL

B505.0941

We cover charges for one pair of *standard lenses* in any calendar year *benefit period*.

CGP-3-VSN-09-SL

B505.0962

CGP-3-VSN-09-SL

B505.0977

Standard Frames We cover charges for standard frames.

If a covered person uses a preferred provider, we cover charges up to a retail frame allowance of \$130.00, plus 20% of any amount over the allowance.

If a covered person uses a non-preferred provider, we limit what we pay for each set of standard frames to \$48.00.

If the covered person chooses elective contact lenses, we do not cover standard frames until the beginning of the calendar year following the date the elective contacts are purchased.

Covered Services and Supplies (Cont.)

We cover charges for one set of standard frames in any calendar year period.

CGP-3-VSN-09-SF

B505.0989

Necessary Contact Lenses We cover charges for Necessary Contact Lenses upon prior approval by VSP. We cover charges, and charges for related professional services, only if the lenses are needed:

- (a) following cataract surgery;
- (b) to correct extreme visual acuity problems that cannot be corrected with spectacle lenses;
- (c) for certain conditions of *anisometropia*; or
- (d) for *keratoconus*.

We don't cover charges for more than one pair of Necessary Contact Lenses in any calendar year period.

If a *covered person* receives Necessary Contact Lenses from a *preferred provider*, we pay 100% of covered charges. If he or she receives Necessary Contact Lenses from a *non-preferred provider*, we limit what we pay to \$210.00 in any calendar year period.

CGP-3-VSN-96-LIST7

B505.0996

Elective Contact Lenses We cover charges for elective contact lenses, but only in lieu of standard lenses and standard frames. We cover charges for hard, rigid gas permeable, soft, disposable, 30-day extended wear, daily-wear and planned replacement elective lenses.

If we cover charges for elective contact lenses, we will not cover charges for standard lenses until the next calendar year and standard frames until the next calendar year.

If a covered person uses a preferred provider, we limit what we pay for elective contact lenses to \$130.00

If a covered person uses a non-preferred provider, we limit what we pay for elective contact lenses to \$120.00.

We cover charges for one set of elective contact lenses in any calendar year period.

CGP-3-VSN-09-ECL

B505.1007

Special Limitations

If This VSP Plan Replaces Another VSP Plan

If, prior to being covered under this *plan*, a *covered person* was covered by another vision care plan with VSP under which he or she received a covered service within 6 months prior to the effective date of this *plan*, the date he or she received such a covered service will be used as the last date of service when applying the *benefit period* limitations under this *plan*. We apply this provision only if the *covered person* was enrolled in another VSP plan immediately before enrolling in this *plan*.

CGP-3-VSN-96-SL1

B505.0031

Exclusions

- We won't pay for *orthoptics* or vision training and any associated supplemental testing.
- We won't pay for medical or surgical treatment of the eyes.
- We won't pay for any eye examination or corrective eyewear required by an employer as a condition of employment.

CGP-3-VSN-96-EXC1

B505.0034

- We will not pay for *plano lenses* (lenses with less than a +/- .38 diopter power).
- We will not pay for two sets of glasses in lieu of bifocals.
- We will not pay for replacement of lenses and frames furnished under this *plan* which are lost or broken, except at normal intervals when services are otherwise available.
- We will not pay for cosmetic lenses or any cosmetic process, unless specifically shown as covered in the "Covered Services and Supplies" section.
- We will not pay for a frame that costs more than the plan allowance.
- We will not pay for refitting of contact lenses after the initial 90 day fitting period.
- We will not pay for routine maintenance of contact lenses such as polishing or cleaning.
- We will not pay for Corneal Refractive Therapy (CRT) or Orthokeratology (procedure using contact lenses to change the shape of the cornea in order to reduce myopia).

CGP-3-VSN-09-EXC

B505.0998

- We will not pay for photochromic lenses and tinted lenses, except for pink #1 and pink #2.

CGP-3-VSN-09-EXC

B505.1015

- We will not pay for UV (ultraviolet) protected lenses.

CGP-3-VSN-09-EXC

B505.1016

- We will not pay for the scratch resistant coating of the lens or lenses.

CGP-3-VSN-09-EXC

B505.1017

Exclusions (Cont.)

● We will not pay for blended lenses.	
CGP-3-VSN-09-EXC	B505.1018
● We will not pay for high index lenses.	
CGP-3-VSN-09-EXC	B505.1019
● We will not pay for the mirror/ski coating of the lens or lenses.	
CGP-3-VSN-09-EXC	B505.1020
● We will not pay for oversized lenses.	
CGP-3-VSN-09-EXC	B505.1021
● We will not pay for laminating of the lens or lenses.	
CGP-3-VSN-09-EXC	B505.1022
● We will not pay for edge treatment.	
CGP-3-VSN-09-EXC	B505.1023
● We will not pay for progressive lenses.	
● We will not pay for progressive multifocal lenses.	
CGP-3-VSN-09-EXC	B505.1024
● We will not pay for the anti-reflective coating of the lens or lenses.	
CGP-3-VSN-09-EXC	B505.1025
● We will not pay for polycarbonate lenses.	
CGP-3-VSN-09-EXC	B505.1026
CGP-3-VSN-09-EXC	B505.1027
Charges not covered due to this provision are not considered covered vision services and cannot be used to satisfy this <i>plan's copayments or deductibles</i> , if any.	
CGP-3-VSN-96-EXC17	B505.0037

CERTIFICATE AMENDMENT

The certificate is amended as follows:

The Voluntary Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance eligibility provisions applicable to dependent coverage are modified to provide that:

- (a) your dependent child is a child under age 26;
- (b) marital status, residency and financial dependency requirements do not apply to your dependent child; except as stated in item (c);
- (c) your handicapped child can stay eligible for dependent coverage past age 26 if your child is unmarried and is unable to support himself or herself; and
- (d) reference to an individual dependent's coverage ending when he or she marries or is no longer dependent on you for support and maintenance, except as stated for a handicapped child past the age limit, is deleted.

All terms and conditions of your certificate not specifically changed herein remain in full force and effect.

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Stuart J Shaw
Vice President, Risk Mgt. & Chief Actuary

CGP-A-1

B531.0021

CERTIFICATE AMENDMENT

Effective on the latter of (i) the original effective date of the Policy; or (ii) the effective date of any applicable amendment requested by the Policyholder and approved by the Insurance Company, this rider amends the Dental Expense Insurance provisions of the Group Policy as follows:

The Alternate Treatment provision is changed to read as follow when titanium or high noble metal (gold) is used in a *dental prosthesis*.

If more than one type of service can be used to treat a dental condition, we have the right to base benefits on the least expensive service which is within the range of professionally accepted standards of dental practice as determined by us. For example, in the case of bilateral multiple adjacent missing teeth, or multiple missing teeth in both quadrants of an arch the benefit will be based on a removable partial denture. In the case of titanium or high noble metal (gold) used in a *dental prosthesis*, the benefit will be based on the noble metal benefit. In the case of a composite filling on a posterior tooth, the benefit will be based on the corresponding covered amalgam filling benefit.

This rider is part of the Policy. Except as stated in this rider, nothing contained in this rider changes or affects any other terms of this Policy.

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Stuart J Shaw
Vice President, Risk Mgt. & Chief Actuary

CGP-3-A-DGOPT-10

B531.0029

CERTIFICATE AMENDMENT

The certificate is amended as follows:

The Vision Insurance eligibility provisions applicable to dependent coverage are modified to provide that:

- (a) your dependent child is a child under age 26;
- (b) marital status, residency and financial dependency requirements do not apply to your dependent child; except as stated in item (c);
- (c) your handicapped child can stay eligible for dependent coverage past age 26 if your child is unmarried and is unable to support himself or herself; and
- (d) reference to an individual dependent's coverage ending when he or she marries or is no longer dependent on you for support and maintenance, except as stated for a handicapped child past the age limit, is deleted.

All terms and conditions of your certificate not specifically changed herein remain in full force and effect.

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Stuart J Shaw
Vice President, Risk Mgt. & Chief Actuary

CGP-A-1

B505.1291

COORDINATION OF BENEFITS

Important Notice This section applies to all group health benefits under this plan; except prescription drug and vision coverage, if any. It does not apply to any death, dismemberment, or loss of income benefits that may be provided under this plan.

Purpose When a covered person has health care coverage under more than one plan, this section allows this plan to coordinate what it pays with what other plans pay. This is done so that the covered person does not collect more in benefits than he or she incurs in charges.

Definitions

Allowable Expense This term means any necessary, reasonable, and customary item of health care expense that is covered, at least in part, by any of the plans which cover the person. This includes: (a) deductibles; (b) coinsurance; and (c) copayments. When a plan provides benefits in the form of services, the reasonable cash value of each service will be considered an allowable expense and a benefit paid.

An expense or service that is not covered by any of the plans is **not** an allowable expense. Examples of other expenses or services that are **not** allowable expenses are:

- (1) If a person is confined in a private hospital room, the difference between the cost of a semi-private room in the hospital and the private room is **not** an allowable expense. This does not apply if: (a) the stay in the private room is medically necessary in terms of generally accepted medical practice; or (b) one of the plans routinely provides coverage for private hospital rooms.
- (2) The amount a benefit is reduced by the primary plan because a person does not comply with the plan's provisions is **not** an allowable expense. Examples of these provisions are: (a) precertification of admissions and procedures; (b) continued stay reviews; and (c) preferred provider arrangements.
- (3) If a person is covered by two or more plans that compute their benefit payments on the basis of reasonable and customary charges, any amount in excess of the primary plan's reasonable and customary charges for a specific benefit is **not** an allowable expense.
- (4) If a person is covered by two or more plans that provide benefits or services on the basis of negotiated fees, an amount in excess of the primary plan's negotiated fees for a specific benefit is **not** an allowable expense.

If a person is covered by one plan that computes its benefits or services on the basis of reasonable and customary charges and another plan that provides its benefits or services on the basis of negotiated fees, the primary plan's payment arrangements will be the allowable expense for all plans. However, if the provider has contracted with the secondary plan to provide the benefit or service for a specific negotiated fee or payment amount that is different than the primary plan's payment arrangement and if the provider's contract permits, the negotiated fee or payment shall be the allowable expense used by the secondary plan to determine its benefit.

- Claim** This term means a request that benefits of a plan be provided or paid.
- Claim Determination Period** This term means a calendar year. It does not include any part of a year during which a person has no coverage under this plan, or before the date this section takes effect.
- Closed Panel Plan** This term means a health maintenance organization (HMO), preferred provider organization (PPO), exclusive provider organization (EPO), or other plan that provides health benefits to covered persons primarily in the form of services through a panel of providers that have contracted with or are employed by the plan; and that limits or excludes benefits for services provided by other providers, except in cases of emergency or referral by a panel member.
- Coordination Of Benefits** This term means a provision which determines an order in which plans pay their benefits, and which permits secondary plans to reduce their benefits so that the combined benefits of all plans do not exceed total allowable expenses.
- Custodial Parent** This term means a parent awarded custody by a court decree. In the absence of a court decree, it is the parent with whom the child resides more than one half of the calendar year without regard to any temporary visitation.
- Group-Type Contracts** This term means contracts: (a) which are not available to the general public; and (b) can be obtained and maintained only because of membership in or connection with a particular organization or group. This includes, but is not limited to, franchise and blanket coverage.
- Hospital Indemnity Benefits** This term means benefits that are not related to expenses incurred. This term does not include reimbursement-type benefits even if they are designed or administered to give the insured the right to elect indemnity-type benefits at the time of claim.
- Plan** This term means any of the following that provides benefits or services for health care or treatment: (1) group insurance; (2) closed panel or other forms of group or group-type coverage, whether insured or uninsured; (3) group-type contracts; (4) amounts of group or group-type hospital indemnity benefits in excess of \$200.00 per day; (5) medical components of group long-term care contracts such as skilled nursing care; (6) medical benefits under group or individual automobile contracts; and (7) governmental benefits, except Medicare, as permitted by law.

Definitions (Cont.)

This term does not include: (a) individual or family insurance; (b) closed panel or other individual coverage, except for group-type coverage; (c) amounts of group or group-type hospital indemnity benefits of \$200.00 or less per day; (d) school accident type coverage; (e) benefits for non-medical components of group long-term care policies; or (f) Medicare, Medicare supplement policies, Medicaid, and coverage under other governmental plans, unless permitted by law.

This term also does not include any plan that this plan supplements. Plans that this plan supplements are named in the benefit description.

Each type of coverage listed above is treated separately. If a plan has two parts and coordination of benefits applies only to one of the two, each of the parts is treated separately.

Primary Plan This term means a plan that pays first without regard that another plan may cover some expenses. A plan is a primary plan if either of the following is true: (1) the plan either has no order of benefit determination rules, or its rules differ from those explained in this section; or (2) all plans that cover the person use the order of benefit determination rules explained in this section, and under those rules the plan pays its benefits first.

Secondary Plan This term means a plan that is not a primary plan.

This Plan This term means the group health benefits, except prescription drug and vision coverage, if any, provided under this group plan. services.

CGP-3-R-COB-05

B555.0221

Order Of Benefit Determination

The primary plan pays or provides its benefits as if the secondary plan or plans did not exist.

A plan may consider the benefits paid or provided by another plan to determine its benefits only when it is secondary to that other plan. If a person is covered by more than one secondary plan, the rules explained below decide the order in which secondary plan benefits are determined in relation to each other.

A plan that does not contain a coordination of benefits provision is always primary.

When all plans have coordination of benefits provisions, the rules to determine the order of payment are listed below. The first of the rules that applies is the rule to use.

Non-Dependent Or Dependent The plan that covers the person other than as a dependent (for example, as an employee, member, subscriber, or retiree) is primary. The plan that covers the person as a dependent is secondary.

Order Of Benefit Determination (Cont.)

But, if the person is a Medicare beneficiary and, as a result of federal law, Medicare is secondary to the plan that covers the person as a dependent; and primary to the plan that covers the person other than as a dependent (for example, as a retiree); then the order of payment between the two plans is reversed. In that case, the plan that covers the person as an employee, member, subscriber, or retiree is secondary and the other plan is primary.

Child Covered Under More Than One Plan

The order of benefit determination when a child is covered by more than one plan is:

- (1) If the parents are married, or are not separated (whether or not they ever have been married), or a court decree awards joint custody without specifying that one party must provide health care coverage, the plan of the parent whose birthday is earlier in the year is primary. If both parents have the same birthday, the plan that covered either of the parents longer is primary. If a plan does not have this birthday rule, then that plan's coordination of benefits provision will determine which plan is primary.
- (2) If the specific terms of a court decree state that one of the parents must provide health care coverage and the plan of the parent has actual knowledge of those terms, that plan is primary. This rule applies to claim determination periods that start after the plan is given notice of the court decree.
- (3) In the absence of a court decree, if the parents are not married, or are separated (whether or not they ever have been married), or are divorced, the order of benefit determination is: (a) the plan of the custodial parent; (b) the plan of the spouse of the custodial parent; (c) the plan of the noncustodial parent; and (d) the plan of the spouse of the noncustodial parent.

Active Or Inactive Employee

The plan that covers a person as an active employee, or as that person's dependent, is primary. An active employee is one who is neither laid off nor retired. The plan that covers a person as a laid off or retired employee, or as that person's dependent, is secondary. If a plan does not have this rule and as a result the plans do not agree on the order of benefit determination, this rule is ignored.

Continuation Coverage

The plan that covers a person as an active employee, member, subscriber, or retired employee, or as that person's dependent, is primary. The plan that covers a person under a right of continuation provided by federal or state law is secondary. If a plan does not have this rule and as a result the plans do not agree on the order of benefit determination, this rule is ignored.

Length Of Coverage

The plan that covered the person longer is primary.

Other

If the above rules do not determine the primary plan, the allowable expenses will be shared equally between the plans that meet the definition of plan under this section. But, this plan will not pay more than it would have had it been the primary plan.

Effect On The Benefits Of This Plan

When This Plan Is Primary	When this plan is primary, its benefits are determined before those of any other plan and without considering any other plan's benefits.
When This Plan Is Secondary	When this plan is secondary, it may reduce its benefits so that the total benefits paid or provided by all plans during a claim determination period are not more than 100% of total allowable expenses. When the benefits of this plan are reduced, each benefit is reduced in proportion. It is then charged against the applicable benefit limit of this plan.
Closed Panel Plans	If the primary plan is a closed panel plan and the secondary plan is not a closed panel plan, the secondary plan will pay or provide benefits as if it were primary when a covered person uses a non-panel provider; except for emergency services or authorized referrals that are paid or provided by the primary plan. A person may be covered by two or more closed panel plans. If, for any reason including the provision of service by a non-panel provider, benefits are not payable by one closed panel plan, coordination of benefits will not apply between that plan and other closed panel plans.

Right To Receive And Release Needed Information

Certain facts about health care coverage and services are needed to apply these rules and to determine benefits payable under this plan and other plans. This plan may get the facts it needs from, or give them to, other organizations or persons to apply these rules and determine benefits payable under this plan and other plans which cover the person claiming benefits. This plan need not tell, or get the consent of, any person to do this. Each person claiming benefits under this plan must provide any facts it needs to apply these rules and determine benefits payable.

Facility Of Payment

A payment made under another plan may include an amount that should have been paid by this plan. If it does, this plan may pay that amount to the organization that made the payment. That amount will then be treated as though it were a benefit paid by this plan. This plan will not have to pay that amount again.

As used here, the term "payment made" includes the reasonable cash value of any benefits provided in the form of services.

Right Of Recovery

If the amount of the payments made by this plan is more than it should have paid under this section, it may recover the excess: (a) from one or more of the persons it has paid or for whom it has paid; or (b) from any other person or organization that may be responsible for benefits or services provided for the covered person.

As used here, the term "amount of the payments made" includes the reasonable cash value of any benefits provided in the form of services.

CGP-3-R-COB-05

B555.0223

GLOSSARY

This Glossary defines the italicized terms appearing in your booklet.

CGP-3-GLOSS-90

B900.0118

Anisometropia means a condition of unequal refractive state for the two eyes, one eye requiring different lens correction than the other.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF1

B750.0457

Anterior Teeth means the incisor and cuspid teeth. The teeth are located in front of the bicuspid (pre-molars).

CGP-3-GLOSS-90

B750.0664

Appliance means any dental device other than a *dental prosthesis*.

CGP-3-GLOSS-90

B750.0665

Benefit Period with respect to Vision Care Insurance, means the time period beginning when a covered service is received and extending to the date on which, according to the time limitations contained in this *plan*, the covered service is again available to a *covered person*.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF3

B750.0458

Benefit Year means a 12 month period which starts on January 1st and ends on December 31st of each year.

CGP-3-GLOSS-90

B750.0666

Blended Lenses means bifocals which do not have a visible dividing line.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF3

B750.0459

Coated Lenses means substance added to a finished lens on one or both surfaces.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF3

B750.0460

Copayment with respect to Vision Care Insurance, means a charge, expressed as a fixed dollar amount, required to be paid by or on behalf of a *covered person* to a *preferred provider* at the time covered vision services are received.

CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF3

B750.0461

Covered Dental Specialty means any group of procedures which falls under one of the following categories, whether performed by a specialist *dentist* or a general *dentist*: restorative/prosthetic services; endodontic services, periodontic services, oral surgery and pedodontics.

CGP-3-GLOSS-90

B750.0667

Covered Family means an employee and those of his or her dependents who are covered by this *plan*.

CGP-3-GLOSS-90

B750.0668

Covered Person means an employee or any of his or her covered dependents.

CGP-3-GLOSS-90

B750.0669

Covered Person	with respect to Vision Care Insurance, means an <i>employee</i> or eligible dependent who meets this <i>plan's</i> eligibility criteria and who is covered under this <i>plan</i> .	CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF3	B750.0462
Customary	with respect to Vision Care Insurance, means, when referring to a covered charge, that the charge for the covered vision condition isn't more than the <i>usual</i> charge made by most other doctors with similar training and experience in the same geographic area.	CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF3	B750.0484
Deductible	with respect to Vision Care Insurance, means any amount which a <i>covered person</i> must pay before he or she is reimbursed for covered services provided by a <i>non-preferred provider</i> .	CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF3	B750.0483
Dental Prosthesis	means a restorative service which is used to replace one or more missing or lost teeth and associated tooth structures. It includes all types of abutment crowns, inlays and onlays, bridge pontics, complete and immediate dentures, partial dentures and unilateral partials. It also includes all types of crowns, veneers, inlays, onlays, implants and posts and cores.	CGP-3-GLOSS-90	B750.0670
Dentist	means any dental or medical practitioner we are required by law to recognize who: (a) is properly licensed or certified under the laws of the state where he or she practices; and (b) provides services which are within the scope of his or her license or certificate and covered by this <i>plan</i> .	CGP-3-GLOSS-90	B750.0671
Eligibility Date	for dependent coverage is the earliest date on which: (a) you have initial dependents; and (b) are eligible for dependent coverage.	CGP-3-GLOSS-90	B900.0003
Eligible Dependent	is defined in the provision entitled "Dependent Coverage."	CGP-3-GLOSS-90	B750.0015
Emergency Treatment	means bona fide emergency services which: (a) are reasonably necessary to relieve the sudden onset of severe pain, fever, swelling, serious bleeding, severe discomfort, or to prevent the imminent loss of teeth; and (b) are covered by this <i>plan</i> .	CGP-3-GLOSS-90	B750.0672
Employee	means a person who works for the <i>employer</i> at the <i>employer's</i> place of business, and whose income is reported for tax purposes using a W-2 form.	CGP-3-GLOSS-90	B750.0006
Employer	means SIGHT & SOUND THEATRES .	CGP-3-GLOSS-90	B900.0051

Enrollment Period	with respect to dependent coverage, means the 31 day period which starts on the date that you first become eligible for dependent coverage.	CGP-3-GLOSS-90	B900.0004
Full-time	means the <i>employee</i> regularly works at least the number of hours in the normal work week set by the <i>employer</i> (but not less than 30 hours per week), at his <i>employer's</i> place of business.	CGP-3-GLOSS-90	B750.0229
Incurred, Or Incurred Date	with respect to Vision Care Insurance, means the placing of an order for lenses, frames or contact lenses, or the date on which such an order was placed.	CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF3	B750.0466
Initial Dependents	means those <i>eligible dependents</i> you have at the time you first become eligible for <i>employee</i> coverage. If at this time you do not have any <i>eligible dependents</i> , but you later acquire them, the first <i>eligible dependents</i> you acquire are your <i>initial dependents</i> .	CGP-3-GLOSS-90	B900.0006
Injury	means all damage to a <i>covered person's</i> mouth due to an accident which occurred while he or she is covered by this <i>plan</i> , and all complications arising from that damage. But the term <i>injury</i> does not include damage to teeth, <i>appliances</i> or <i>dental prostheses</i> which results solely from chewing or biting food or other substances.	CGP-3-GLOSS-90	B750.0673
Keratoconus	means a development or dystrophic deformity of the cornea in which it becomes coneshaped due to a thinning and stretching of the tissue in its central area.	CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF11	B750.0467
Lenticular Lenses	mean high-powered lenses with the desired prescription power found only in the central portion. The outer carrier portion has a front surface with a changing radius of curvature.	CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF11	B750.0485
Newly Acquired Dependent	means an <i>eligible dependent</i> you acquire after you already have coverage in force for <i>initial dependents</i> .	CGP-3-GLOSS-90	B900.0008
Non-Preferred Provider	means a <i>dentist</i> or dental care facility that is not under contract with DentalGuard Preferred as a <i>preferred provider</i> .	CGP-3-GLOSS-90	B750.0674
Non-Preferred Provider	with respect to Vision Care Insurance, means any optometrist, optician, ophthalmologist, or other licensed and qualified vision care provider who has not contracted with the <i>plan</i> to provide vision care services and/or vision care materials to <i>covered persons</i> of the <i>plan</i> .	CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF14	B750.0487

Orthodontic Treatment	means the movement of one or more teeth by the use of <i>active appliances</i> . it includes: (a) treatment plan and records, including initial, interim and final records; (b) periodic visits, limited orthodontic treatment, interceptive orthodontic treatment and comprehensive orthodontic treatment, including fabrication and insertion of any and all fixed appliances; (c) orthodontic retention, including any and all necessary fixed and removable appliances and related visits. This <i>plan</i> does not pay benefits for <i>orthodontic treatment</i> .	CGP-3-GLOSS-90	B750.0685
Orthoptics	means the teaching and training process for the improvement of visual perception and coordination of two eyes for efficient and comfortable binocular vision.	CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF16	B750.0472
Oversize lenses	mean larger than a <i>standard lens</i> blank, to accommodate prescriptions.	CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF17	B750.0489
Payment Limit	means the maximum amount this <i>plan</i> pays for covered services during either a <i>benefit year</i> or a <i>covered person's</i> lifetime, as applicable.	CGP-3-GLOSS-90	B750.0676
Payment Rate	means the percentage rate that this <i>plan</i> pays for covered services.	CGP-3-GLOSS-90	B750.0677
Photochromic Lenses	mean lenses which change color with the intensity of sunlight.	CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF17	B750.0490
Posterior Teeth	means the bicuspid (pre-molars) and molar teeth. These are the teeth located behind the cuspids.	CGP-3-GLOSS-90	B750.0679
Plan	means the Guardian group dental plan purchased by the planholder.	CGP-3-GLOSS-90	B750.0678
Plan Benefits	with respect to Vision Care Insurance, mean the vision care services and vision care materials which a <i>covered person</i> is entitled to receive by virtue of coverage under this <i>plan</i> .	CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF17	B750.0492
Plano Lenses	mean lenses which have no refractive power (lenses with less than a +/- .38 diopter power).	CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF17	B750.0491
Preferred Provider	means a <i>dentist</i> or dental care facility that is under contract with DentalGuard Preferred as a preferred provider.	CGP-3-GLOSS-90	B750.0680

Glossary (Cont.)

Preferred Provider	with respect to Vision Care Insurance, means an optometrist, ophthalmologist or optician or other licensed and qualified vision care provider who has contracted with the <i>plan</i> to provide vision care services and/or vision care materials on behalf of <i>covered persons</i> of the <i>plan</i> .	
	CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF14	B750.0488
Prior Plan	means the planholder's plan or policy of group dental insurance which was in force immediately prior to this <i>plan</i> . To be considered a prior plan, this <i>plan</i> must start immediately after the prior coverage ends.	
	CGP-3-GLOSS-90	B750.0681
Proof Of Claim	means dental radiographs, study models, periodontal charting, written narrative or any documentation that may validate the necessity of the proposed treatment.	
	CGP-3-GLOSS-90	B750.0682
Proof or Proof of Insurability	means an application for insurance showing that a person is insurable.	
	CGP-3-GLOSS-90	B900.0010
Qualified Retirees	are covered as outlined in your company's benefit provisions. Please see your Plan Administrator for details.	
	CGP-3-GLOSS-90	B750.0008
Standard Frames	mean frames valued up to the limit published by VSP which is given to <i>preferred providers</i> .	
	CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF17	B750.0478
Standard Lenses	mean regular glass or plastic lenses. See the "Special Limitations" section for what we limit or exclude.	
	CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF17	B750.0479
Tinted Lenses	mean lenses which have an additional substance added to produce constant tint.	
	CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF17	B750.0480
Usual	means, when referring to a covered charge, that the charge is the doctor's standard charge for the service furnished. If more than one type of service can be used to treat a vision condition, "usual" refers to the charge for the least expensive type of service which meets the accepted standards of vision care practice.	
	CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF17	B750.0481
Visually Necessary Or Appropriate	means medically or visually necessary for the restoration or maintenance of a <i>covered person's</i> visual acuity and health and for which there is no less expensive professionally acceptable alternatives.	
	CGP-3-VSN-96-DEF17	B750.0482
We, Us, Our And Guardian	mean The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America.	
	CGP-3-GLOSS-90	B750.0683

STATEMENT OF ERISA RIGHTS

As a participant, you are entitled to certain rights and protections under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA). ERISA provides that all plan participants shall be entitled to:

Receive Information About Your Plan and Benefits

- (a) Examine, without charge, at the plan administrator's office and at other specified locations, such as worksites and union halls, all documents governing the plan, including insurance contracts and collective bargaining agreements, and a copy of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) filed by the plan with the U. S. Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.
- (b) Obtain, upon written request to the plan administrator, copies of documents governing the operation of the plan, including insurance contracts, collective bargaining agreements and copies of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) and updated summary plan description. The administrator may make a reasonable charge for the copies.
- (c) Receive a summary of the plan's annual financial report. The plan administrator is required by law to furnish each participant with a copy of this summary annual report.

Continue Group Health Plan Coverage

Continue health care coverage for yourself, spouse or dependents if there is a loss of coverage under the plan as a result of a qualifying event. You or your dependents may have to pay for such coverage. You should review this summary plan description and the documents governing the plan on the rules governing your COBRA continuation coverage rights.

Prudent Actions By Plan Fiduciaries

In addition to creating rights for plan participants, ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for the operation of the employee benefit plan. The people who operate the plan, called "fiduciaries" of the plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in the interest of plan participants and beneficiaries. No one, including your employer, your union, or any other person may fire you or otherwise discriminate against you in any way to prevent you from obtaining a welfare benefit or exercising your rights under ERISA.

Enforcement Of Your Rights

If your claim for a welfare benefit is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you have a right to know why this was done, to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision without charge, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules.

Statement of Erisa Rights (Cont.)

Under ERISA, there are steps you can take to enforce the above rights. For instance, if you request a copy of plan documents or the latest annual report from the plan and do not receive them within 30 days, you may file suit in a state or Federal court. In such a case, the court may require the plan administrator to provide the materials and pay you up to \$110.00 a day until you receive the material, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the administrator. If you have a claim for benefits which is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you may file suit in a federal court. If it should happen that plan fiduciaries misuse the plan's money or if you are discriminated against for asserting your rights, you may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or you may file suit in a Federal court. The court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If you are successful, the court may order the person you sued to pay these costs and fees. If you lose, the court may order you to pay these costs and fees, for example, if it finds that your claim is frivolous.

Assistance with Questions

If you have questions about the plan, you should contact the plan administrator. If you have questions about this statement or about your rights under ERISA, or if you need assistance in obtaining documents from the plan administrator, you should contact the nearest office of the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor listed in your telephone directory or the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue N.W., Washington D.C. 20210. You may also obtain certain publications about your rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the publications hotline of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.

Qualified Medical Child Support Order

Federal law requires that group health plans provide medical care coverage of a dependent child pursuant to a qualified medical child support order (QMCSO). A "qualified medical child support order" is a judgment or decree issued by a state court that requires a group medical plan to provide coverage to the named dependent child(ren) of an employee pursuant to a state domestic relations order. For the order to be qualified it must include:

- The name of the group health plan to which it applies.
- The name and last known address of the employee and the child(ren).
- A reasonable description of the type of coverage or benefits to be provided by the plan to the child(ren).
- The time period to which the order applies.

A dependent enrolled due to a QMCSO will not be considered a late enrollee in the plan.

Note: A QMCSO cannot require a group health plan to provide any type or form of benefit or option not otherwise available under the plan except to the extent necessary to meet medical child support laws described in Section 90 of the Social Security Act.

If you have questions about this statement, see the plan administrator.

The Guardian's Responsibilities

CGP-3

B800.0048

The dental expense benefits provided by this plan are guaranteed by a policy of insurance issued by The Guardian. The Guardian also supplies administrative services, such as claims services, including the payment of claims, preparation of employee certificates of insurance, and changes to such certificates.

CGP-3

B800.0053

The vision care expense benefits provided by this plan are guaranteed by a policy of insurance issued by The Guardian. The Guardian also supplies administrative services, such as claims services, including the payment of claims, preparation of employee certificates of insurance, and changes to such certificates.

CGP-3

B800.0055

The Guardian is located at 7 Hanover Square, New York, New York 10004.

CGP-3

B800.0049

Disability And Group Health Benefits Claims Procedure

If you seek benefits under the plan you should complete, execute and submit a claim form. Claim forms and instructions for filing claims may be obtained from the Plan Administrator.

Guardian is the Claims Fiduciary with discretionary authority to determine eligibility for benefits and to construe the terms of the *plan* with respect to claims. Guardian has the right to secure independent professional healthcare advice and to require such other evidence as needed to decide your claim.

In addition to the basic claim procedure explained in your certificate, Guardian will also observe the procedures listed below. These procedures are the minimum requirements for benefit claims procedures of employee benefit plans covered by Title 1 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 ("ERISA")

Definitions "Adverse determination" means any denial, reduction or termination of a benefit or failure to provide or make payment (in whole or in part) for a benefit. A failure to cover an item or service: (a) due to the application of any utilization review; or (b) because the item or service is determined to be experimental or investigational, or not medically necessary or appropriate, is also considered an adverse determination.

"Group Health Benefits" means any dental, out-of-network point-of-service medical, major medical, vision care or prescription drug coverages which are a part of this plan.

"Pre-service claim" means a claim for a medical care benefit with respect to which the plan conditions receipt of the benefit, in whole or in part, on approval of the benefit in advance of receipt of care.

"Post-service claim" means a claim for payment for medical care that already has been provided.

"Urgent care claim" means a claim for medical care or treatment where making a non- urgent care decision: (a) could seriously jeopardize the life or health of the claimant or the ability of the claimant to regain maximum function, as determined by an individual acting on behalf of the plan applying the judgment of a prudent layperson who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine; or (b) in the opinion of a physician with knowledge of the claimant's medical condition, would subject the claimant to severe pain that cannot be adequately managed without the care.

Note: Any claim that a physician with knowledge of the claimant's medical condition determines is a claim involving urgent care will be treated as an urgent care claim for purposes of this section.

Timing For Initial Benefit Determination The benefit determination period begins when a claim is received. Guardian will make a benefit determination and notify a claimant within a reasonable period of time, but not later than the maximum time period shown below. A written or electronic notification of any adverse benefit determination must be provided.

Disability Benefits

Disability And Group Health Benefits Claims Procedure (Cont.)

Guardian will provide a benefit determination not later than 45 days after the date of receipt of a claim. This period may be extended by up to 30 days if Guardian determines that an extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the plan, and so notifies the claimant before the end of the initial 45-day period. Such notification will include the reason for the extension and a date by which the determination will be made. If prior to the end of the 30-day period Guardian determines that an additional extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the plan, and so notifies the claimant, the time period for making a benefit determination may be extended for an additional period of up to 30 days. Such notification will include the special circumstances requiring the extension and a date by which the final determination will be made.

A notification of an extension to the time period in which a benefit determination will be made will include an explanation of the standards upon which entitlement to a benefit is based, any unresolved issues that prevent a decision of the claim, and the additional information needed to resolve those issues.

If a claimant fails to provide all information needed to make a benefit determination, Guardian will notify the claimant of the specific information that is needed as soon as possible but no later than 45 days after receipt of the claim.

If Guardian extends the time period for making a benefit determination due to a claimant's failure to submit information necessary to decide the claim, the claimant will be given at least 45 days to provide the requested information. The extension period will begin on the date on which the claimant responds to the request for additional information.

Group Health Benefits

Urgent Care Claims. Guardian will make a benefit determination within 72 hours after receipt of an urgent care claim.

If a claimant fails to provide all information needed to make a benefit determination, Guardian will notify the claimant of the specific information that is needed as soon as possible but no later than 24 hours after receipt of the claim. The claimant will be given not less than 48 hours to provide the specified information.

Guardian will notify the claimant of the benefit determination as soon as possible but not later than the earlier of:

- the date the requested information is received; or
- the end of the period given to the claimant to provide the specified additional information.

The required notice may be provided to the claimant orally within the required time frame provided that a written or electronic notification is furnished to the claimant not later than 3 days after the oral notification.

Disability And Group Health Benefits Claims Procedure (Cont.)

Pre-Service Claims. Guardian will provide a benefit determination not later than 15 days after receipt of a pre-service claim. If a claimant fails to provide all information needed to make a benefit determination, Guardian will notify the claimant of the specific information that is needed as soon as possible but no later than 5 days after receipt of the claim. A notification of a failure to follow proper procedures for pre-service claims may be oral, unless a written notification is requested by the claimant.

The time period for providing a benefit determination may be extended by up to 15 days if Guardian determines that an extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the plan, and so notifies the claimant before the end of the initial 15-day period.

If Guardian extends the time period for making a benefit determination due to a claimant's failure to submit information necessary to decide the claim, the claimant will be given at least 45 days to provide the requested information. The extension period will begin on the date on which the claimant responds to the request for additional information.

Post-Service Claims. Guardian will provide a benefit determination not later than 30 days after receipt of a post-service claim. If a claimant fails to provide all information needed to make a benefit determination, Guardian will notify the claimant of the specific information that is needed as soon as possible but no later than 30 days after receipt of the claim.

The time period for completing a benefit determination may be extended by up to 15 days if Guardian determines that an extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the plan, and so notifies the claimant before the end of the initial 30-day period.

If Guardian extends the time period for making a benefit determination due to a claimant's failure to submit information necessary to decide the claim, the claimant will be given at least 45 days to provide the requested information. The extension period will begin on the date on which the claimant responds to the request for additional information.

Concurrent Care Decisions. A reduction or termination of an approved ongoing course of treatment (other than by plan amendment or termination) will be regarded as an adverse benefit determination. This is true whether the treatment is to be provided (a) over a period of time; (b) for a certain number of treatments; or (c) without a finite end date. Guardian will notify a claimant at a time sufficiently in advance of the reduction or termination to allow the claimant to appeal.

In the case of a request by a claimant to extend an ongoing course of treatment involving urgent care, Guardian will make a benefit determination as soon as possible but no later than 24 hours after receipt of the claim.

CGP-3-ERISA

B800.0077

Adverse Benefit Determination

If a claim is denied, Guardian will provide a notice that will set forth:

- the specific reason(s) for the adverse determination;
- reference to the specific plan provision(s) on which the determination is based;
- a description of any additional material or information necessary to make the claim valid and an explanation of why such material or information is needed;
- a description of the plan's claim review procedures and the time limits applicable to such procedures, including a statement indicating that the claimant has the right to bring a civil action under ERISA Section 502(a) following an adverse benefit determination;
- identification and description of any specific internal rule, guideline or protocol that was relied upon in making an adverse benefit determination, or a statement that a copy of such information will be provided to the claimant free of charge upon request;
- in the case of an adverse benefit determination based on medical necessity or experimental treatment, notice will either include an explanation of the scientific or clinical basis for the determination, or a statement that such explanation will be provided free of charge upon request; and
- in the case of an urgent care adverse determination, a description of the expedited review process.

Appeal of Adverse Benefit Determinations

If a claim is wholly or partially denied, the claimant will have up to 180 days to make an appeal.

A request for an appeal of an adverse benefit determination involving an urgent care claim may be submitted orally or in writing. Necessary information and communication regarding an urgent care claim may be sent to Guardian by telephone, facsimile or similar expeditious manner.

Guardian will conduct a full and fair review of an appeal which includes providing to claimants the following:

- the opportunity to submit written comments, documents, records and other information relating to the claim;
- the opportunity, upon request and free of charge, for reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records and other information relating to the claim; and
- a review that takes into account all comments, documents, records and other information submitted by the claimant relating to the claim, without regard to whether such information was submitted or considered in the initial benefit determination.

In reviewing an appeal, Guardian will

- provide for a review conducted by a named fiduciary who is neither the person who made the initial adverse determination nor that person's subordinate;

Disability And Group Health Benefits Claims Procedure (Cont.)

- in deciding an appeal based upon a medical judgment, consult with a health care professional who has appropriate training and experience in the field of medicine involved in the medical judgment;
- identify medical or vocational experts whose advice was obtained in connection with an adverse benefit determination; and
- ensure that a health care professional engaged for consultation regarding an appeal based upon a medical judgment shall be neither the person who was consulted in connection with the adverse benefit determination, nor that person's subordinate.

Guardian will notify the claimant of its decision regarding review of an appeal as follows:

Disability Benefits

Guardian will notify the claimant of its decision not later than 45 days after receipt of the request for review of the adverse determination. This period may be extended by an additional period of up to 45 days if Guardian determines that special circumstances require an extension of the time period for processing and so notifies the claimant before the end of the initial 45-day period.

A notification with respect to an extension will indicate the special circumstances requiring an extension of the time period for review, and the date by which the final determination will be made.

Group Health Benefits

Urgent Care Claims. Guardian will notify the claimant of its decision as soon as possible but not later than 72 hours after receipt of the request for review of the adverse determination.

Pre-Service Claims. Guardian will notify the claimant of its decision not later than 30 days after receipt of the request for review of the adverse determination.

Post-Service Claims. Guardian will notify the claimant of its decision not later than 60 days after receipt of the request for review of the adverse determination.

Alternative Dispute Options The claimant and the plan may have other voluntary alternative dispute resolution options, such as mediation. One way to find out what may be available is to contact the local U.S Department of Labor Office and the State insurance regulatory agency.

CGP-3-ERISA

B800.0078

Termination of This Group Plan

Your *employer* may terminate this group *plan* at any time by giving us 31 days advance written notice. This *plan* will also end if your *employer* fails to pay a premium due by the end of this grace period.

We may have the option to terminate this *plan* if the number of people insured falls below a certain level.

When this *plan* ends, you may be eligible to continue your insurance coverage. Your rights upon termination of the *plan* are explained in this booklet.

CGP-3

B800.0086

Life And Accidental Death And Dismemberment Insurance Claims Procedure

Claim forms and instructions for filing claims may be obtained from the Plan Administrator.

Guardian is the Claims Fiduciary with discretionary authority to determine eligibility for benefits and to construe the terms of the *plan* with respect to claims.

In addition to the basic claim procedure explained in your certificate, Guardian will also observe the procedures listed below. These procedures are the minimum requirements for benefit claims procedures of employee benefit plans covered by Title 1 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 ("ERISA"):

- (a) If a claim is wholly or partially denied, the claimant will be notified of the decision within 90 days after Guardian received the claim.
- (b) If special circumstances require an extension of time for processing the claim, written notice of the extension shall be furnished to the claimant prior to the termination of the initial 90-day period. In no event shall such extension exceed a period of 90 days from the end of such initial period. The extension notice shall indicate the special circumstances requiring an extension of time and the date by which The Guardian expects to render the final decision.
- (c) If a claim is denied, Guardian will provide a notice that will set forth:
 - (1) the specific reason(s) the claim was denied;
 - (2) specific references to the pertinent *plan* provision on which the denial is based;
 - (3) a description of any additional material or information needed to make the claim valid, and an explanation of why the material or information is needed;
 - (4) an explanation of the *plan's* claim review procedure.

A claimant must file a request for review of a denied claim within 60 days after receipt of written notification of denial of a claim.

- (d) Guardian will notify the claimant of its decision within 60 days of receipt of the request for review. If special circumstances require an extension of time for processing, The Guardian will render a decision as soon as possible, but no later than 120 days after receiving the request. The Guardian will notify the claimant about the extension.

The claims procedures applicable to disability benefits under this plan apply to your application for an extension of life insurance benefits due to total disability under an Extended Life Benefit under this plan.

Termination of This Group Plan

Your *employer* may terminate this group *plan* at any time by giving us 31 days advance written notice. This *plan* will also end if your *employer* fails to pay a premium due by the end of this grace period.

We may have the option to terminate this *plan* if the number of people insured falls below a certain level.

When this *plan* ends, you may be eligible to continue or convert your insurance coverage. Your rights upon termination of the *plan* are explained in this booklet.

CGP-3

B800.0007

NOTICE OF PRIVACY PRACTICES

**THIS NOTICE DESCRIBES HOW MEDICAL INFORMATION ABOUT YOU MAY BE USED AND DISCLOSED AND HOW YOU CAN GET ACCESS TO THIS INFORMATION.
PLEASE REVIEW IT CAREFULLY.**

Effective: 9/23/2013

This Notice of Privacy Practices describes how Guardian and its subsidiaries may use and disclose your Protected Health Information (PHI) in order to carry out treatment, payment and health care operations and for other purposes permitted or required by law.

Guardian is required by law to maintain the privacy of PHI and to provide you with notice of our legal duties and privacy practices concerning PHI. We are required to abide by the terms of this Notice so long as it remains in effect. We reserve the right to change the terms of this Notice of Privacy Practices as necessary and to make the new Notice effective for all PHI maintained by us. If we make material changes to our privacy practices, copies of revised notices will be made available on request and circulated as required by law. Copies of our current Notice may be obtained by contacting Guardian (using the information supplied below), or on our Web site at: www.GuardianLife.com/PrivacyPolicy

What is Protected Health Information (PHI):

PHI is individually identifiable information (including demographic information) relating to your health, to the health care provided to you or to payment for health care. PHI refers particularly to information acquired or maintained by us as a result of your having health coverage (including medical, dental, vision and LTC coverage).

In What Ways may Guardian Use and Disclose your Protected Health Information (PHI):

Guardian has the right to use or disclose your PHI without your written authorization to assist in your treatment, to facilitate payment and for health care operations purposes. There are certain circumstances where we are required by law to use or disclose your PHI. And there are other purposes, listed below, where we are permitted to use or disclose your PHI without further authorization from you. Please note that examples are provided for illustrative purposes only and are not intended to indicate every use or disclosure that may be made for a particular purpose.

Guardian has the right to use or disclose your PHI for the following purposes:

Treatment. Guardian may use and disclose your PHI to assist your health care providers in your diagnosis and treatment. For example, we may disclose your PHI to providers to supply information about alternative treatments.

Payment. Guardian may use and disclose your PHI in order to pay for the services and resources you may receive. For example, we may disclose your PHI for payment purposes to a health care provider or a health plan. Such purposes may include: ascertaining your range of benefits; certifying that you received treatment; requesting details regarding your treatment to determine if your benefits will cover, or pay for, your treatment.

Health Care Operations. Guardian may use and disclose your PHI to perform health care operations. For example, we may use your PHI for underwriting and premium rating purposes.

Appointment Reminders. Guardian may use and disclose your PHI to contact you and remind you of appointments.

Health Related Benefits and Services. Guardian may use and disclose PHI to inform you of health related benefits or services that may be of interest to you.

Plan Sponsors. Guardian may use or disclose PHI to the plan sponsor of your group health plan to permit the plan sponsor to perform plan administration functions. For example, a plan may contact us regarding benefits, service or coverage issues. We may also disclose summary health information

about the enrollees in your group health plan to the plan sponsor so that the sponsor can obtain premium bids for health insurance coverage, or to decide whether to modify, amend or terminate your group health plan.

B998.0046

Guardian is required to use or disclose your PHI:

- To you or your personal representative (someone with the legal right to act for you);
- To the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services, when conducting a compliance investigation, review or enforcement action; and
- Where otherwise required by law.

Guardian is Required to Notify You of any Breaches of Your PHI.

Although Guardian takes reasonable, industry-standard measures to protect your PHI, should a breach occur, Guardian is required by law to notify affected individuals. A breach means the acquisition, access, use, or disclosure of PHI in a manner not permitted by law that compromises the security or privacy of the PHI.

Other Uses and Disclosures .

Guardian may also use and disclose your PHI for the following purposes without your authorization:

- We may disclose your PHI to persons involved in your care, such as a family member or close personal friend, when you are incapacitated, during an emergency or when permitted by law.
- We may disclose your PHI for public health activities, such as reporting of disease, injury, birth and death, and for public health investigations.
- We may disclose your PHI to the proper authorities if we suspect child abuse or neglect; we may also disclose your PHI if we believe you to be a victim of abuse, neglect, or domestic violence.
- We may disclose your PHI to a government oversight agency authorized by law to conducting audits, investigations, or civil or criminal proceedings.
- We may disclose your PHI in the course of a judicial or administrative proceeding(e.g., to respond to a subpoena or discovery request).
- We may disclose your PHI to the proper authorities for law enforcement purposes.
- We may disclose your PHI to coroners, medical examiners, and/or funeral directors consistent with law.
- We may use or disclose your PHI for organ or tissue donation.
- We may use or disclose your PHI for research purposes, but only as permitted by law.
- We may use or disclose PHI to avert a serious threat to health or safety.
- We may use or disclose your PHI if you are a member of the military as required by armed forces services, and we may also disclose your PHI for other specialized government functions such as national security or intelligence activities.
- We may disclose your PHI to comply with workers' compensation and other similar programs.
- We may disclose your PHI to third party business associates that perform services for us, or on our behalf (e.g. vendors).
- Guardian may use and disclose your PHI to federal officials for intelligence and national security activities authorized by law. We also may disclose your PHI to authorized federal officials in order to protect the President, other officials or foreign heads of state, or to conduct investigations authorized by law.
- We may disclose your PHI to correctional institutions or law enforcement officials if you are an

inmate or under the custody of a law enforcement official (e.g., for the institution to provide you with health care services, for the safety and security of the institution, and/or to protect your health and safety or the health and safety of other individuals).

- We may disclose your PHI to your employer under limited circumstances related primarily to workplace injury or illness or medical surveillance.

B998.0047

Your Rights with Regard to Your Protected Health Information (PHI): Your Authorization for Other Uses and Disclosures. Other than for the purposes described above, or as otherwise permitted by law, Guardian must obtain your written authorization to use or disclosure your PHI. You have the right to revoke that authorization in writing except to the extent that: (i) we have taken action in reliance upon the authorization prior to your written revocation, (ii) you were required to give us your authorization as a condition of obtaining coverage, or (iii) and we have the right, under other law, to contest a claim under the coverage or the coverage itself.

Under federal and state law, certain kinds of PHI will require enhanced privacy protections. These forms of PHI include information pertaining to:

- HIV/AIDS testing, diagnosis or treatment
- Venereal and /or communicable Disease(s)
- Genetic Testing
- Alcohol and drug abuse prevention, treatment and referral
- Psychotherapy notes

We will only disclose these types of delineated information when permitted or required by law or upon your prior written authorization.

Your Right to an Accounting of Disclosures. An 'accounting of disclosures' is a list of the disclosures we have made, if any, of your PHI. You have the right to receive an accounting of certain disclosures of your PHI that were made by us. This right applies to disclosures for purposes other than those made to carry out treatment, payment and health care operations as described in this notice. It excludes disclosures made to you, or those made for notification purposes.

We ask that you submit your request in writing. Your request must state a requested time period not more than six years prior to the date when you make your request. Your request should indicate in what form you want the list (e.g., paper, electronically).

Your Right to Obtain a Paper Copy of This Notice. You have a right to request a paper copy of this notice even if you have previously agreed to accept this notice electronically.

Your Right to File a Complaint. If you believe your privacy rights have been violated, you may file a complaint with the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services. If you wish to file a complaint with Guardian, you may do so using the contact information below. You will not be penalized for filing a complaint.

Any exercise of the Rights designated below must be submitted to the Guardian in writing. Guardian may charge for reasonable costs associated with complying with your requests; in such a case, we will notify you of the cost involved and provide you the opportunity to modify your request before any costs are incurred.

Your Right to Request Restrictions. You have the right to request a restriction on the PHI we use or disclose about you for treatment, payment or health care operations as described in this notice. You also have the right to request a restriction on the medical information we disclose about you to someone who is involved in your care or the payment for your care.

Guardian is not required to agree to your request; however, if we do agree, we will comply with your request until we receive notice from you that you no longer want the restriction to apply (except as required by law or in emergency situations). Your request must describe in a clear and concise manner: (a) the information you wish restricted; (b) whether you are requesting to limit Guardian's use, disclosure or both; and (c) to whom you want the limits to apply.

Your Right to Request Confidential Communications. You have the right to request that Guardian communicate with you about your PHI in a particular manner or at a certain location. For example, you may ask that we contact you at work rather than at home. We are required to accommodate all reasonable requests made in writing, when such requests clearly state that your life could be endangered by the disclosure of all or part of your PHI.

B998.0048

Your Right to Amend Your PHI. If you feel that any PHI about you, which is maintained by Guardian, is inaccurate or incomplete, you have the right to request that such PHI be amended or corrected. Within your written request, you must provide a reason in support of your request. Guardian reserves the right to deny your request if: (i) the PHI was not created by Guardian, unless the person or entity that created the information is no longer available to amend it (ii) if we do not maintain the PHI at issue (iii) if you would not be permitted to inspect and copy the PHI at issue or (iv) if the PHI we maintain about you is accurate and complete. If we deny your request, you may submit a written statement of your disagreement to us, and we will record it with your health information.

Your Right to Access to Your PHI. You have the right to inspect and obtain a copy of your PHI that we maintain in designated record sets. Under certain circumstances, we may deny your request to inspect and copy your PHI. In an instance where you are denied access and have a right to have that determination reviewed, a licensed health care professional chosen by Guardian will review your request and the denial. The person conducting the review will not be the person who denied your request. Guardian promises to comply with the outcome of the review.

How to Contact Us:

If you have any questions about this Notice or need further information about matters covered in this Notice, please call the toll-free number on the back of your Guardian ID card. If you are a broker please call 800-627-4200. All others please contact us at 800-541-7846. You can also write to us with your questions, or to exercise any of your rights, at the address below:

Attention:

Guardian Corporate Privacy Officer
National Operations

Address:

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America
Group Quality Assurance - Northeast
P.O. Box 2457
Spokane, WA 99210-2457

B998.0049

YOUR BENEFITS INFORMATION - ANYTIME, ANYWHERE

www.GuardianAnytime.com

Insured employees and their dependents can access helpful, secure information about their Guardian benefits(s) online at:

GuardianAnytime.com - 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

Anytime, anywhere you have an internet connection you will be able to:

- Review your benefits
- Look up coverage amounts
- Check the status of a claim
- Print forms and plan materials
- And so much more!

To register, go to www.GuardianAnytime.com



GUARDIANSM

**The Guardian Life Insurance
Company of America**

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New York, New York 10004-2616